



(19) **United States**

(12) **Patent Application Publication**
PARK et al.

(10) **Pub. No.: US 2018/0261780 A1**
(43) **Pub. Date: Sep. 13, 2018**

(54) **ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUND,
COMPOSITION CONTAINING THE
ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUND, AND
ORGANIC LIGHT-EMITTING DEVICE
INCLUDING THE ORGANOMETALLIC
COMPOUND**

Publication Classification

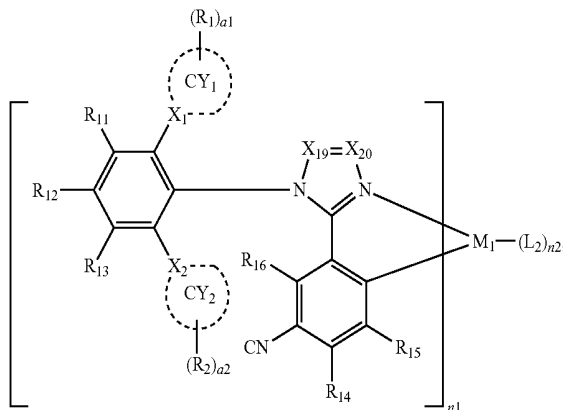
(51) **Int. Cl.**
H01L 51/00 (2006.01)
C07F 15/00 (2006.01)
C09K 11/06 (2006.01)
(52) **U.S. Cl.**
CPC *H01L 51/0085* (2013.01); *C07F 15/0033*
(2013.01); *H01L 51/5012* (2013.01); *H01L*
51/0067 (2013.01); *H01L 51/0072* (2013.01);
C09K 11/06 (2013.01)

(71) Applicants: **Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd.**,
Suwon-si (KR); **Samsung SDI Co.,
Ltd.**, Yongin-si (KR)

(72) Inventors: **Sangho PARK**, Anyang-si (KR);
Wataru SOTOYAMA, Yokohama-city
(JP); **Wook KIM**, Suwon-si (KR);
Eunsuk KWON, Suwon-si (KR);
Sangmo KIM, Hwaseong-si (KR);
Jaejun CHANG, Seoul (KR); **Dmitry
KRAVCHUK**, Hwaseong-si (KR);
Hyejin BAE, Suwon-si (KR);
Yeonsook CHUNG, Seoul (KR);
Youngmok SON, Hwaseong-si (KR);
Namheon LEE, Suwon-si (KR); **Jun
CHWAE**, Seoul (KR); **Sunghan KIM**,
Seongnam-si (KR)

(57) **ABSTRACT**
An organometallic compound represented by Formula 1:

Formula 1



(21) Appl. No.: **15/915,131**

(22) Filed: **Mar. 8, 2018**

(30) **Foreign Application Priority Data**

Mar. 8, 2017 (KR) 10-2017-0029608
Mar. 6, 2018 (KR) 10-2018-0026443

wherein, in Formula 1, groups and variables are the same as described in the specification.

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15
11

FIGURE

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**ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUND,
COMPOSITION CONTAINING THE
ORGANOMETALLIC COMPOUND, AND
ORGANIC LIGHT-EMITTING DEVICE
INCLUDING THE ORGANOMETALLIC
COMPOUND**

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED
APPLICATION

[0001] This application claims priority to Korean Patent Application Nos. 10-2017-0029608, filed on Mar. 8, 2017, and 10-2018-0026443, filed on Mar. 6, 2018, in the Korean Intellectual Property Office, and all the benefits accruing therefrom under 35 U.S.C. § 119, the content of which is incorporated herein in its entirety by reference.

BACKGROUND

1. Field

[0002] One or more embodiments relate to an organometallic compound, a composition containing the organometallic compound, and an organic light-emitting device including the organometallic compound.

2. Description of the Related Art

[0003] Organic light-emitting devices (OLEDs) are self-emission devices that produce full-color images, and also have wide viewing angles, high contrast ratios, short response times, and excellent characteristics in terms of brightness, driving voltage, and response speed, compared to devices in the art.

[0004] A typical organic light-emitting device includes an anode, a cathode, and an organic layer disposed between the anode and the cathode, wherein the organic layer includes an emission layer. A hole transport region may be disposed between the anode and the emission layer, and an electron transport region may be disposed between the emission layer and the cathode. Holes provided from the anode may move toward the emission layer through the hole transport region, and electrons provided from the cathode may move toward the emission layer through the electron transport region. The holes and the electrons recombine in the emission layer to produce excitons. These excitons transition from an excited state to a ground state, thereby generating light.

[0005] Various types of organic light emitting devices are known. However, there still remains a need in OLEDs having low driving voltage, high efficiency, high brightness, and long lifespan.

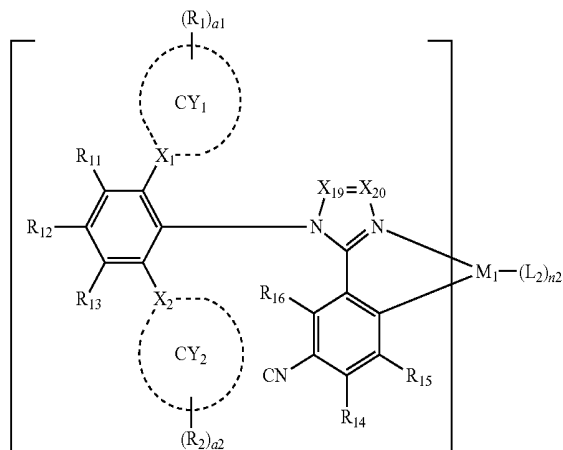
SUMMARY

[0006] One or more embodiments include a novel organometallic compound, a composition containing the organometallic compound, and an organic light-emitting device including the organometallic compound.

[0007] Additional aspects will be set forth in part in the description which follows and, in part, will be apparent from the description, or may be learned by practice of the presented embodiments.

[0008] According to one or more embodiments, an organometallic compound is represented by Formula 1:

Formula 1



[0009] In Formula 1,

[0010] M_1 may be selected from a first-row transition metal of the Periodic Table of Elements, a second-row transition metal of the Periodic Table of Elements, and a third-row transition metal of the Periodic Table of Elements,

[0011] n_1 may be 1, 2, or 3,

[0012] L_2 may be a monodentate ligand or a bidentate ligand,

[0013] n_2 may be 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4, wherein, when n_2 is two or more, two or more groups

[0014] L_2 may be identical to or different from each other,

[0015] X_1 and X_2 may each independently be carbon or nitrogen,

[0016] CY_1 and CY_2 may each independently be a C_5 - C_{30} carbocyclic group or a C_2 - C_{30} heterocyclic group,

[0017] X_{19} may be N or C(R_{19}), and X_{20} may be N or C(R_{20}), provided that at least one of X_{19} and X_{20} is N,

[0018] R_1 , R_2 , R_{11} to R_{16} , R_{19} , and R_{20} may each independently be selected from hydrogen, deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, —SF₅, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{60} alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{60} alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} alkoxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{60} aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{60} aryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{60} arylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_7 - C_{60} arylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} heteroarylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{60} heteroarylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-

aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, $-\text{N}(\text{Q}_1)(\text{Q}_2)$, $-\text{Si}(\text{Q}_3)(\text{Q}_4)(\text{Q}_5)$, $-\text{B}(\text{Q}_6)(\text{Q}_7)$, and $-\text{P}(=\text{O})(\text{Q}_8)(\text{Q}_9)$,

[0019] two or more neighboring groups selected from R_1 , R_2 , R_{11} to R_{13} , CY_1 , and CY_2 may optionally be linked to form a substituted or unsubstituted C_5 - C_{30} carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{30} heterocyclic group,

[0020] a1 and a2 may each independently be an integer from 0 to 5,

[0021] at least one substituent of the substituted C_5 - C_{30} carbocyclic group, the substituted C_2 - C_{30} heterocyclic group, the substituted C_1 - C_{60} alkyl group, the substituted C_2 - C_{60} alkenyl group, the substituted C_2 - C_{60} alkynyl group, the substituted C_1 - C_{60} alkoxy group, the substituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl group, the substituted C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkyl group, the substituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkenyl group, the substituted C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkenyl group, the substituted C_6 - C_{60} aryl group, the substituted C_6 - C_{60} aryloxy group, the substituted C_6 - C_{60} arylthio group, the substituted C_7 - C_{60} arylalkyl group, the substituted C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryl group, the substituted C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryloxy group, the substituted C_1 - C_{60} heteroarylthio group, the substituted C_2 - C_{60} heteroarylalkyl group, the substituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and the substituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group may be selected from:

[0022] deuterium, $-\text{F}$, $-\text{Cl}$, $-\text{Br}$, $-\text{I}$, $-\text{CD}_3$, $-\text{CD}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CDH}_2$, $-\text{CF}_3$, $-\text{CF}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CFH}_2$, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C_1 - C_{60} alkyl group, a C_2 - C_{60} alkenyl group, a C_2 - C_{60} alkynyl group, and a C_1 - C_{60} alkoxy group;

[0023] a C_1 - C_{60} alkyl group, a C_2 - C_{60} alkenyl group, a C_2 - C_{60} alkynyl group, and a C_1 - C_{60} alkoxy group, each substituted with at least one selected from deuterium, $-\text{F}$, $-\text{Cl}$, $-\text{Br}$, $-\text{I}$, $-\text{CD}_3$, $-\text{CD}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CDH}_2$, $-\text{CF}_3$, $-\text{CF}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CFH}_2$, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkyl group, a C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkenyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkenyl group, a C_6 - C_{60} aryl group, a C_6 - C_{60} aryloxy group, a C_6 - C_{60} arylthio group, a C_7 - C_{60} arylalkyl group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryl group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryloxy group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroarylthio group, a C_2 - C_{60} heteroarylalkyl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, $-\text{N}(\text{Q}_{11})(\text{Q}_{12})$, $-\text{Si}(\text{Q}_{13})(\text{Q}_{14})(\text{Q}_{15})$, $-\text{B}(\text{Q}_{16})(\text{Q}_{17})$, and $-\text{P}(=\text{O})(\text{Q}_{18})(\text{Q}_{19})$;

[0024] a C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkyl group, a C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkenyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkenyl group, a C_6 - C_{60} aryl group, a C_6 - C_{60} aryloxy group, a C_6 - C_{60} arylthio group, a C_7 - C_{60} arylalkyl group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryl group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryloxy group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroarylthio group, a C_2 - C_{60} heteroaryl-

alkyl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group;

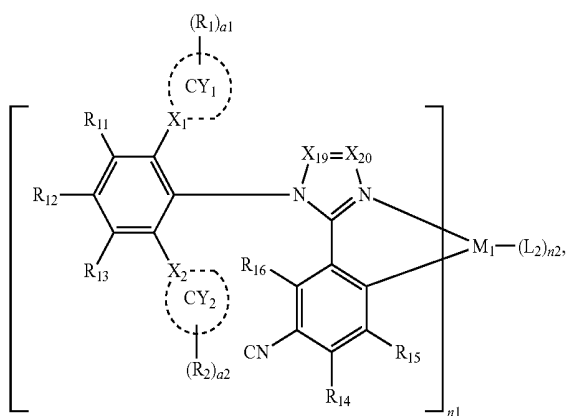
[0025] a C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkyl group, a C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkenyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkenyl group, a C_6 - C_{60} aryl group, a C_6 - C_{60} aryloxy group, a C_6 - C_{60} arylthio group, a C_7 - C_{60} arylalkyl group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryl group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryloxy group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroarylthio group, a C_2 - C_{60} heteroarylalkyl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, each substituted with at least one selected from deuterium, $-\text{F}$, $-\text{Cl}$, $-\text{Br}$, $-\text{I}$, $-\text{CD}_3$, $-\text{CD}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CDH}_2$, $-\text{CF}_3$, $-\text{CF}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CFH}_2$, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C_1 - C_{60} alkyl group, a C_2 - C_{60} alkenyl group, a C_2 - C_{60} alkynyl group, a C_1 - C_{60} alkoxy group, a C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkyl group, a C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkenyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkenyl group, a C_6 - C_{60} aryl group, a C_6 - C_{60} aryloxy group, a C_6 - C_{60} arylthio group, a C_7 - C_{60} arylalkyl group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryl group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryloxy group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroarylthio group, a C_2 - C_{60} heteroarylalkyl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, $-\text{N}(\text{Q}_{21})(\text{Q}_{22})$, $-\text{Si}(\text{Q}_{23})(\text{Q}_{24})(\text{Q}_{25})$, $-\text{B}(\text{Q}_{26})(\text{Q}_{27})$, and $-\text{P}(=\text{O})(\text{Q}_{28})(\text{Q}_{29})$; and

[0026] $-\text{N}(\text{Q}_{31})(\text{Q}_{32})$, $-\text{Si}(\text{Q}_{33})(\text{Q}_{34})(\text{Q}_{35})$, $-\text{B}(\text{Q}_{36})(\text{Q}_{37})$, and $-\text{P}(=\text{O})(\text{Q}_{38})(\text{Q}_{39})$, and

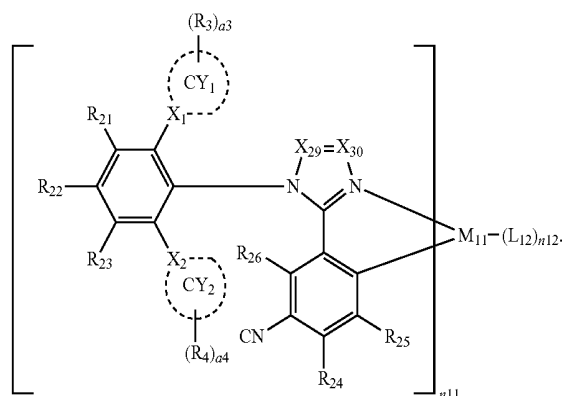
[0027] Q_1 to Q_9 , Q_{11} to Q_{19} , Q_{21} to Q_{29} , and Q_{31} to Q_{39} may each independently be selected from hydrogen, deuterium, $-\text{F}$, $-\text{Cl}$, $-\text{Br}$, $-\text{I}$, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C_1 - C_{60} alkyl group, a C_2 - C_{60} alkenyl group, a C_2 - C_{60} alkynyl group, a C_1 - C_{60} alkoxy group, a C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkyl group, a C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkenyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkenyl group, a C_6 - C_{60} aryl group, a C_6 - C_{60} aryl group substituted with at least one selected from a C_1 - C_{60} alkyl group and a C_6 - C_{60} aryl group, a C_6 - C_{60} aryloxy group, a C_6 - C_{60} arylthio group, a C_7 - C_{60} arylalkyl group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryl group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryloxy group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroarylthio group, a C_2 - C_{60} heteroarylalkyl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group.

[0028] According to one or more embodiments, a composition containing the organometallic compound includes a first organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 which includes at least one deuterium and a second organometallic compound represented by Formula 2:

Formula 1



Formula 2



[0029] In Formulae 1 and 2,

[0030] M_1 and M_{11} may each independently be selected from a first-row transition metal of the Periodic Table of Elements, a second-row transition metal of the Periodic Table of Elements, and a third-row transition metal of the Periodic Table of Elements,

[0031] n_1 and n_{11} may each independently be 1, 2, or 3,

[0032] L_2 and L_{12} may each independently be a monodentate ligand or a bidentate ligand,

[0033] n_2 and n_{12} may each independently be 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4, wherein, when n_2 is two or more, two or more groups L_2 may be identical to or different from each other, and when n_{12} is two or more, two or more groups L_{12} may be identical to or different from each other,

[0034] X_1 to X_4 may each independently be carbon or nitrogen,

[0035] CY_1 to CY_4 may each independently be a C_5 - C_{30} carbocyclic group or a C_2 - C_{30} heterocyclic group,

[0036] X_{19} may be N or C(R_{19}), and X_{20} may be N or C(R_{20}), provided that at least one of X_{19} and X_{20} is N,

[0037] X_{29} may be N or C(R_{29}), and X_{30} may be N or C(R_{30}), provided that at least one of X_{29} and X_{30} is N,

[0038] R_1 , R_2 , R_{11} to R_{16} , R_{19} , and R_{20} may each independently be selected from hydrogen, deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, —SF₅, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{60}

alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{60} alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} alkoxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkoxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{60} aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{60} aryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{60} arylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_7 - C_{60} arylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} heteroarylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{60} heteroarylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, —N(Q_1)(Q_2), —Si(Q_3)(Q_4)(Q_5), —B(Q_6)(Q_7), and —P(=O)(Q_8)(Q_9), two or more neighboring groups selected from R_1 , R_2 , R_{11} to R_{13} , CY_1 , and CY_2 may optionally be linked to form a substituted or unsubstituted C_5 - C_{30} carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{30} heterocyclic group,

[0039] a_1 and a_2 may each independently be an integer from 0 to 5,

[0040] i) X_{19} may be C(R_{19}), X_{20} may be N, and at least one of R_1 , R_2 , R_{11} to R_{16} , and R_{19} may be a deuterium-containing substituent; ii) X_{19} may be N, X_{20} may be C(R_{20}), and at least one of R_1 , R_2 , R_{11} to R_{16} , and R_{20} may be a deuterium-containing substituent; or iii) X_{19} and X_{20} may each be N, and at least one of R_1 , R_2 , and R_{11} to R_{16} may be a deuterium-containing substituent,

[0041] R_3 , R_4 , R_{21} to R_{26} , R_{29} , and R_{30} may each independently be selected from hydrogen, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, —SF₅, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{60} alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{60} alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} alkoxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{60} aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{60} aryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{60} arylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_7 - C_{60} arylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} heteroarylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{60} heteroarylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, —N(Q_1)(Q_2), —Si(Q_3)(Q_4)(Q_5), —B(Q_6)(Q_7), and —P(=O)(Q_8)(Q_9),

[0042] two or more neighboring groups selected from R_3 , R_4 , R_{21} to R_{23} , CY_3 , and CY_4 may optionally be linked to form a substituted or unsubstituted C_5 - C_{30} carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{30} heterocyclic group,

[0043] a_3 and a_4 may each independently be an integer from 0 to 5, and

[0044] R_3 , R_4 , R_{21} to R_{26} , R_{29} , and R_{30} may each be a deuterium-free substituent.

[0045] According to one or more embodiments, an organic light-emitting device includes:

[0046] a first electrode;

[0047] a second electrode; and

[0048] an organic layer disposed between the first electrode and the second electrode, wherein the organic layer includes an emission layer, and

[0049] wherein the organic layer includes at least one organometallic compound or a composition containing the organometallic compound.

[0050] The organometallic compound may act as dopant in the organic layer.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

[0051] These and/or other aspects will become apparent and more readily appreciated from the following description of the embodiments, taken in conjunction with the FIGURE, which is a schematic view of an organic light-emitting device according to an embodiment.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0052] Reference will now be made in detail to embodiments, examples of which are illustrated in the accompanying drawings, wherein like reference numerals refer to like elements throughout. In this regard, the present embodiments may have different forms and should not be construed as being limited to the descriptions set forth herein. Accordingly, the embodiments are merely described below, by referring to the figures, to explain aspects of the present description. As used herein, the term “and/or” includes any and all combinations of one or more of the associated listed items. Expressions such as “at least one of,” when preceding a list of elements, modify the entire list of elements and do not modify the individual elements of the list.

[0053] It will be understood that when an element is referred to as being “on” another element, it can be directly in contact with the other element or intervening elements may be present therebetween. In contrast, when an element is referred to as being “directly on” another element, there are no intervening elements present.

[0054] It will be understood that, although the terms first, second, third etc. may be used herein to describe various elements, components, regions, layers, and/or sections, these elements, components, regions, layers, and/or sections should not be limited by these terms. These terms are only used to distinguish one element, component, region, layer, or section from another element, component, region, layer, or section. Thus, a first element, component, region, layer, or section discussed below could be termed a second element, component, region, layer, or section without departing from the teachings of the present embodiments.

[0055] The terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular embodiments only and is not intended to be limiting. As used herein, the singular forms “a,” “an,” and “the” are intended to include the plural forms as well, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

[0056] The term “or” means “and/or.” It will be further understood that the terms “comprises” and/or “comprising,” or “includes” and/or “including” when used in this specification, specify the presence of stated features, regions, integers, steps, operations, elements, and/or components, but

do not preclude the presence or addition of one or more other features, regions, integers, steps, operations, elements, components, and/or groups thereof.

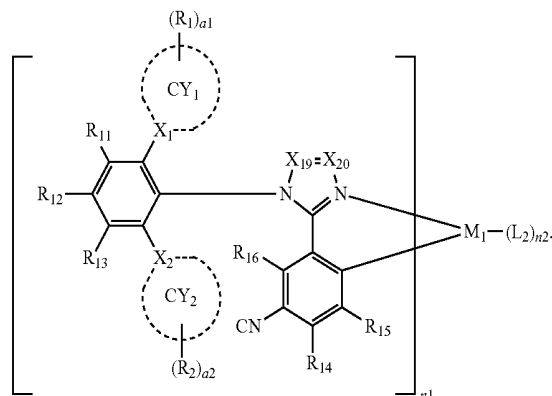
[0057] Unless otherwise defined, all terms (including technical and scientific terms) used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this general inventive concept belongs. It will be further understood that terms, such as those defined in commonly used dictionaries, should be interpreted as having a meaning that is consistent with their meaning in the context of the relevant art and the present disclosure, and will not be interpreted in an idealized or overly formal sense unless expressly so defined herein.

[0058] Exemplary embodiments are described herein with reference to cross section illustrations that are schematic illustrations of idealized embodiments. As such, variations from the shapes of the illustrations as a result, for example, of manufacturing techniques and/or tolerances, are to be expected. Thus, embodiments described herein should not be construed as limited to the particular shapes of regions as illustrated herein but are to include deviations in shapes that result, for example, from manufacturing. For example, a region illustrated or described as flat may, typically, have rough and/or nonlinear features. Moreover, sharp angles that are illustrated may be rounded. Thus, the regions illustrated in the figures are schematic in nature and their shapes are not intended to illustrate the precise shape of a region and are not intended to limit the scope of the present claims.

[0059] “About” or “approximately” as used herein is inclusive of the stated value and means within an acceptable range of deviation for the particular value as determined by one of ordinary skill in the art, considering the measurement in question and the error associated with measurement of the particular quantity (i.e., the limitations of the measurement system). For example, “about” can mean within one or more standard deviations, or within $\pm 30\%$, 20% , 10% , 5% of the stated value.

[0060] An organometallic compound according to an embodiment is represented by Formula 1 below:

Formula 1

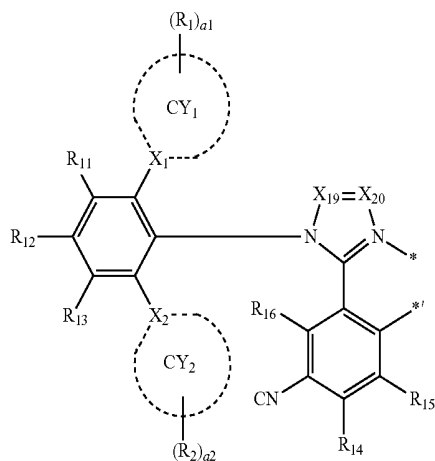


[0061] M_1 in Formula 1 may be selected from a first-row transition metal of the Periodic Table of Elements, a second-row transition metal of the Periodic Table of Elements, and a third-row transition metal of the Periodic Table of Elements.

[0062] For example, M_1 may be selected from iridium (Ir), platinum (Pt), osmium (Os), titanium (Ti), zirconium (Zr), hafnium (Hf), europium (Eu), terbium (Tb), thulium (Tm), and rhodium (Rh).

[0063] In an embodiment, M_1 may be iridium, but embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto.

[0064] n_1 in Formula 1 may be 1, 2, or 3, wherein, when n_1 is two or more, two or more ligands represented by

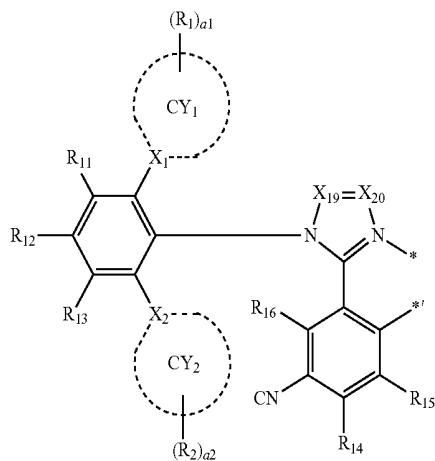


in Formula 1 (wherein * and *' each indicate a binding site to M_1 in Formula 1) may be identical to or different from each other, L_2 may be a monodentate ligand or a bidentate ligand, and n_2 may be 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4, wherein, when n_2 is two or more, two or more groups L_2 may be identical to or different from each other. L_2 is the same as described below.

[0065] In an embodiment, in Formula 1, M_1 may be Ir or Os, and the sum of n_1 and n_2 may be 3 or 4; or M_1 may be Pt, and the sum of n_1 and n_2 may be 2.

[0066] In an embodiment, in Formula 1, M_1 may be Ir, n_1 may be 3, and n_2 may be 0, but embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto.

[0067] In an embodiment, in Formula 1, M_1 may be Ir, n_1 may be 3, n_2 may be 0, and three ligands represented by



may be identical to or different from one another.

[0068] X_1 and X_2 in Formula 1 may each independently be carbon or nitrogen.

[0069] In an embodiment, X_1 and X_2 may each be carbon, but embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto.

[0070] CY_1 and CY_2 in Formula 1 may each independently be a C_5 - C_{30} carbocyclic group or a C_2 - C_{30} heterocyclic group.

[0071] For example, CY_1 and CY_2 may each independently be selected from a cyclopentene group, a cyclohexene group, a benzene group, a pyridine group, a pyrimidine group, a pyridazine group, a pyrazine group, a triazine group, a pyrrole group, a pyrazole group, an imidazole group, a triazole group, an oxazole group, an isoxazole group, an oxadiazole group, a thiazole group, an isothiazole group, and a thiadiazole group.

[0072] In an embodiment, CY_1 and CY_2 may each independently be a benzene group, a pyridine group, or a pyrimidine group.

[0073] In one or more embodiments, CY_1 and CY_2 may each be a benzene group, but embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto.

[0074] In Formula 1, X_{19} may be N or C(R_{19}), and X_{20} may be N or C(R_{20}), provided that at least one of X_{19} and X_{20} is N.

[0075] In an embodiment, one of X_{19} and X_{20} may be N.

[0076] In one or more embodiments, both X_{19} and X_{20} may be N at the same time.

[0077] For example, in Formula 1, X_{19} may be C(R_{19}), and X_{20} may be N.

[0078] In an embodiment, in Formula 1, X_{19} may be N, and X_{20} may be C(R_{20}).

[0079] R_1 , R_2 , R_{11} to R_{16} , R_{19} , and R_{20} in Formula 1 may each independently be selected from hydrogen, deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, —SF₅, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{60} alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{60} alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} alkoxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{60} aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{60} aryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{60} arylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_7 - C_{60} arylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} heteroarylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{60} heteroarylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, —N(Q_1)(Q_2), —Si(Q_3)(Q_4)(Q_5), —B(Q_6)(Q_7), and —P(=O)(Q_8)(Q_9). Q_1 to Q_9 are each independently the same as described herein.

[0080] For example, R_1 , R_2 , R_{11} to R_{16} , R_{19} , and R_{20} may each independently be selected from:

[0081] hydrogen, deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic

acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, $-\text{SF}_3$, a $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{20}$ alkyl group, and a $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{20}$ alkoxy group;

[0082] a $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{20}$ alkyl group and a $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{20}$ alkoxy group, each substituted with at least one selected from deuterium, $-\text{F}$, $-\text{Cl}$, $-\text{Br}$, $-\text{I}$, $-\text{CD}_3$, $-\text{CD}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CDH}_2$, $-\text{CF}_3$, $-\text{CF}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CFH}_2$, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$ alkyl group, a cyclopentyl group, a cyclohexyl group, a cycloheptyl group, a cyclooctyl group, an adamantanyl group, a norbornanyl group, a norbornenyl group, a cyclopentenyl group, a cyclohexenyl group, a cycloheptenyl group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a pyridinyl group, and a pyrimidinyl group;

[0083] a cyclopentyl group, a cyclohexyl group, a cycloheptyl group, a cyclooctyl group, an adamantanyl group, a norbornanyl group, a norbornenyl group, a cyclopentenyl group, a cyclohexenyl group, a cycloheptenyl group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluoranthenyl group, a triphenylenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyrrolyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isoxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, an isoindolyl group, an indolyl group, an indazolyl group, a purinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a benzoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazoliny group, a cinnolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, a phenanthrolinyl group, a benzimidazolyl group, a benzofuranyl group, a benzothiophenyl group, an isobenzothiazolyl group, a benzoxazolyl group, an isobenzoxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, a tetrazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an imidazopyrimidinyl group;

[0084] a cyclopentyl group, a cyclohexyl group, a cycloheptyl group, a cyclooctyl group, an adamantanyl group, a norbornanyl group, a norbornenyl group, a cyclopentenyl group, a cyclohexenyl group, a cycloheptenyl group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluoranthenyl group, a triphenylenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyrrolyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isoxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, an isoindolyl group, an indolyl group, an indazolyl group, a purinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a benzoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazoliny group, a cinnolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, a phenanthrolinyl group, a benzimidazolyl group, a benzofuranyl group, a benzothiophenyl group, an isobenzothiazolyl group, a benzoxazolyl group, an isobenzoxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, a tetrazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an imidazopyrimidinyl group, each substituted with at least one selected from deuterium, $-\text{F}$, $-\text{Cl}$, $-\text{Br}$, $-\text{I}$, $-\text{CD}_3$, $-\text{CD}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CDH}_2$, $-\text{CF}_3$, $-\text{CF}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CFH}_2$, a hydroxyl

group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{20}$ alkyl group, a $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{20}$ alkoxy group, a cyclopentyl group, a cyclohexyl group, a cycloheptyl group, a cyclooctyl group, an adamantanyl group, a norbornanyl group, a norbornenyl group, a cyclopentenyl group, a cyclohexenyl group, a cycloheptenyl group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a fluorenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluoranthenyl group, a triphenylenyl group, a pyrenyl group, a chrysenyl group, a pyrrolyl group, a thiophenyl group, a furanyl group, an imidazolyl group, a pyrazolyl group, a thiazolyl group, an isothiazolyl group, an oxazolyl group, an isoxazolyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, an isoindolyl group, an indolyl group, an indazolyl group, a purinyl group, a quinolinyl group, an isoquinolinyl group, a benzoquinolinyl group, a quinoxalinyl group, a quinazoliny group, a cinnolinyl group, a carbazolyl group, a phenanthrolinyl group, a benzimidazolyl group, a benzofuranyl group, a benzothiophenyl group, an isobenzothiazolyl group, a benzoxazolyl group, an isobenzoxazolyl group, a triazolyl group, a tetrazolyl group, an oxadiazolyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, a benzocarbazolyl group, a dibenzocarbazolyl group, an imidazopyridinyl group, and an imidazopyrimidinyl group; and

[0085] $-\text{N}(\text{Q}_1)(\text{Q}_2)$, $-\text{Si}(\text{Q}_3)(\text{Q}_4)(\text{Q}_5)$, $-\text{B}(\text{Q}_6)(\text{Q}_7)$, and $-\text{P}(=\text{O})(\text{Q}_8)(\text{Q}_9)$, and

[0086] Q_1 to Q_9 may each independently be selected from:

[0087] $-\text{CH}_3$, $-\text{CD}_3$, $-\text{CD}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CDH}_2$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CD}_3$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CD}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CDH}_2$, $-\text{CHDCH}_3$, $-\text{CHDCH}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CHDCH}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CHDCH}_3$, $-\text{CD}_2\text{CD}_3$, $-\text{CD}_2\text{CD}_2\text{H}$, and $-\text{CD}_2\text{CDH}_2$;

[0088] an n-propyl group, an iso-propyl group, an n-butyl group, an iso-butyl group, a sec-butyl group, a tert-butyl group, an n-pentyl group, an iso-pentyl group, a sec-pentyl group, a tert-pentyl group, a phenyl group, and a naphthyl group; and

[0089] an n-propyl group, an iso-propyl group, an n-butyl group, an iso-butyl group, a sec-butyl group, a tert-butyl group, an n-pentyl group, an iso-pentyl group, a sec-pentyl group, a tert-pentyl group, a phenyl group, and a naphthyl group, each substituted with at least one selected from deuterium, a $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$ alkyl group, and a phenyl group, but embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto.

[0090] In an embodiment, R_1 , R_2 , R_{11} to R_{16} , R_{19} , and R_{20} may each independently be selected from:

[0091] hydrogen, deuterium, $-\text{F}$, a cyano group, a nitro group, $-\text{SF}_5$, a methyl group, an ethyl group, an n-propyl group, an iso-propyl group, an n-butyl group, an iso-butyl group, a sec-butyl group, a tert-butyl group, an n-pentyl group, an iso-pentyl group, a sec-pentyl group, a tert-pentyl group, an n-hexyl group, an iso-hexyl group, a sec-hexyl group, a tert-hexyl group, an n-heptyl group, an iso-heptyl group, a sec-heptyl group, a tert-heptyl group, an n-octyl group, an iso-octyl group, a sec-octyl group, a tert-octyl group, an n-nonyl group, an iso-nonyl group, a sec-nonyl group, a tert-nonyl group, an n-decyl group, an iso-decyl group, a sec-decyl group, a tert-decyl group, a methoxy group, an ethoxy group, a propoxy group, a butoxy group, a pentoxy group, a cyclopentyl group, a cyclohexyl group, a

cycloheptyl group, a cyclooctyl group, an adamantanyl group, a norbornanyl group, a norbornenyl group, a cyclopentenyl group, a cyclohexenyl group, a cycloheptenyl group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, and a dibenzothiophenyl group;

[0092] a methyl group, an ethyl group, an n-propyl group, an iso-propyl group, an n-butyl group, an iso-butyl group, a sec-butyl group, a tert-butyl group, an n-pentyl group, an iso-pentyl group, a sec-pentyl group, a tert-pentyl group, an n-hexyl group, an iso-hexyl group, a sec-hexyl group, a tert-hexyl group, an n-heptyl group, an iso-heptyl group, a sec-heptyl group, a tert-heptyl group, an n-octyl group, an iso-octyl group, a sec-octyl group, a tert-octyl group, an n-nonyl group, an iso-nonyl group, a sec-nonyl group, a tert-nonyl group, an n-decyl group, an iso-decyl group, a sec-decyl group, a tert-decyl group, a methoxy group, an ethoxy group, a propoxy group, a butoxy group, a pentoxy group, a cyclopentyl group, a cyclohexyl group, a cycloheptyl group, a cyclooctyl group, an adamantanyl group, a norbornanyl group, a norbornenyl group, a cyclopentenyl group, a cyclohexenyl group, a cycloheptenyl group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, and a dibenzothiophenyl group, each substituted with at least one selected from deuterium, $-F$, $-CD_3$, $-CD_2H$, $-CDH_2$, $-CF_3$, $-CF_2H$, $-CFH_2$, a cyano group, a nitro group, a C_1 - C_{10} alkyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} alkoxy group, a cyclopentyl group, a cyclohexyl group, a cycloheptyl group, a cyclooctyl group, an adamantanyl group, a norbornanyl group, a norbornenyl group, a cyclopentenyl group, a cyclohexenyl group, a cycloheptenyl group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, and a dibenzothiophenyl group; and

[0093] $-N(Q_1)(Q_2)$, $-Si(Q_3)(Q_4)(Q_5)$, $-B(Q_6)(Q_7)$, and $-P(=O)(Q_8)(Q_9)$, and

[0094] Q_1 to Q_9 are each independently the same as described herein.

[0095] In Formula 1, two or more neighboring groups selected from R_1 , R_2 , R_{11} to R_{13} , CY_1 , and CY_2 may optionally be linked to form a C_5 - C_{30} carbocyclic group unsubstituted or substituted with at least one R_{101} (for example, a 5-membered or 6-membered carbocyclic group unsubstituted or substituted with at least one R_{101}) or a C_2 - C_{30} heterocyclic group unsubstituted or substituted with at least one R_{101} (for example, a 5-membered or 6-membered heterocyclic group unsubstituted or substituted with at least one R_{101}). R_{101} is the same as described in connection with R_1 .

[0096] a_1 and a_2 in Formula 1 respectively indicate the number of groups R_1 and the number of groups R_2 and may each independently be an integer from 0 to 5.

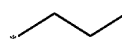
[0097] For example, a_1 and a_2 may each independently be 0, 1, or 2, but embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto.

[0098] In an embodiment, R_1 , R_2 , R_{11} to R_{16} , R_{19} , and R_{20} in Formula 1 may each independently be selected from hydrogen, deuterium, $-CH_3$, $-CD_3$, $-CD_2H$, $-CDH_2$, $-CH_2CH_3$, $-CH_2CD_3$, $-CH_2CD_2H$, $-CH_2CDH_2$, $-CHDCH_3$, $-CHDCD_2H$, $-CHDCH_2H$, $-CHDCH_2D$, $-CD_2CD_3$, $-CD_2CD_2H$, $-CD_2CDH_2$, $-CF_3$, $-CF_2H$, $-CFH_2$, groups represented by Formulae 9-1 to 9-24,

groups represented by Formulae 10-1 to 10-62, and $-Si(Q_3)(Q_4)(Q_5)$, but embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto:



Formula 9-1



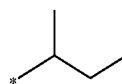
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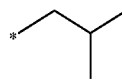
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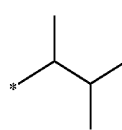
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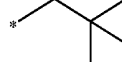
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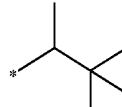
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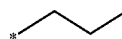
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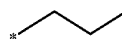
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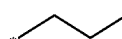
Formula 9-9



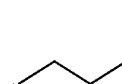
Formula 9-10



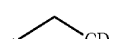
Formula 9-11



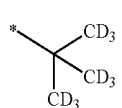
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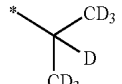
Formula 9-13



Formula 9-14

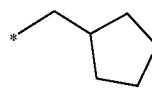
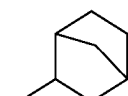
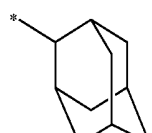
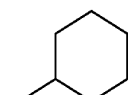
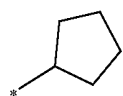
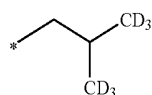
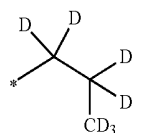
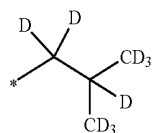
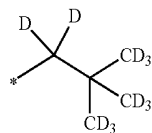
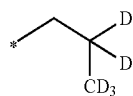
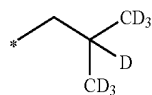
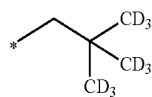


Formula 9-15



Formula 9-16

-continued



Formula 9-17

Formula 9-18

Formula 9-19

Formula 9-20

Formula 9-21

Formula 9-22

Formula 9-23

Formula 9-24

Formula 10-1

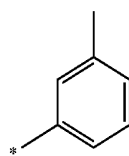
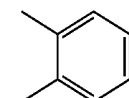
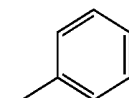
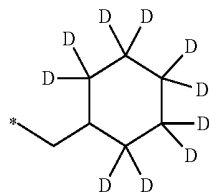
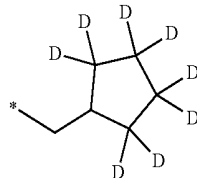
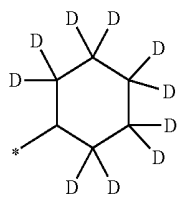
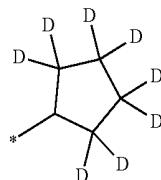
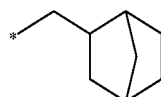
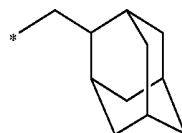
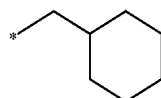
Formula 10-2

Formula 10-3

Formula 10-4

Formula 10-5

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Formula 10-6

Formula 10-7

Formula 10-8

Formula 10-9

Formula 10-10

Formula 10-11

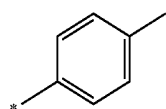
Formula 10-12

Formula 10-13

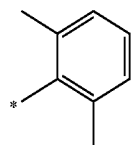
Formula 10-14

Formula 10-15

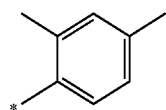
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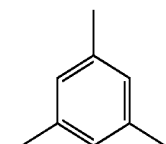
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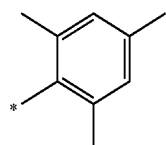
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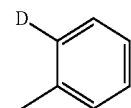
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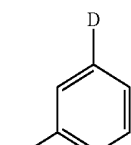
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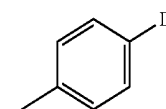
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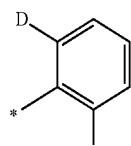
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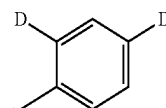
Formula 10-22



Formula 10-23

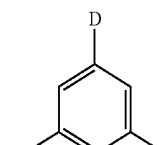


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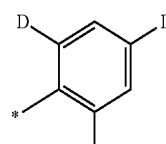


Formula 10-25

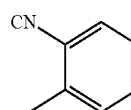
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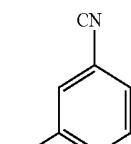
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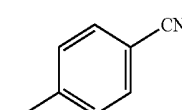
Formula 10-27



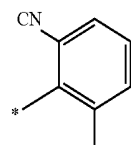
Formula 10-28



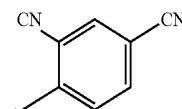
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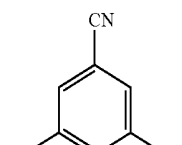
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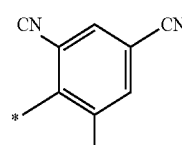
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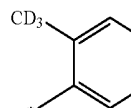
Formula 10-32



Formula 10-33

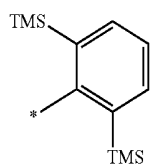
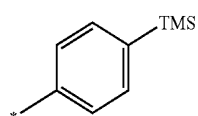
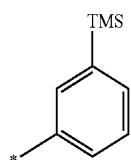
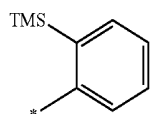
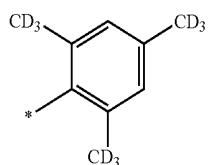
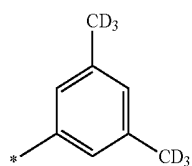
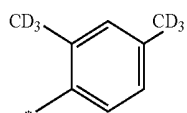
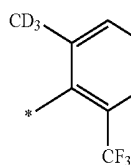
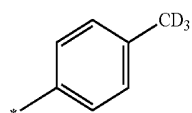
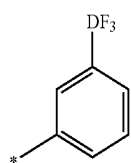


Formula 10-34



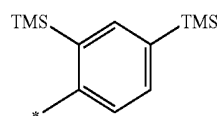
Formula 10-35

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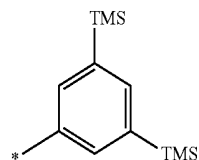


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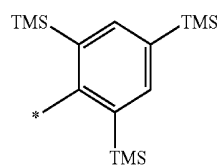
Formula 10-36



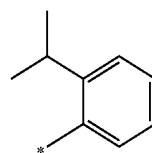
Formula 10-37



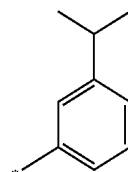
Formula 10-38



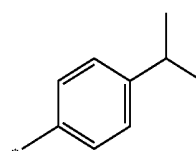
Formula 10-39



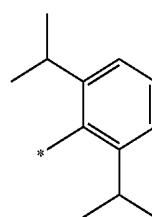
Formula 10-40



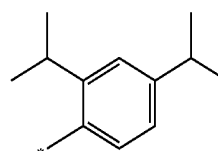
Formula 10-41



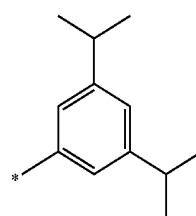
Formula 10-42



Formula 10-43



Formula 10-44



Formula 10-45

Formula 10-46

Formula 10-47

Formula 10-48

Formula 10-49

Formula 10-50

Formula 10-51

Formula 10-52

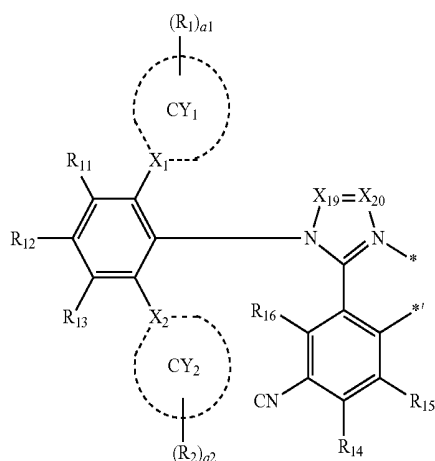
Formula 10-53

Formula 10-54

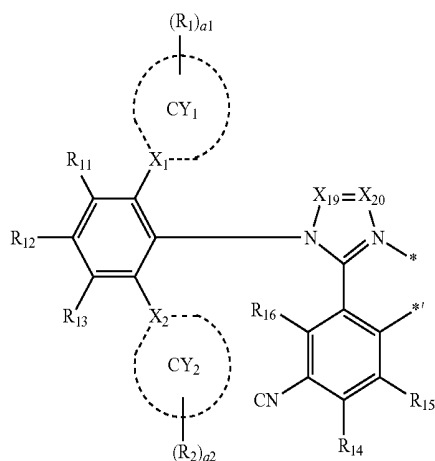
—CD₂CH₂CD₃, —CD₂CHDCH₃, —CD₂CHDCH₂D,
 —CD₂CHDCHD₂, —CD₂CHDCHD₃, —CD₂CD₂CH₃,
 —CD₂CD₂CH₂D, —CD₂CD₂CHD₂, —CD₂CD₂CD₃,
 —CH(CH₃)(CH₂D), —CH(CH₃)(CHD₂), —CH
 (CH₂D)(CH₂D), —CH(CH₃)(CD₃), —CH(CHD₂)
 (CHD₂), —CH(CH₂D)(CD₃), —CH(CHD₂)(CD₃),
 —CH(CD₃)₂, —CD(CH₃)₂, —CD(CH₃)(CH₂D),
 —CD(CH₃)(CHD₂), —CD(CH₂D)(CH₂D), —CD
 (CH₃)(CD₃), —CD(CHD₂)(CHD₂), —CD(CH₂D)
 (CD₃), —CD(CHD₂)(CD₃), —CD(CD₃)₂, and
 —C(CD₃)₃, but embodiments of the present disclosure
 are not limited thereto.

[0115] In an embodiment, the deuterium-containing substituent may be selected from deuterium, —CD₃, —CD₂H, —CDH₂, —CH₂CD₃, —CH₂CD₂H, —CH₂CDH₂, —CHDCH₃, —CHDCH₂H, —CHDCHD₂, —CHDCHD₃, —CD₂CD₃, —CD₂CD₂H, —CD₂CDH₂, and groups represented by Formulae 9-14 to 9-24, but embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto.

[0116] In an embodiment, a ligand represented by



in Formula 1 (wherein * and *' each indicate a binding site to M₁ in Formula 1) may include at least one deuterium. Whether the ligand represented by



includes deuterium may be confirmed by analyzing the organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 through a ¹H NMR spectrum or analyzing a molecular weight of the organometallic compound by using a molecular weight measurement apparatus such as matrix-assisted laser desorption/ionization (MALDI) apparatus.

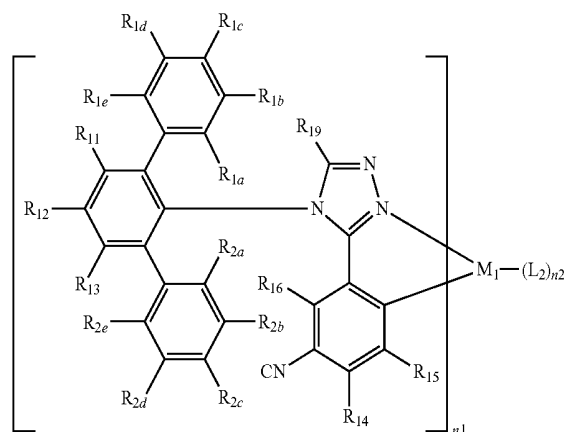
[0117] A compound, which has the same backbone as the organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 but does not include deuterium (hereinafter, referred to as a “first standard compound”), is prepared. A ¹H NMR spectrum of the first standard compound and a ¹H NMR spectrum of the organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 are obtained. Then, the number of hydrogens that are substituted with deuterium among hydrogens bonded at a specific position (specific carbon) of the organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 may be calculated by comparing integral values of signals of specific chemical shift (parts per million, ppm) selected from the measured spectrum.

[0118] Alternatively, a compound, which has the same backbone as the organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 and in which all hydrogens of the organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 are substituted with deuterium (hereinafter, referred to as a “second standard compound”), is assumed. The number of hydrogens that are substituted with deuterium among hydrogens of the organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 may be calculated by comparing a calculated molecular weight of the second standard compound with a molecular weight of the organometallic compound represented by Formula 1.

[0119] In one or more embodiments, in Formula 1, i) X₁₉ may be C(R₁₉), X₂₀ may be N, and at least one of R₁₂, R₁₄, and R₁₉ may be a deuterium-containing substituent; ii) X₁₉ may be N, X₂₀ may be C(R₂₀), and at least one of R₁₂, R₁₄, and R₂₀ may be a deuterium-containing substituent; or iii) X₁₉ and X₂₀ may each be N, and at least one of R₁₂ and R₁₄ may be a deuterium-containing substituent, wherein the deuterium-containing substituent is the same as described herein.

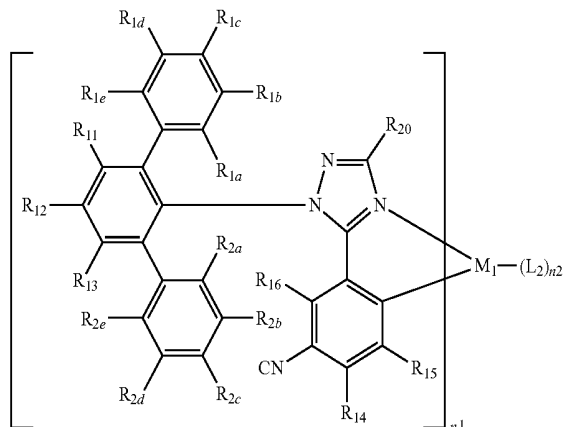
[0120] In an embodiment, the organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 may be represented by one of Formulae 1-1 to 1-3:

Formula 1-1

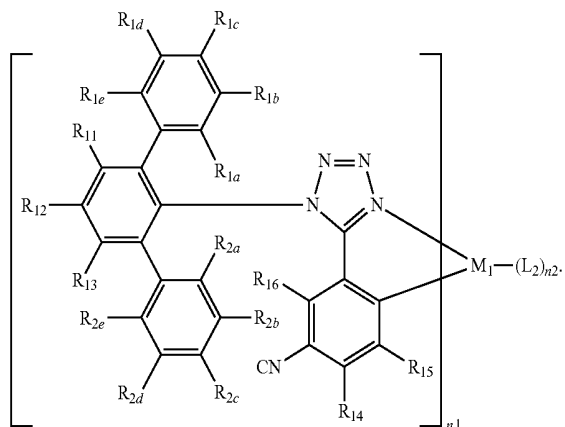


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Formula 1-2

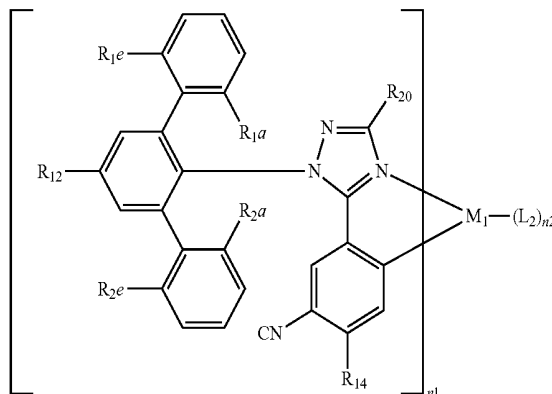


Formula 1-3

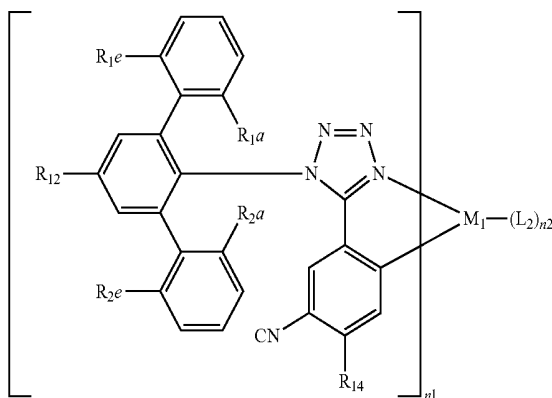


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Formula 1(2)



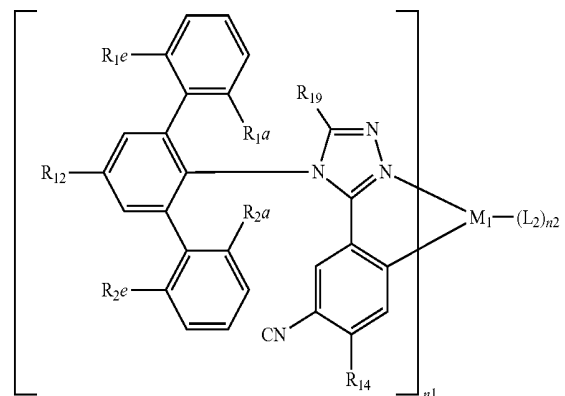
Formula 1(3)



[0121] In Formulae 1-1 to 1-3, M_1 , n_1 , L_2 , n_2 , R_{11} to R_{16} , R_{19} , and R_{20} are each independently the same as described herein, R_{1a} to R_{1e} are each independently the same as described in connection with R_1 , and R_{2a} to R_{2e} are each independently the same as described in connection with R_2 .

[0122] In an embodiment, the organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 may be represented by one of Formulae 1(1) to 1(3):

Formula 1(1)



[0123] In Formulae 1(1) to 1(3), M_1 , n_1 , L_2 , n_2 , R_{12} , R_{14} , R_{19} , and R_{20} are each independently the same as described herein, R_{1a} and R_{1e} are each independently the same as described in connection with R_1 , and R_{2a} and R_{2e} are each independently the same as described in connection with R_2 .

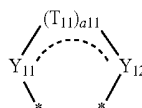
[0124] L_2 in Formula 1 may be a monodentate ligand or a bidentate ligand.

[0125] For example, in Formula 1, L_2 may be a monodentate ligand, and L_2 may be selected from I^- , Br^- , Cl^- , sulfide, nitrate, azide, hydroxide, cyanate, isocyanate, thiocyanate, water, acetonitrile, pyridine, ammonia, carbon monoxide, $P(Ph)_3$, $P(Ph)_2CH_3$, $PPh(CH_3)_2$, and $P(CH_3)_3$, but embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto.

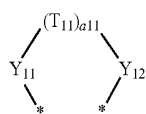
[0126] In an embodiment, in Formula 1, L_2 may be a bidentate ligand, and L_2 may be selected from oxalate, acetylacetonate, a picolinic acid, 1,2-bis(diphenylphosphino)ethane, 1,1-bis(diphenylphosphino)methane, glycinate, and ethylenediamine, but embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto.

[0127] In an embodiment, L_2 in Formula 1 may be selected from ligands represented by Formulae 3A to 3F:

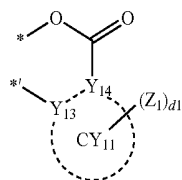
Formula 3A



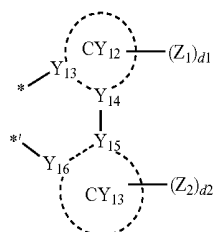
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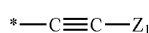
Formula 3B



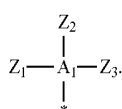
Formula 3C



Formula 3D



Formula 3E



Formula 3F

[0128] In Formulae 3A to 3F,

[0129] Y_{11} may be selected from O, N, N(Z_1), P(Z_1)(Z_2), and As(Z_1)(Z_2),

[0130] Y_{12} may be selected from O, N, N(Z_3), P(Z_3)(Z_4), and As(Z_3)(Z_4),

[0131] CY_{11} may be a C_2 - C_{30} heterocyclic group (for example, a pyridine group, a pyrimidine group, a quinoline group, an isoquinoline group, a quinoxaline group, a carbazole group, or the like),

[0132] T_{11} may each independently be selected from a single bond, a double bond, $*-C(Z_{11})(Z_{12})-*$, $*-C(Z_{11})=C(Z_{12})-*$, $*=C(Z_{11})-*$, $*-C(Z_{11})=*-*$, $*=C(Z_{11})-C(Z_{12})=C(Z_{13})-*$, $*-C(Z_{11})=C(Z_{12})-C(Z_{13})=*-*$, $*-N(Z_{11})-*$, and a substituted or unsubstituted C_5 - C_{30} carbocyclic group,

[0133] a_{11} may be an integer from 1 to 10,

[0134] Y_{13} to Y_{16} may each independently be carbon (C) or nitrogen (N), Y_{13} and Y_{14} may be linked via a single bond or a double bond, and Y_{15} and Y_{16} may be linked via a single bond or a double bond,

[0135] CY_{12} and CY_{13} may each independently be a C_5 - C_{30} carbocyclic group or a C_2 - C_{30} heterocyclic group (for example, a benzene group, a naphthalene group, a fluorene group, a dibenzofuran group, a dibenzothiophene group, a pyrazole group, an imidazole group, a triazole group, a tetrazole group, a pyridine group, a pyrimidine group, a quinoline group, an isoquinoline group, a quinoxaline group, a carbazole group, or the like),

[0136] A_1 may be P or As,

[0137] Z_1 to Z_4 and Z_{11} to Z_{13} may each independently be selected from hydrogen, deuterium, $-F$, $-Cl$, $-Br$, $-I$, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic

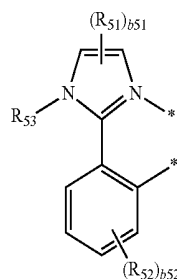
acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{60} alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{60} alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{60} alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} alkoxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{60} aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{60} aryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{60} arylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_7 - C_{60} arylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} heteroarylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{60} heteroarylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, $-N(Q_1)(Q_2)$, $-Si(Q_3)(Q_4)(Q_5)$, $-B(Q_6)(Q_7)$, and $-P(=O)(Q_8)(Q_9)$,

[0138] Q_1 to Q_9 may each be independently selected from hydrogen, deuterium, $-F$, $-Cl$, $-Br$, $-I$, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C_1 - C_{60} alkyl group, a C_2 - C_{60} alkenyl group, a C_2 - C_{60} alkynyl group, a C_1 - C_{60} alkoxy group, a C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkyl group, a C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkenyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkenyl group, a C_6 - C_{60} aryl group, a C_6 - C_{60} aryl group substituted with at least one selected from a C_1 - C_{60} alkyl group and a C_6 - C_{60} aryl group, a C_6 - C_{60} aryloxy group, a C_6 - C_{60} arylthio group, a C_7 - C_{60} arylalkyl group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryl group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryloxy group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroarylthio group, a C_2 - C_{60} heteroarylalkyl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group,

[0139] d_1 and d_2 may each independently be an integer from 0 to 10, and

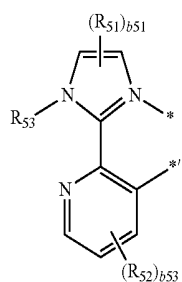
[0140] $*$ and $*'$ each indicate a binding site to M_1 in Formula 1.

[0141] In an embodiment, L_2 in Formula 1 may be represented by one of Formulae 5-1 to 5-119, but embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto:

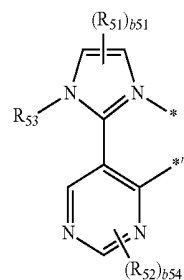


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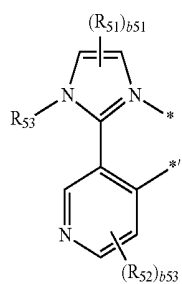
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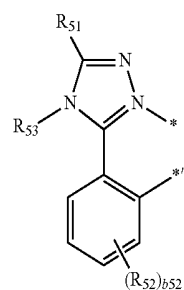
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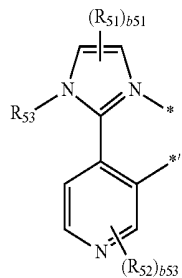
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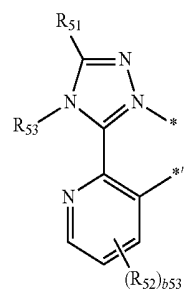
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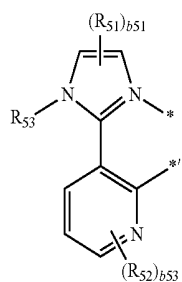
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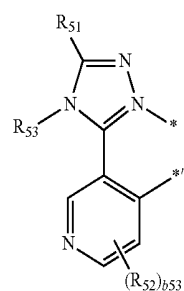
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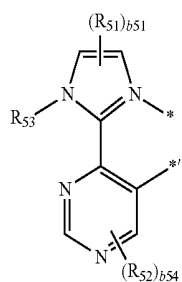
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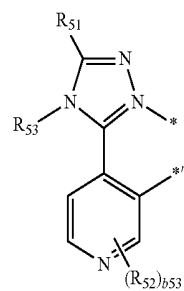
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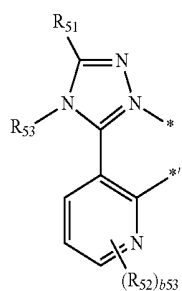


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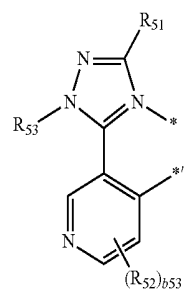
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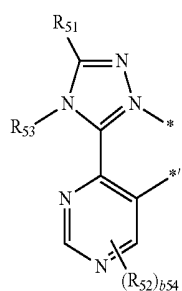


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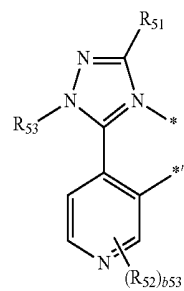
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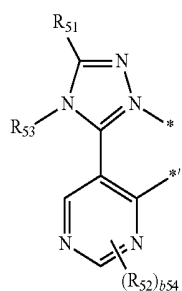
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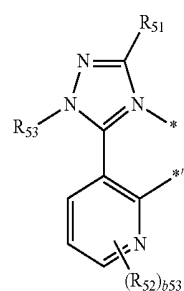
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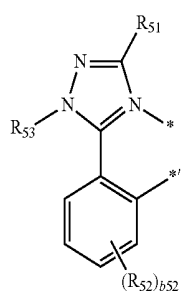
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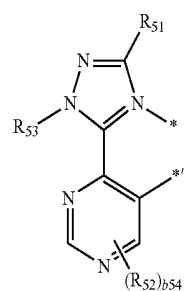
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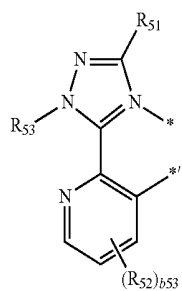
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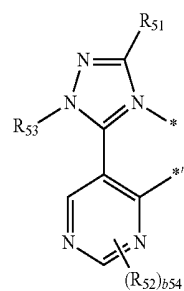
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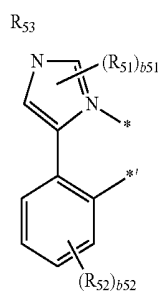


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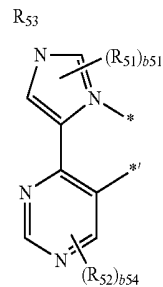
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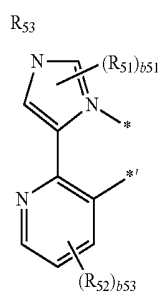


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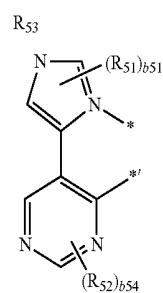
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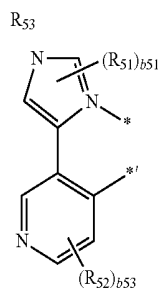
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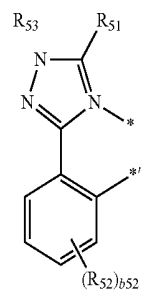
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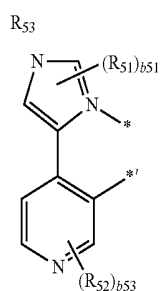
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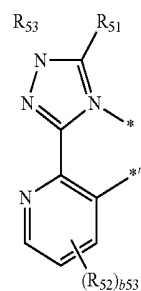
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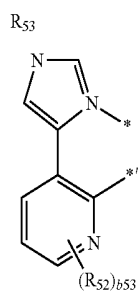
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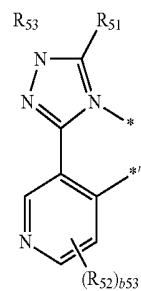
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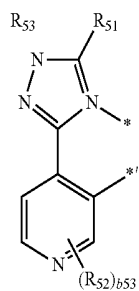


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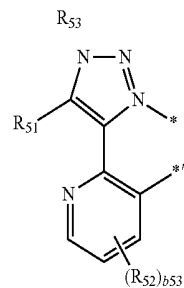
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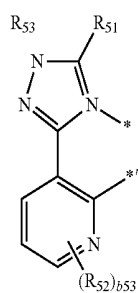


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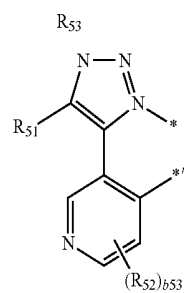


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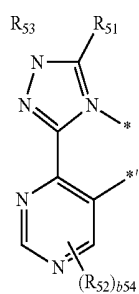


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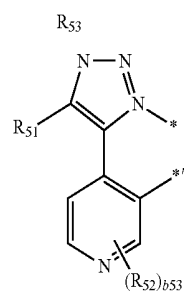


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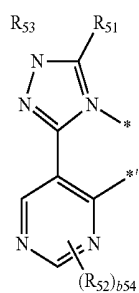


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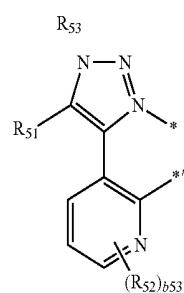


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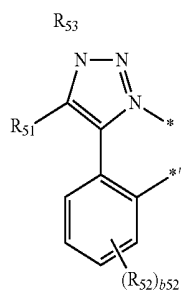


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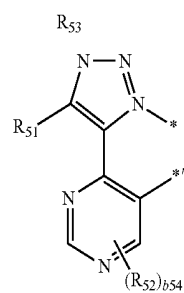


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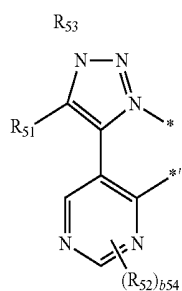
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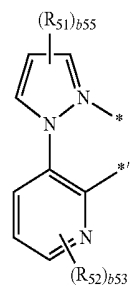


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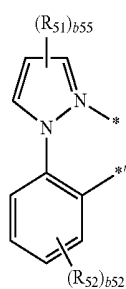
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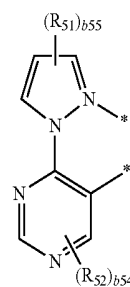
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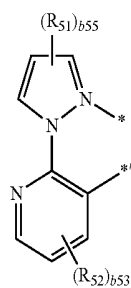
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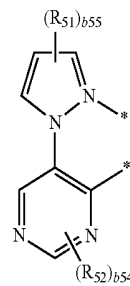
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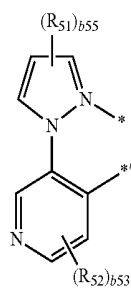
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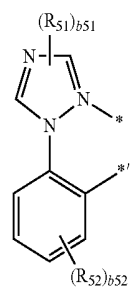
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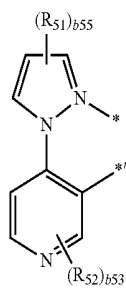
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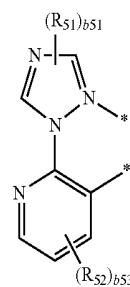
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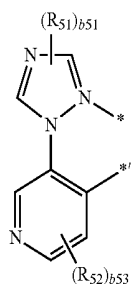


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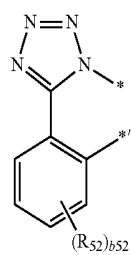


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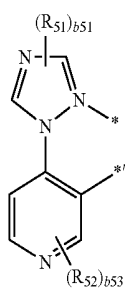
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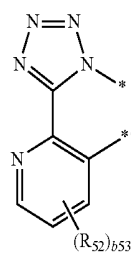
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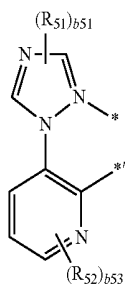
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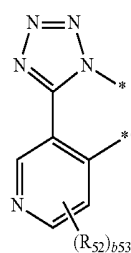
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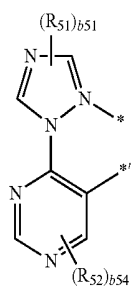
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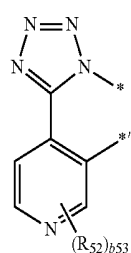
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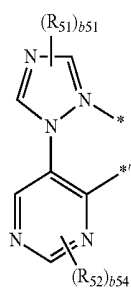
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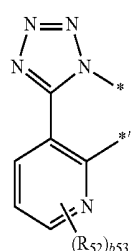
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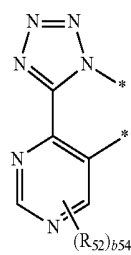
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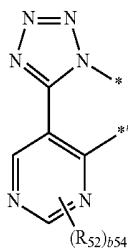


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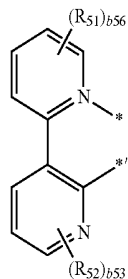


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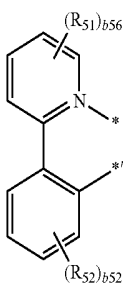
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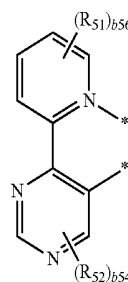
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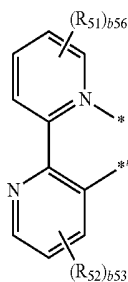
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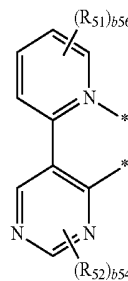
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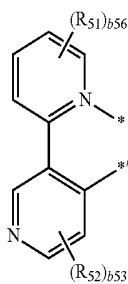
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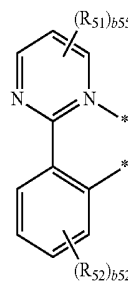
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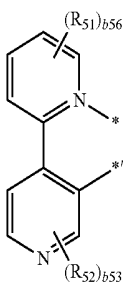
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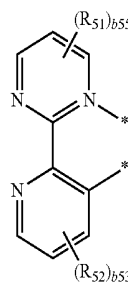
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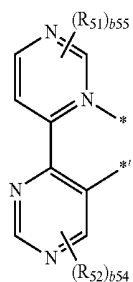


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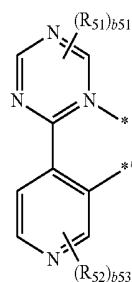
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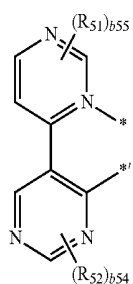


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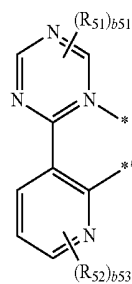
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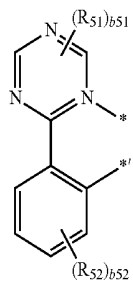
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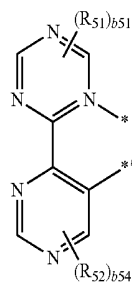
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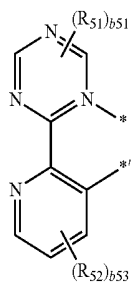
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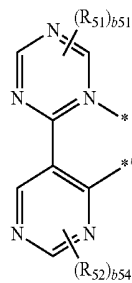
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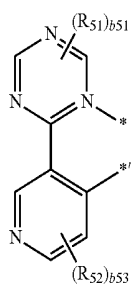
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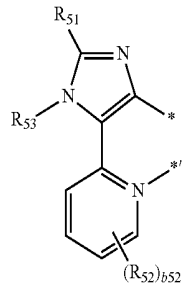
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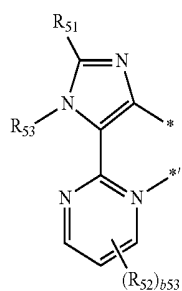


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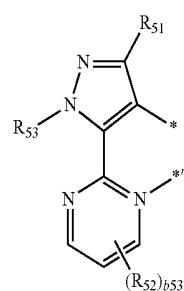
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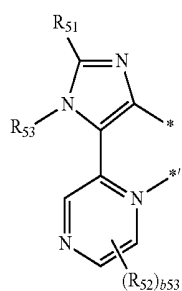


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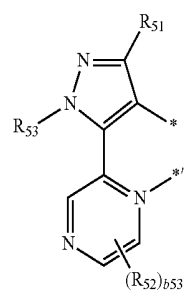
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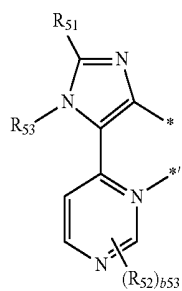
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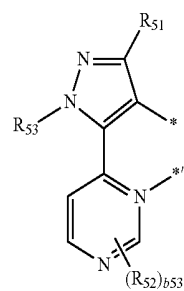
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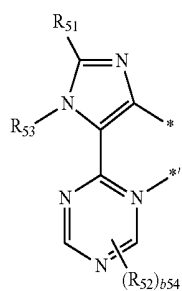
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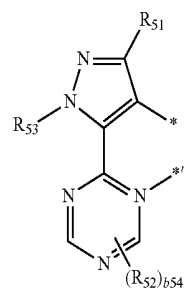
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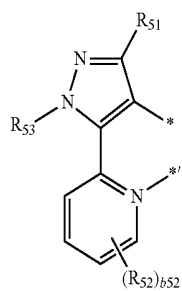
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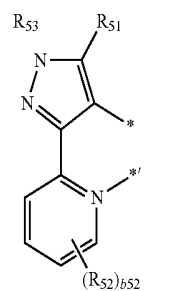
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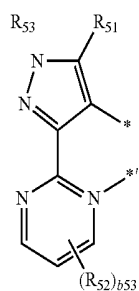


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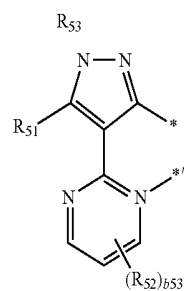
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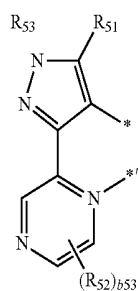


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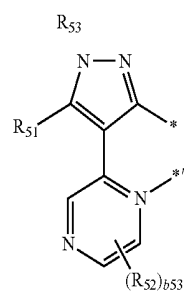
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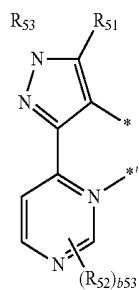
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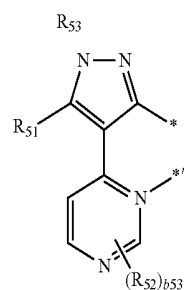
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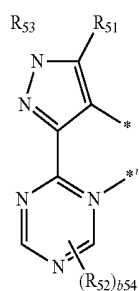
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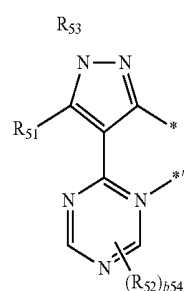
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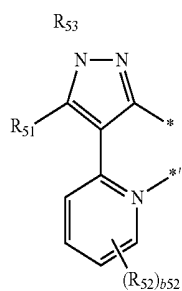
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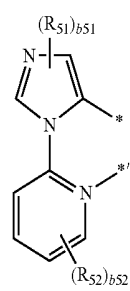
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5-111

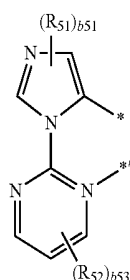


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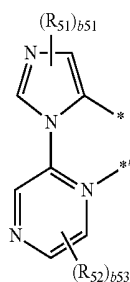


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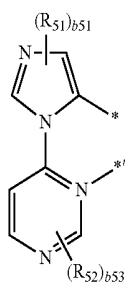
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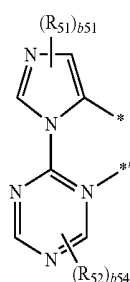
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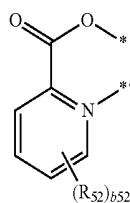
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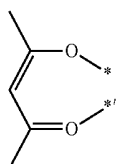
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5-116

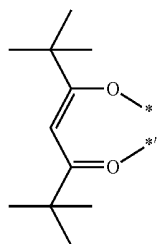


5-117



5-118

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5-119

[0142] In Formulae 5-1 to 5-119,

[0143] R_{51} to R_{53} may each independently be selected from:

[0144] hydrogen, —F, a cyano group, a nitro group, a methyl group, an ethyl group, a propyl group, an n-butyl group, an iso-butyl group, a sec-butyl group, a tert-butyl group, an n-pentyl group, an iso-pentyl group, a sec-pentyl group, a tert-pentyl group, an n-hexyl group, an iso-hexyl group, a sec-hexyl group, a tert-hexyl group, an n-heptyl group, an iso-heptyl group, a sec-heptyl group, a tert-heptyl group, an n-octyl group, an iso-octyl group, a sec-octyl group, a tert-octyl group, an n-nonyl group, an iso-nonyl group, a sec-nonyl group, a tert-nonyl group, an n-decanyl group, an iso-decanyl group, a sec-decanyl group, a tert-decanyl group, a methoxy group, an ethoxy group, a propoxy group, a butoxy group, a pentoxy group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, and a dibenzothiophenyl group; and

[0145] a methyl group, an ethyl group, a propyl group, an n-butyl group, an iso-butyl group, a sec-butyl group, a tert-butyl group, an n-pentyl group, an iso-pentyl group, a sec-pentyl group, a tert-pentyl group, an n-hexyl group, an iso-hexyl group, a sec-hexyl group, a tert-hexyl group, an n-heptyl group, an iso-heptyl group, a sec-heptyl group, a tert-heptyl group, an n-octyl group, an iso-octyl group, a sec-octyl group, a tert-octyl group, an n-nonyl group, an iso-nonyl group, a sec-nonyl group, a tert-nonyl group, an n-decanyl group, an iso-decanyl group, a sec-decanyl group, a tert-decanyl group, a methoxy group, an ethoxy group, a propoxy group, a butoxy group, a pentoxy group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a triazinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, and a dibenzothiophenyl group, each substituted with at least one selected from —F, a cyano group, and a nitro group,

[0146] b51 and b54 may each independently be 1 or 2,

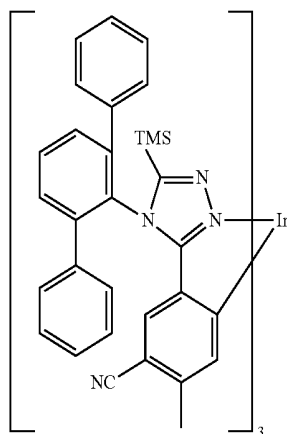
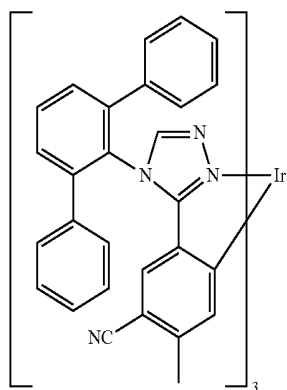
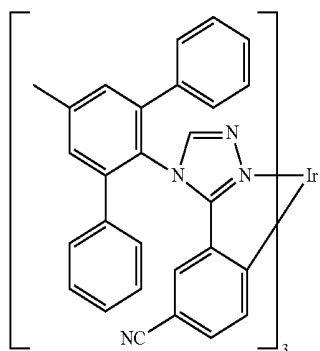
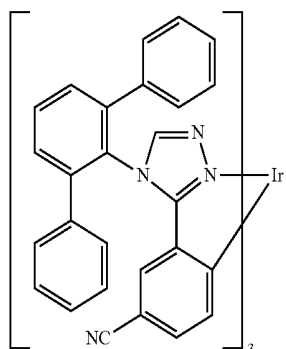
[0147] b53 and b55 may each independently be an integer from 1 to 3,

[0148] b52 may be an integer from 1 to 4, and

[0149] * and *' each indicate a binding site to M_1 in Formula 1.

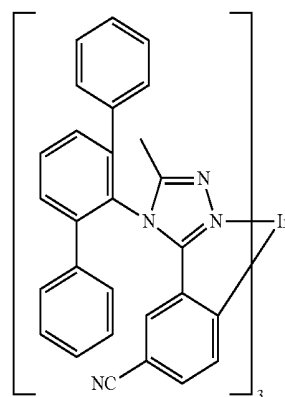
[0150] The organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 is neutral and may not have a salt form including an anion and a cation.

[0151] The organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 may be selected from Compounds 1 to 10, but embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto:



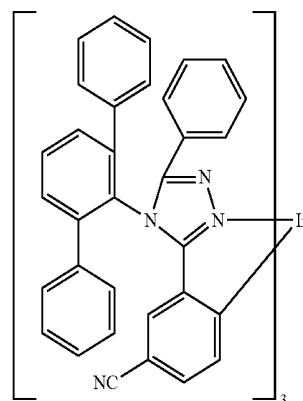
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1



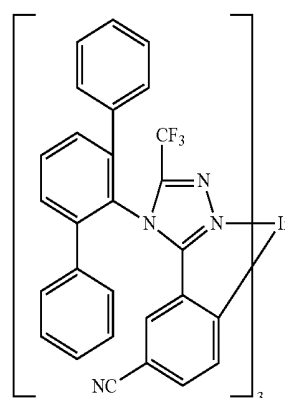
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2



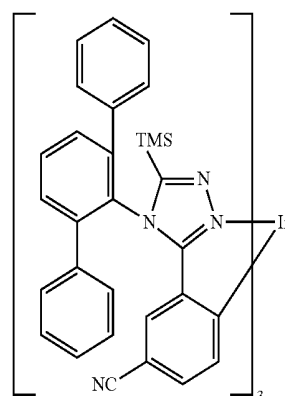
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3



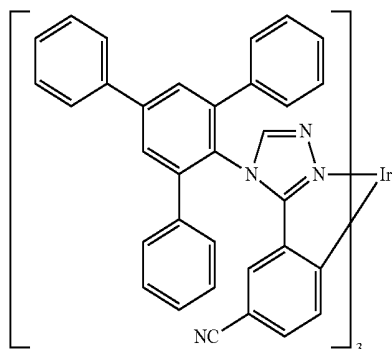
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4

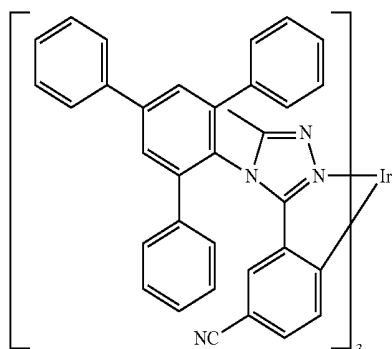


8

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9



10

[0152] A maximum emission wavelength (experimental value) of the organometallic compound may be in a range of about 440 nanometers (nm) to about 465 nm, for example, about 440 nm to about 460 nm. When the maximum emission wavelength is in a range of about 440 nm to about 465 nm, an organic light-emitting device emitting deep blue light may be provided.

[0153] The organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 essentially includes CY_1 and CY_2 at positions defined herein.

[0154] Thus, the organometallic compound may have a natural population analysis (NPA) charge value of about 0.6 or less, for example, about 0.4 to about 0.55. The NPA charge value is evaluated by a density functional theory (DFT) method using a Gaussian program that is structurally optimized at a level of B3LYP/6-31G(d,p), and NPA charge values of Compounds 1 to 10 are shown in Table 1:

TABLE 1

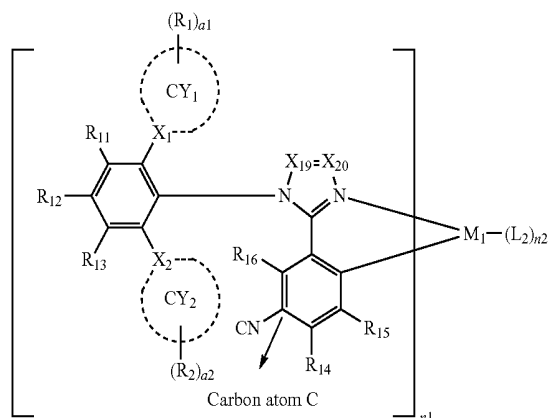
Compound No.	NPA charge value
1	0.48
2	0.45
3	0.47
4	0.51
5	0.47
6	0.47
7	0.48
8	0.51
9	0.46
10	0.47

[0155] Since the organometallic compound having the NPA charge value in the above-described range has excellent heat resistance and/or decomposition resistance, an elec-

tronic device, for example, an organic light-emitting device, which includes the organometallic compound, may have a long lifespan.

[0156] On the other hand, a "carbon atom C" in Formula 1 is essentially bonded to a cyano group (see Formula 1'). Thus, since the organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 has a deep highest occupied molecular orbital (HOMO) energy level (that is, a low HOMO energy level or a large absolute value of a HOMO energy level), the organometallic compound may have a high triplet energy level. Therefore, the use of the organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 may make it possible to emit deep blue light having excellent color purity.

Formula 1'



[0157] Also, in one or more embodiments, the organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 may include at least one deuterium. Compared with a single bond between carbon and hydrogen, a single bond between carbon and deuterium has a stronger bond strength and a shorter bond length. Thus, the deuterium-containing organometallic compound may have higher thermal stability than the deuterium-free organometallic compound. Therefore, radicalization of the organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 slowly progresses due to heat and/or electric field generated when the organic light-emitting device is kept and/or driven, and thus, an organic light-emitting device including the organometallic compound may have a longer lifespan.

[0158] Furthermore, in one or more embodiments, R_{14} in Formula 1 may not be hydrogen, or may be, for example, a deuterium-containing substituent. The organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 may have a high lowest unoccupied molecular orbital (LUMO) energy level and a high triplet (T_1) energy level. Thus, the use of the organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 may make it possible to emit blue light having excellent color purity.

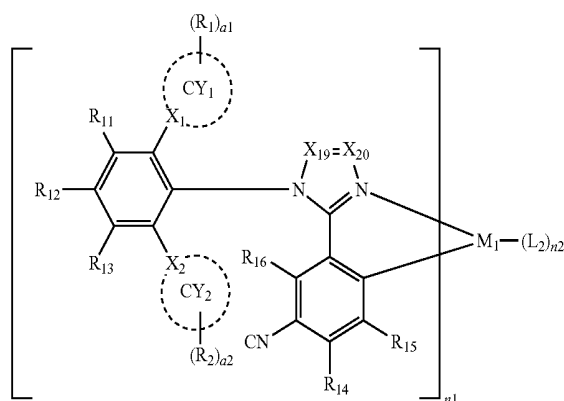
[0159] HOMO energy levels, LUMO energy levels, T_1 energy levels, emission wavelengths and maximum emission wavelengths (λ_{max}) of some of the organometallic compounds represented by Formula 1 were evaluated by using a Gaussian 09 program for optimizing a molecular structure through DFT based on B3LYP. Evaluation results thereof are shown in Table 2.

TABLE 2

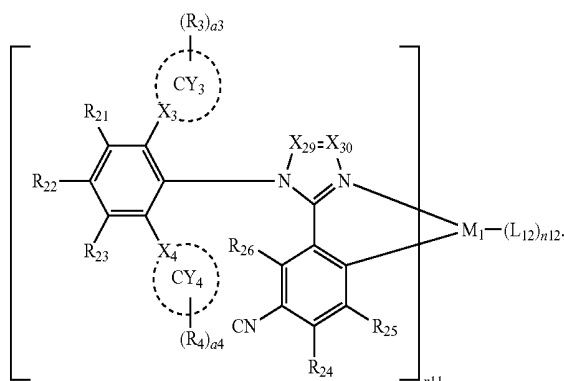
Compound No.	HOMO (eV)	LUMO (eV)	T ₁ (eV)	Emission wavelength (s) (nm)
1	-5.40	-1.40	2.73	467 (λ_{max}), 492
2	-5.35	-1.31	2.74	465 (λ_{max}), 492
3	-5.30	-1.31	2.77	460 (λ_{max}), 484
4	-5.28	-1.25	2.78	453 (λ_{max}), 480
5	-5.28	-1.33	2.70	470 (λ_{max}), 497
6	-5.36	-1.52	2.63	478 (λ_{max}), 509
7	-5.81	-1.77	2.75	458 (λ_{max})
8	-5.38	-1.34	2.75	457 (λ_{max}), 486
9	-5.37	-1.50	2.73	468 (λ_{max}), 492
10	-5.25	-1.45	2.70	471 (λ_{max}), 497

[0160] On the other hand, in synthesizing an organometallic compound that is represented by Formula 1 but includes at least one deuterium, if at least one of the organometallic compound is deuterated, an organometallic compound in which hydrogen is not substituted with deuterium (that is, an organometallic compound represented by Formula 2 as follows) may also be synthesized, simultaneously. Thus, a composition containing the organometallic compound, which includes organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 and includes at least one deuterium (hereinafter, a “first organometallic compound”) and further includes an organometallic compound represented by Formula 2 (hereinafter, a “second organometallic compound”), may be provided:

Formula 1



Formula 2



[0161] In Formulae 1 and 2,

[0162] M₁ and M₁₁ may each independently be selected from a first-row transition metal of the Periodic Table of Elements, a second-row transition metal of the Periodic Table of Elements, and a third-row transition metal of the Periodic Table of Elements,

[0163] n₁ and n₁₁ may each independently be 1, 2, or 3,

[0164] L₂ and L₁₂ may each independently be a monodentate ligand or a bidentate ligand,

[0165] n₂ and n₁₂ may each independently be 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4, wherein, when n₂ is two or more, two or more groups L₂ may be identical to or different from each other, and when n₁₂ is two or more, two or more groups L₁₂ may be identical to or different from each other,

[0166] X₁ to X₄ may each independently be carbon or nitrogen,

[0167] CY₁ to CY₄ may each independently be a C₅-C₃₀ carbocyclic group or a C₂-C₃₀ heterocyclic group,

[0168] X₁₉ may be N or C(R₁₉), and X₂₀ may be N or C(R₂₀), provided that at least one of X₁₉ and X₂₀ is N,

[0169] X₂₉ may be N or C(R₂₉), and X₃₀ may be N or C(R₃₀), provided that at least one of X₂₉ and X₃₀ is N,

[0170] R₁, R₂, R₁₁ to R₁₆, R₁₉, and R₂₀ may each independently be selected from hydrogen, deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, —SF₅, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ alkoxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₇-C₆₀ arylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroarylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₆₀ heteroarylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, —N(Q₁)(Q₂), —Si(Q₃)(Q₄)(Q₅), —B(Q₆)(Q₇), and —P(=O)(Q₈)(Q₉),

[0171] two or more neighboring groups selected from R₁, R₂, R₁₁ to R₁₃, CY₁, and CY₂ may optionally be linked to form a substituted or unsubstituted C₅-C₃₀ carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₃₀ heterocyclic group,

[0172] a₁ and a₂ may each independently be an integer from 0 to 5,

[0173] i) X₁₉ may be C(R₁₉), X₂₀ may be N, and at least one of R₁, R₂, R₁₁ to R₁₆, and R₁₉ may be a deuterium-containing substituent; ii) X₁₉ may be N, X₂₀ may be C(R₂₀), and at least one of R₁, R₂, R₁₁ to R₁₆, and R₂₀ may be a deuterium-containing substituent; or iii) X₁₉

and X₂₀ may each be N, and at least one of R₁, R₂, and R₁₁ to R₁₆ may be a deuterium-containing substituent, [0174] R₃, R₄, R₂₁ to R₂₆, R₂₉, and R₃₀ may each independently be selected from hydrogen, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, —SF₅, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ alkoxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₇-C₆₀ arylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroarylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₆₀ heteroarylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, —N(Q₁)(Q₂), —Si(Q₃)(Q₄)(Q₅), —B(Q₆)(Q₇), and —P(=O)(Q₈)(Q₉),

[0175] two or more neighboring groups selected from R₃, R₄, R₂₁ to R₂₃, CY₃, and CY₄ may optionally be linked to form a substituted or unsubstituted C₅-C₃₀ carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₃₀ heterocyclic group,

[0176] a₃ and a₄ may each independently be an integer from 0 to 5, and

[0177] R₃, R₄, R₂₁ to R₂₆, R₂₉, and R₃₀ may each be a deuterium-free substituent.

[0178] Descriptions for the first organometallic compound are the same as described in Formula 1, except that at least one deuterium is included therein and descriptions for the second organometallic compound are the same as described in Formula 1, except that deuterium is not included therein.

[0179] A deuteration rate of the composition containing the organometallic compound may be about 50% or more. The deuteration rate may be calculated by using Equation 2:

$$\text{deuteration rate (\%)} = n_{D2} / (n_{H2} + n_{D2}) \times 100. \quad \text{Equation 2}$$

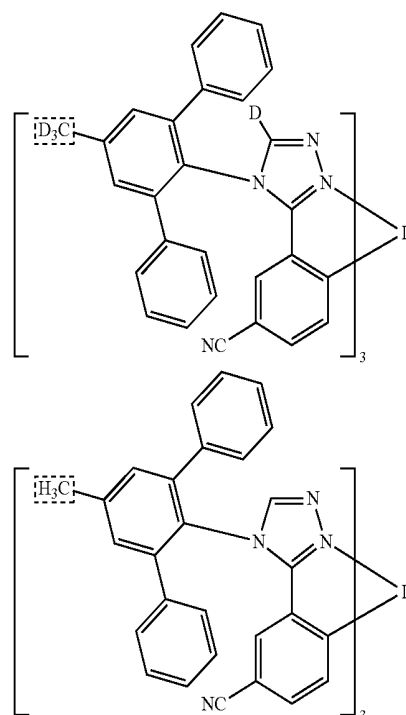
[0180] In Equation 2,

[0181] n_{H2} represents the sum of a total number of hydrogens included in the deuterium-containing substituents in the first organometallic compound and a total number of hydrogens included in the deuterium-free substituent of the second organometallic compound corresponding to the deuterium-containing substituent in the first organometallic compound, and

[0182] n_{D2} represents a total number of deuterium atoms included in the deuterium-containing substituents in the first organometallic compound.

[0183] When a substituent indicated by a dashed box in the left compound of the following compounds is a deuterium-containing substituent, a deuterium-free substituent

corresponding to the deuterium-containing substituent in the right compound may mean a substituent indicated by a dashed box in the right compound. That is, in the present disclosure, substituents bonded to carbon at the same position in two compounds that differ from each other only in terms of the presence or absence of isotope are defined as “corresponding” substituents.



[0184] For example, if the first organometallic compound includes two deuterium-containing substituents, n_{D2} means the total number of deuterium atoms included in the two deuterium-containing substituents. Also, n_{H2} means the sum of the number of hydrogens included in the two deuterium-containing substituents and the number of hydrogens included in the deuterium-free substituent of the second organometallic compound corresponding to the two deuterium-containing substituents.

[0185] In an embodiment, the deuteration rate may be about 70% or more, about 90% or more, about 95% or more, about 96% or more, about 97% or more, about 98% or more, or about 99% or more, but embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto.

[0186] Synthesis methods of the organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 may be recognizable by one of ordinary skill in the art by referring to Synthesis Examples provided below. The composition containing the organometallic compound including the first organometallic compound and the second organometallic compound may be obtained by an incomplete deuteration in synthesizing the first organometallic compound, not by mixing the first organometallic compound and the second organometallic compound.

[0187] Synthesis methods of the organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 may be recognizable by one of ordinary skill in the art by referring to Synthesis Examples provided below.

[0188] The organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 or a composition including the organometallic compound may be suitable for use in an organic layer of an organic light-emitting device, for example, for use as a dopant in an emission layer of the organic layer. Thus, another aspect of the present description provides an organic light-emitting device that includes:

[0189] a first electrode;

[0190] a second electrode; and

[0191] an organic layer disposed between the first electrode and the second electrode, wherein the organic layer includes an emission layer and at least one of the organometallic compound represented by Formula 1.

[0192] The organic light-emitting device may have, due to the inclusion of an organic layer including the organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 or the composition including the organometallic compound, high efficiency, a long lifespan, and a high color purity.

[0193] The organometallic compound of Formula 1 or the composition including the organometallic compound may be used between a pair of electrodes of an organic light-emitting device. For example, the organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 or the composition including the organometallic compound may be included in the emission layer. In this embodiment, the organometallic compound or the composition including the organometallic compound may act as a dopant, and the emission layer may further include a host (that is, an amount of the organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 or the composition including the organometallic compound is smaller than an amount of the host). In this embodiment, the dopant may emit blue light.

[0194] The expression “(an organic layer) includes at least one of organometallic compounds” as used herein may include an embodiment in which “(an organic layer) includes identical organometallic compounds represented by Formula 1” and an embodiment in which “(an organic layer) includes two or more different organometallic compounds represented by Formula 1.”

[0195] For example, the organic layer may include, as the organometallic compound, only Compound 1. In this regard, Compound 1 may be included in an emission layer of the organic light-emitting device. In one or more embodiments, the organic layer may include, as the organometallic compound, Compound 1 and Compound 2. In this embodiment, Compound 1 and Compound 2 may be included in an identical layer (for example, Compound 1 and Compound 2 may both be included in an emission layer).

[0196] The first electrode may be an anode, which is a hole injection electrode, and the second electrode may be a cathode, which is an electron injection electrode; or the first electrode may be a cathode, which is an electron injection electrode, and the second electrode may be an anode, which is a hole injection electrode.

[0197] In an embodiment, in the organic light-emitting device, the first electrode is an anode, and the second electrode is a cathode, and the organic layer further includes a hole transport region disposed between the first electrode and the emission layer and an electron transport region disposed between the emission layer and the second electrode, and the hole transport region includes a hole injection layer, a hole transport layer, an electron blocking layer, a buffer layer or any combination thereof and the electron

transport region includes a hole blocking layer, an electron transport layer, an electron injection layer or any combination thereof.

[0198] The term “organic layer” as used herein refers to a single layer and/or a plurality of layers disposed between the first electrode and the second electrode of the organic light-emitting device. The “organic layer” may include, in addition to an organic compound, an organometallic complex including metal.

[0199] The FIGURE is a schematic view of an organic light-emitting device 10 according to an embodiment. Hereinafter, the structure of an organic light-emitting device according to an embodiment and a method of manufacturing an organic light-emitting device according to an embodiment will be described in connection with the FIGURE. The organic light-emitting device 10 includes a first electrode 11, an organic layer 15, and a second electrode 19, which are sequentially stacked.

[0200] A substrate may be additionally disposed under the first electrode 11 or above the second electrode 19. For use as the substrate, any substrate that is used in general organic light-emitting devices may be used, and the substrate may be a glass substrate or a transparent plastic substrate, each having excellent mechanical strength, thermal stability, transparency, surface smoothness, ease of handling, and water resistance.

[0201] The first electrode 11 may be formed by depositing or sputtering a material for forming the first electrode 11 on the substrate. The first electrode 11 may be an anode. The material for forming the first electrode 11 may be selected from materials with a high work function to facilitate hole injection. The first electrode 11 may be a reflective electrode, a semi-transmissive electrode, or a transmissive electrode. The material for forming the first electrode may be, for example, indium tin oxide (ITO), indium zinc oxide (IZO), tin oxide (SnO₂), and zinc oxide (ZnO). In one or more embodiments, magnesium (Mg), aluminum (Al), aluminum-lithium (Al—Li), calcium (Ca), magnesium-indium (Mg—In), or magnesium-silver (Mg—Ag) may be used as the material for forming the first electrode.

[0202] The first electrode 11 may have a single-layered structure or a multi-layered structure including two or more layers. For example, the first electrode 11 may have a three-layered structure of ITO/Ag/ITO, but the structure of the first electrode 110 is not limited thereto.

[0203] The organic layer 15 is disposed on the first electrode 11.

[0204] The organic layer 15 may include a hole transport region, an emission layer, and an electron transport region.

[0205] The hole transport region may be disposed between the first electrode 11 and the emission layer.

[0206] The hole transport region may include at least one selected from a hole injection layer, a hole transport layer, an electron blocking layer, and a buffer layer.

[0207] The hole transport region may include only either a hole injection layer or a hole transport layer. In one or more embodiments, the hole transport region may have a hole injection layer/hole transport layer structure or a hole injection layer/hole transport layer/electron blocking layer structure, which are sequentially stacked in this stated order from the first electrode 11.

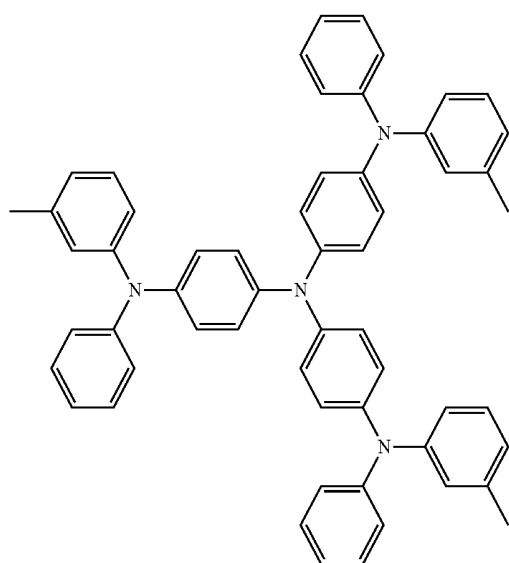
[0208] A hole injection layer may be formed on the first electrode **11** by using one or more suitable methods selected from vacuum deposition, spin coating, casting, or Langmuir-Blodgett (LB) deposition.

[0209] When a hole injection layer is formed by vacuum deposition, the deposition conditions may vary according to a compound that is used to form the hole injection layer, and the structure and thermal characteristics of the hole injection layer. For example, the deposition conditions may include a deposition temperature of about 100° C. to about 500° C., a vacuum pressure of about 10⁻⁸ torr to about 10⁻³ torr, and a deposition rate of about 0.01 Å/sec to about 100 Å/sec. However, the deposition conditions are not limited thereto.

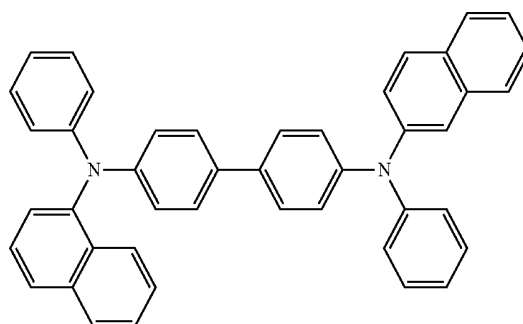
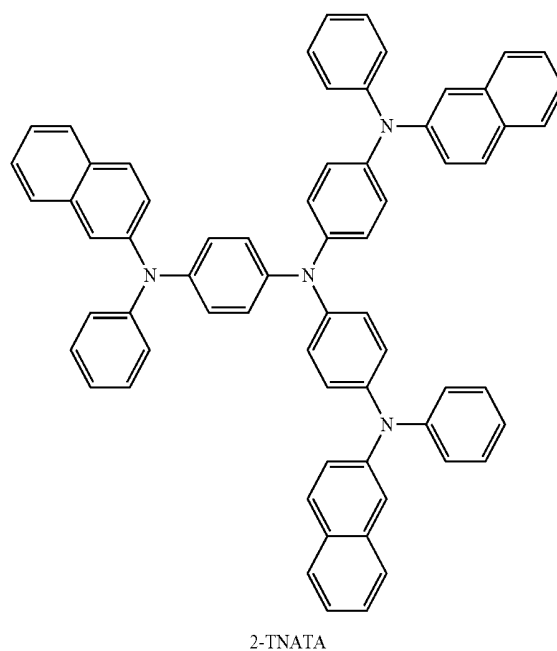
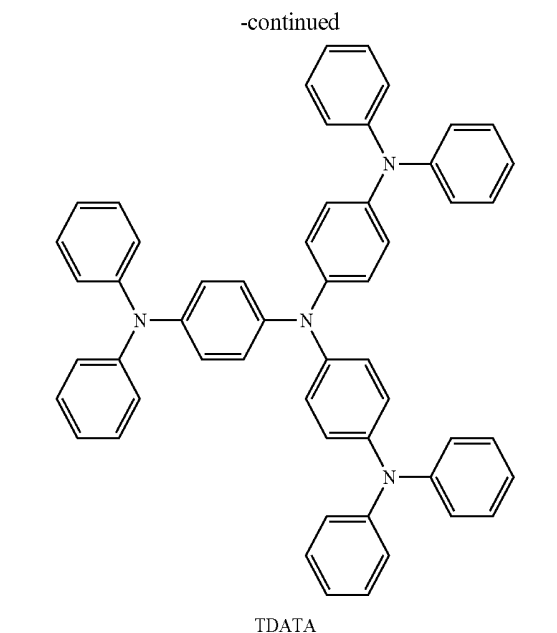
[0210] When the hole injection layer is formed using spin coating, coating conditions may vary according to the material used to form the hole injection layer, and the structure and thermal properties of the hole injection layer. For example, a coating speed may be from about 2,000 revolutions per minute (rpm) to about 5,000 rpm, and a temperature at which a heat treatment is performed to remove a solvent after coating may be from about 80° C. to about 200° C. However, the coating conditions are not limited thereto.

[0211] Conditions for forming a hole transport layer and an electron blocking layer may be understood by referring to conditions for forming the hole injection layer.

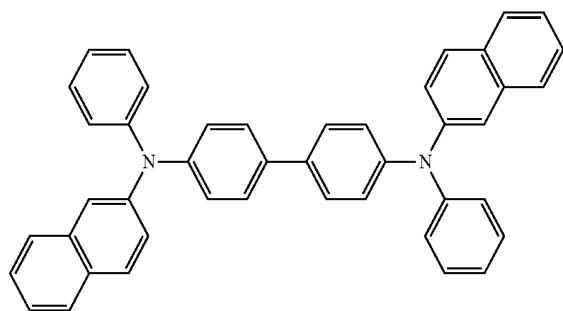
[0212] The hole transport region may include at least one selected from m-MTDATA, TDATA, 2-TNATA, NPB, p-NPB, TPD, Spiro-TPD, Spiro-NPB, methylated-NPB, TAPC, HMTPD, 4,4',4''-tris(N-carbazolyl)triphenylamine (TCTA), polyaniline/dodecylbenzene sulfonic acid (PANI/DBSA), poly(3,4-ethylenedioxythiophene)/poly(4-styrene sulfonate) (PEDOT/PSS), polyaniline/camphor sulfonic acid (PANI/CSA), polyaniline/poly(4-styrene sulfonate) (PANI/PSS), a compound represented by Formula 201 below, and a compound represented by Formula 202 below:



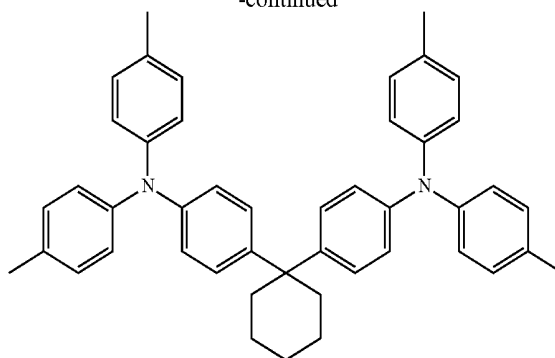
m-MTDATA



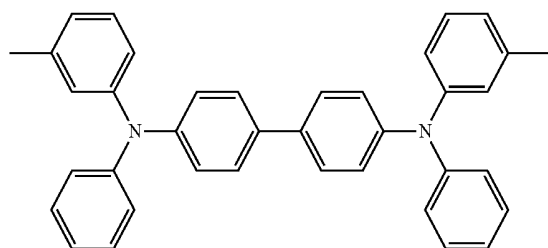
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 β -NPB

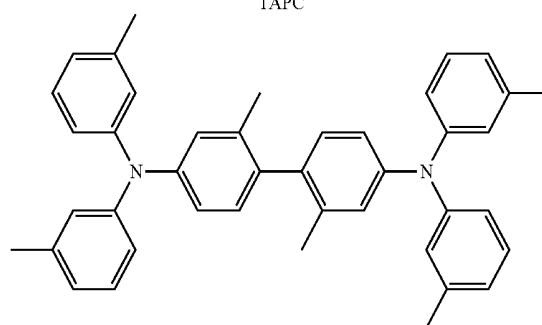
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TAPC

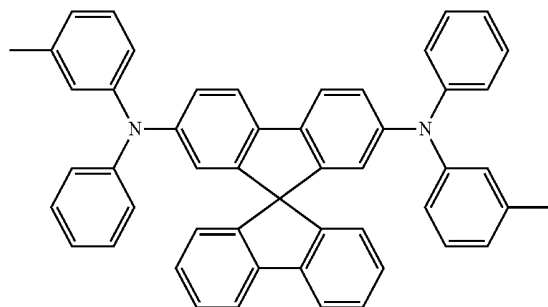


TPD

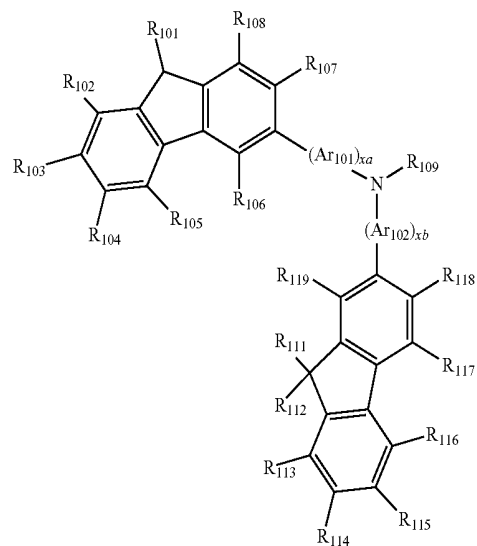


HMTPD

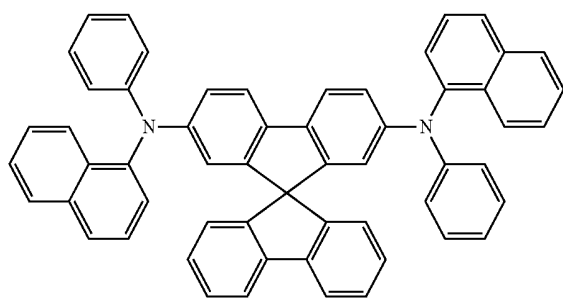
Formula 201



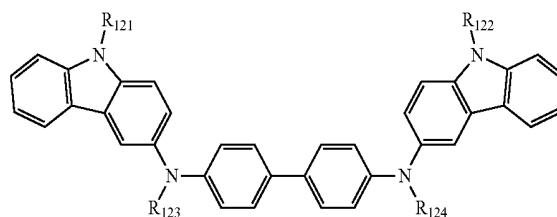
Spiro-TPD



Formula 202



Spiro-NPB



methylated NPB

[0213] Ar_{101} and Ar_{102} in Formula 201 may each independently be selected from:

[0214] a phenylene group, a pentalenylene group, an indenylene group, a naphthylene group, an azulenylene group, a heptalenylene group, an acenaphthylene

group, a fluorenylene group, a phenalenylene group, a phenanthrenylene group, an anthracenylylene group, a fluoranthenylylene group, a triphenylenylene group, a pyrenylene group, a chrysenylenylene group, a naphthacenylylene group, a picenylene group, a perylenylene group, and a pentacenylylene group; and

[0215] a phenylene group, a pentalenylylene group, an indenylene group, a naphthylene group, an azulenylylene group, a heptalenylene group, an acenaphthylene group, a fluorenylylene group, a phenalenylene group, a phenanthrenylene group, an anthracenylylene group, a fluoranthenylylene group, a triphenylenylene group, a pyrenylene group, a chrysenylenylene group, a naphthacenylylene group, a picenylene group, a perylenylene group, and a pentacenylylene group, each substituted with at least one selected from deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group, a C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group, a C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group, a C₁-C₆₀ alkoxy group, a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group, a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group, a C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group, a C₇-C₆₀ arylalkyl group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryloxy group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroarylthio group, a C₂-C₆₀ heteroarylalkyl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group.

[0216] In Formula 201, xa and xb may each independently be an integer from 0 to 5, or 0, 1, or 2. For example, xa may be 1, and xb may be 0, but embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto.

[0217] In Formulae 201 and 202, R₁₀₁ to R₁₀₈, R₁₁₁ to R₁₁₉, and R₁₂₁ to R₁₂₄ may each independently be selected from:

[0218] hydrogen, deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C₁-C₁₀ alkyl group (for example, a methyl group, an ethyl group, a propyl group, a butyl group, pentyl group, and a hexyl group), and C₁-C₁₀ alkoxy group (for example, a methoxy group, an ethoxy group, a propoxy group, a butoxy group, and a pentoxy group);

[0219] a C₁-C₁₀ alkyl group and a C₁-C₁₀ alkoxy group, each substituted with at least one selected from deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, and a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof;

[0220] a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluorenyl group, and a pyrenyl group; and

[0221] a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluorenyl group, and a pyrenyl group, each substituted with at least one selected from deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C₁-C₁₀₀ alkyl group, and a C₁-C₁₀ alkoxy group, but embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto.

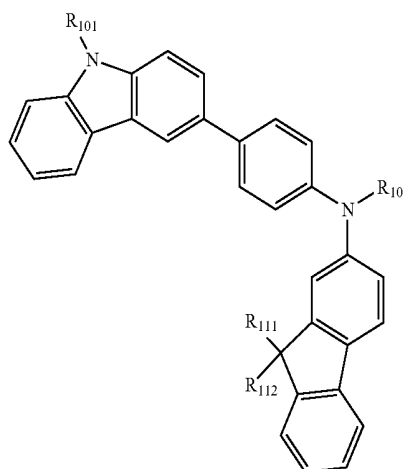
[0222] In Formula 201, R₁₀₉ may be selected from:

[0223] a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, an anthracenyl group, and a pyridinyl group; and

[0224] a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, an anthracenyl group, and a pyridinyl group, each substituted with at least one selected from deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C₁-C₂₀ alkyl group, a C₁-C₂₀ alkoxy group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, an anthracenyl group, and a pyridinyl group.

[0225] According to an embodiment, the compound represented by Formula 201 may be represented by Formula 201A, but embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto:

Formula 201A



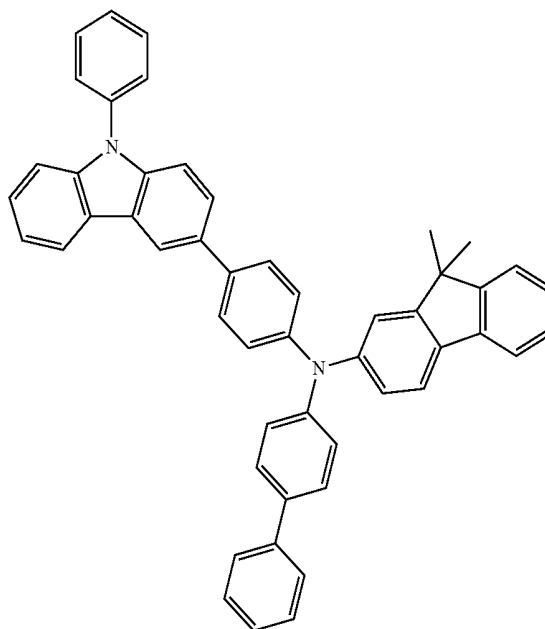
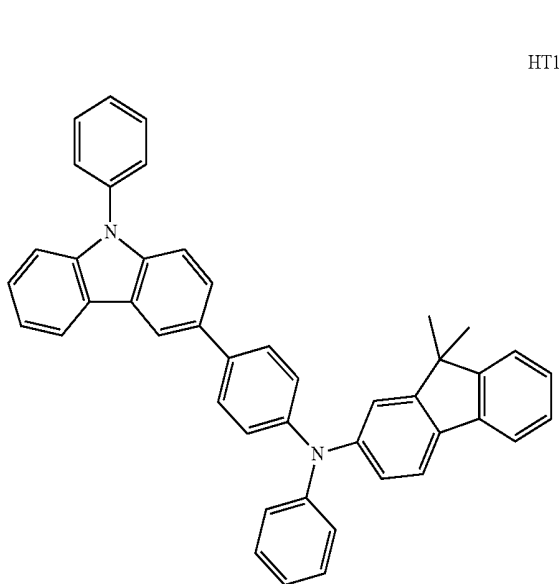
[0226] R₁₀₁, R₁₁₁, R₁₁₂, and R₁₀₉ in Formula 201A may be understood by referring to the description provided herein.

[0227] For example, the compound represented by Formula 201, and the compound represented by Formula 202

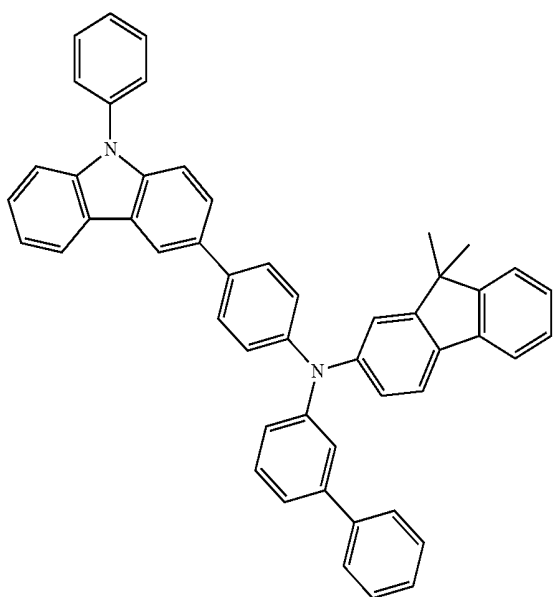
may include compounds HT1 to HT20 illustrated below, but are not limited thereto.

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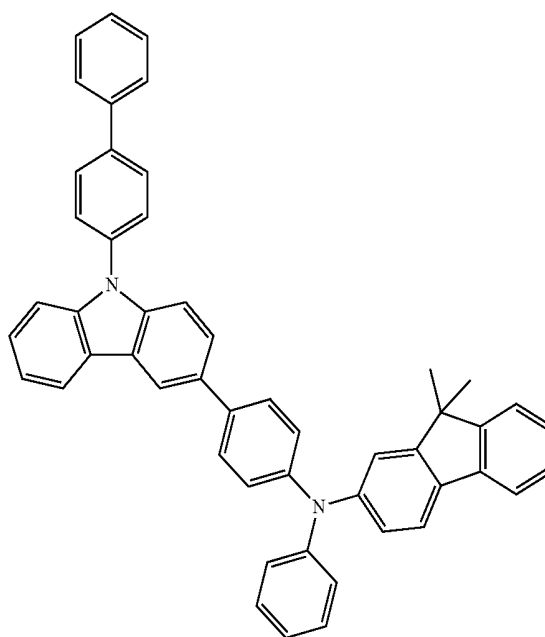
HT3



HT2

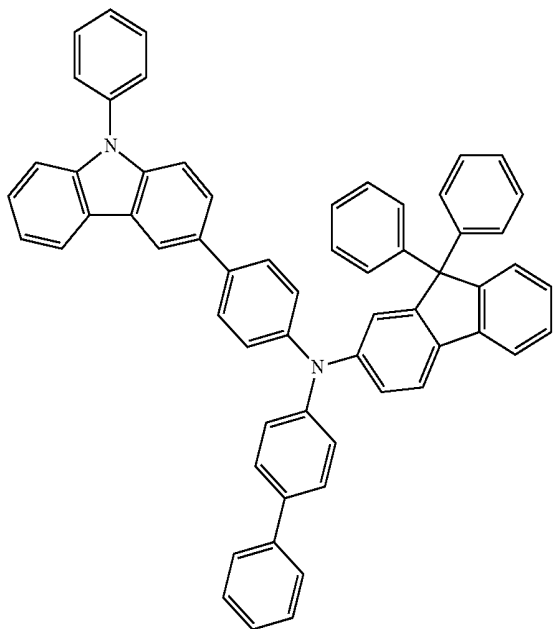


HT4



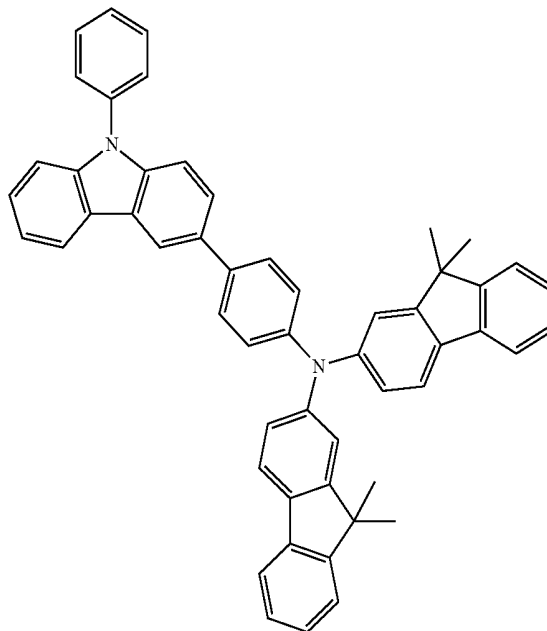
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HT5

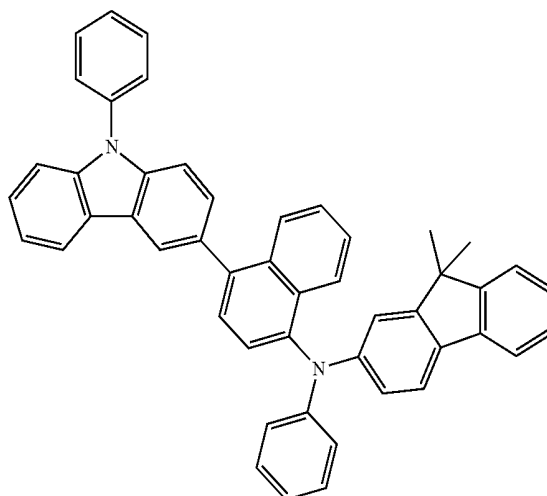


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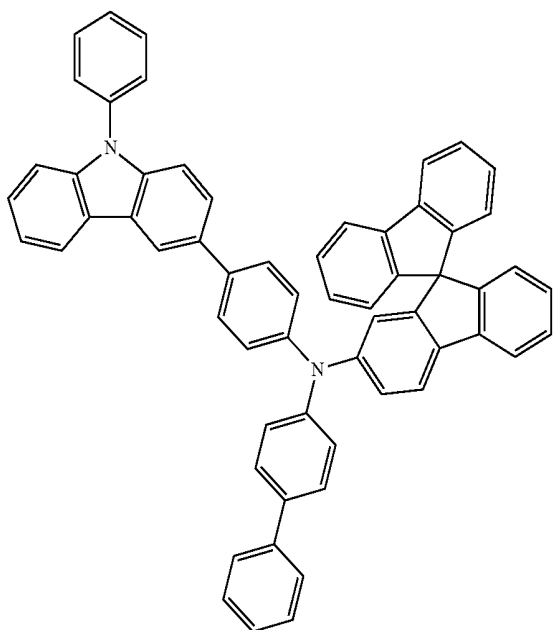
HT7



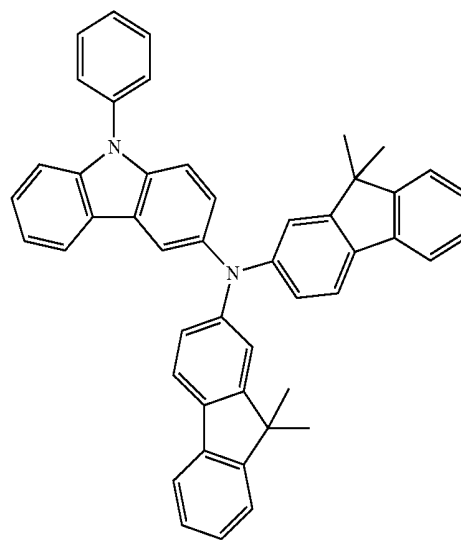
HT8



HT6

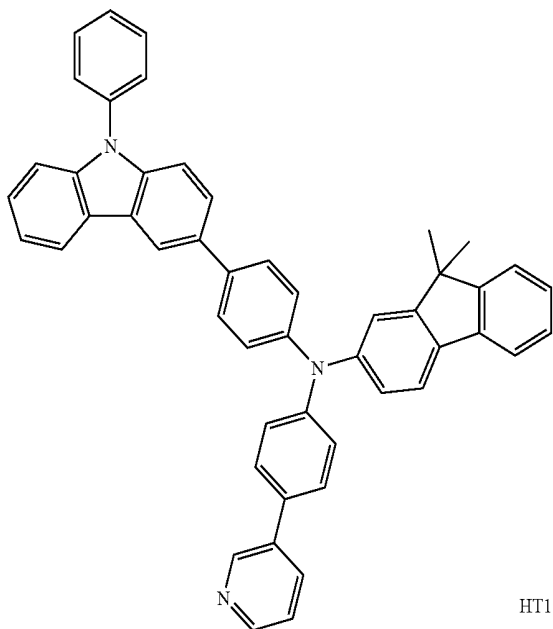


HT9

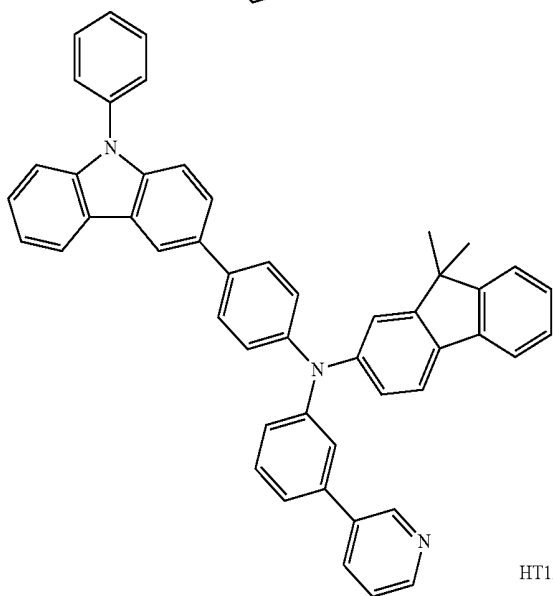


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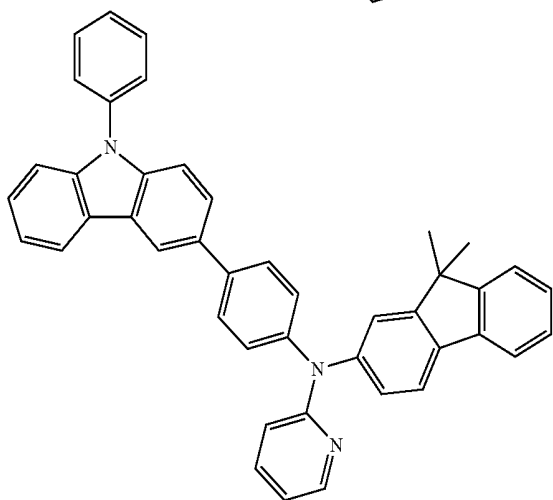
HT10



HT11

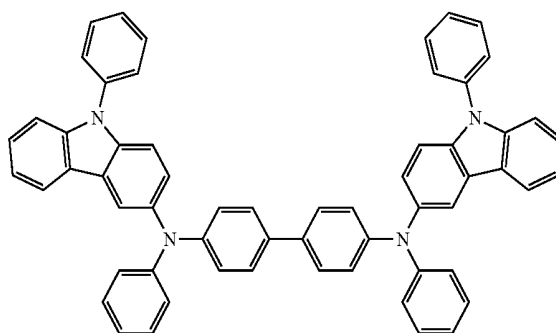


HT12

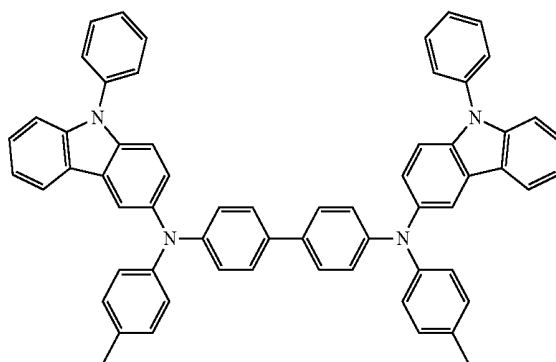


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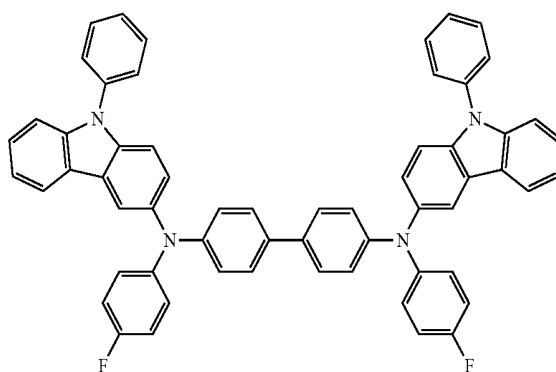
HT13



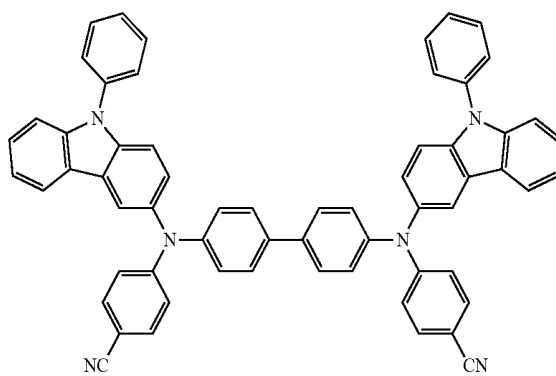
HT14



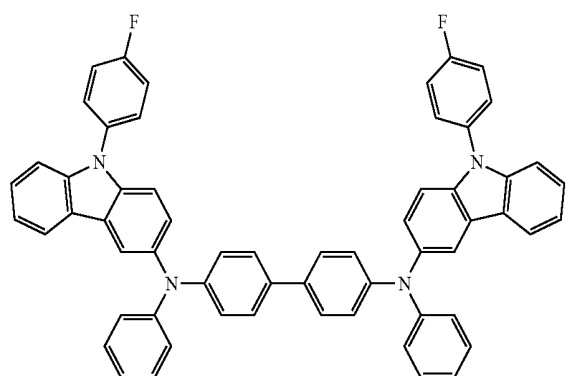
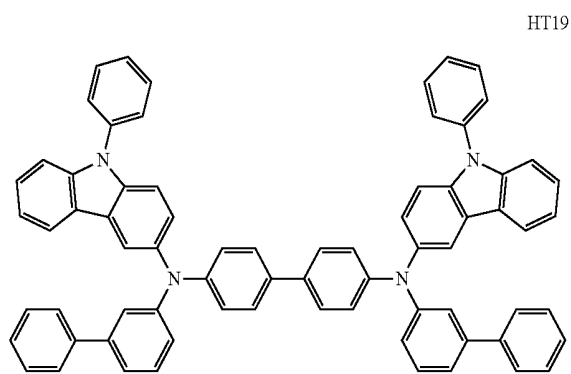
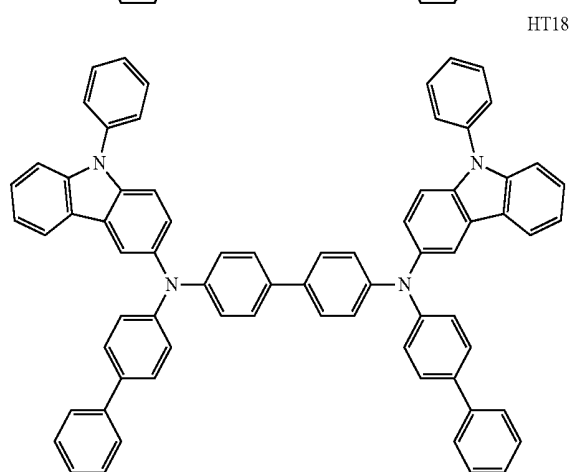
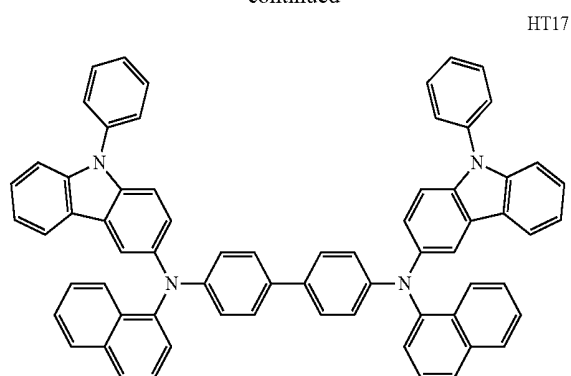
HT15



HT16



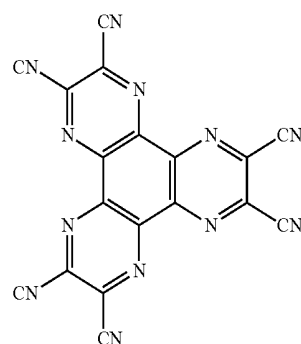
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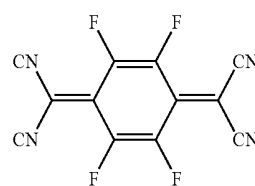
[0228] A thickness of the hole transport region may be in a range of about 100 Å to about 10,000 Å, for example, about 100 Å to about 1,000 Å. When the hole transport region includes a hole injection layer and a hole transport layer, the thickness of the hole injection layer may be in a range of about 100 Å to about 10,000 Å, and for example, about 100 Å to about 1,000 Å, and the thickness of the hole transport layer may be in a range of about 50 Å to about 2,000 Å, and for example, about 100 Å to about 1,500 Å. While not wishing to be bound by theory, it is understood that when the thicknesses of the hole transport region, the hole injection layer, and the hole transport layer are within these ranges, satisfactory hole transporting characteristics may be obtained without a substantial increase in driving voltage.

[0229] The hole transport region may further include, in addition to these materials, a charge-generation material for the improvement of conductive properties. The charge-generation material may be homogeneously or non-homogeneously dispersed in the hole transport region.

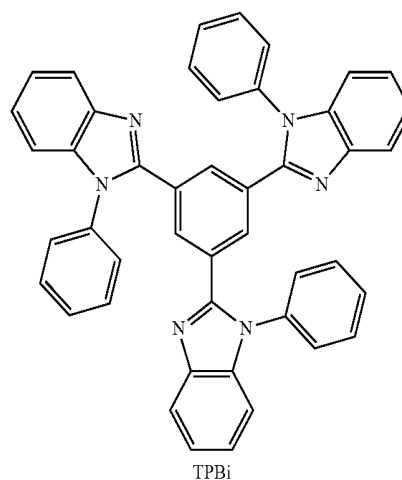
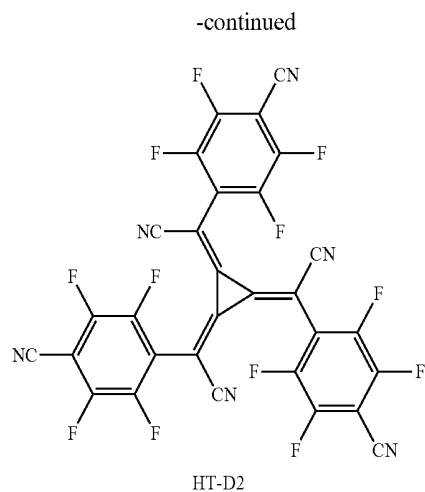
[0230] The charge-generation material may be, for example, a p-dopant. The p-dopant may be one selected from a quinone derivative, a metal oxide, and a cyano group-containing compound, but embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto. Non-limiting examples of the p-dopant are a quinone derivative, such as tetracyanoquinonedimethane (TCNQ) or 2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-tetracyano-1,4-benzoquinonedimethane (F4-TCNQ); a metal oxide, such as a tungsten oxide or a molybdenum oxide; and a cyano group-containing compound, such as Compound HT-D1 or Compound HT-D2 below, but are not limited thereto.



HT-D1



F4-TCNQ



[0231] The hole transport region may include a buffer layer.

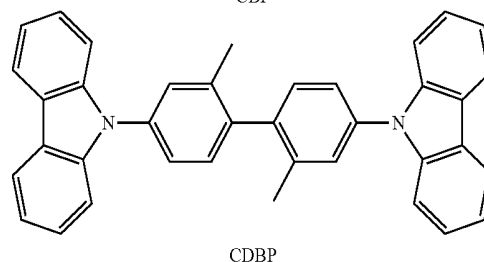
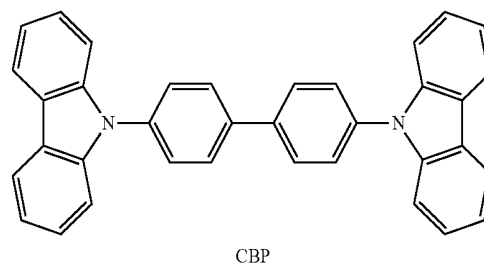
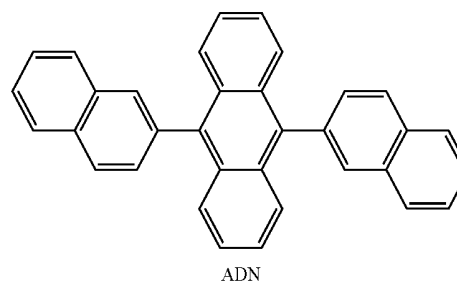
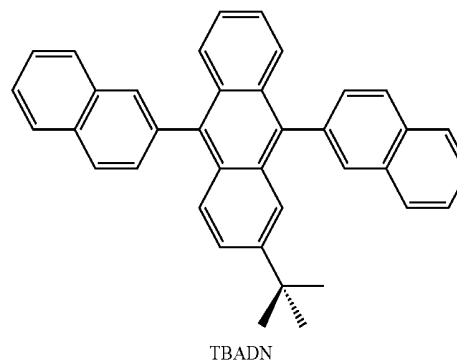
[0232] Also, the buffer layer may compensate for an optical resonance distance according to a wavelength of light emitted from the emission layer, and thus, efficiency of a formed organic light-emitting device may be improved.

[0233] Then, an emission layer may be formed on the hole transport region by vacuum deposition, spin coating, casting, LB deposition, or the like. When the emission layer is formed by vacuum deposition or spin coating, the deposition or coating conditions may be similar to those applied in forming the hole injection layer although the deposition or coating conditions may vary according to a compound that is used to form the emission layer.

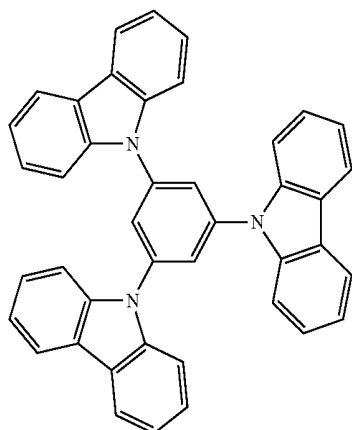
[0234] Meanwhile, when the hole transport region includes an electron blocking layer, a material for the electron blocking layer may be selected from materials for the hole transport region described above and materials for a host to be explained later. However, the material for the electron blocking layer is not limited thereto. For example, when the hole transport region includes an electron blocking layer, a material for the electron blocking layer may be mCP, which will be explained later.

[0235] The emission layer may include a host and a dopant, and the dopant may include the organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 or a composition containing the organometallic compound.

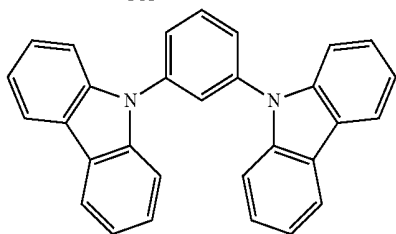
[0236] The host may include at least one selected from TPBi, TBADN, ADN (also referred to as "DNA"), CBP, CDBP, TCP, mCP, Compound H50, Compound H51 and Compound 52:



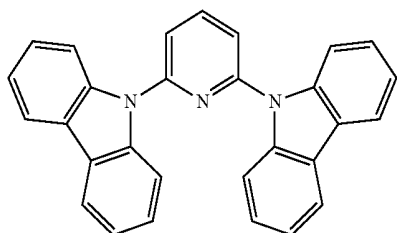
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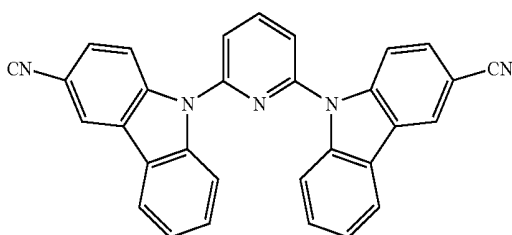
TCP



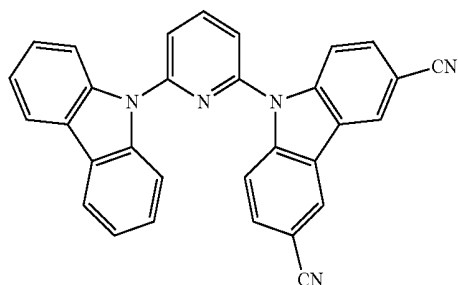
mCP



H50



H51



H52

layer, a green emission layer, and/or a blue emission layer, the emission layer may emit white light.

[0238] When the emission layer includes a host and a dopant, an amount of the dopant may be in a range of about 0.01 parts by weight to about 15 parts by weight based on 100 parts by weight of the host, but embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto.

[0239] The dopant may include at least one organometallic compounds represented by Formula 1 or the composition containing the organometallic compound described above.

[0240] A thickness of the emission layer may be in a range of about 100 Å to about 1,000 Å, for example, about 200 Å to about 600 Å. While not wishing to be bound by theory, it is understood that when the thickness of the emission layer is within this range, excellent light-emission characteristics may be obtained without a substantial increase in driving voltage.

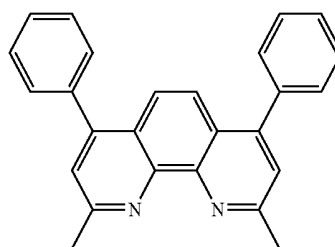
[0241] Then, an electron transport region may be disposed on the emission layer.

[0242] The electron transport region may include at least one selected from a hole blocking layer, an electron transport layer, and an electron injection layer.

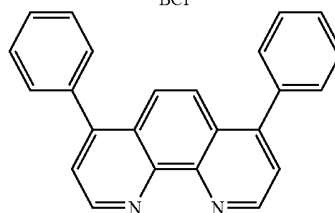
[0243] For example, the electron transport region may have a hole blocking layer/electron transport layer/electron injection layer structure or an electron transport layer/electron injection layer structure, but the structure of the electron transport region is not limited thereto. The electron transport layer may have a single-layered structure or a multi-layered structure including two or more different materials.

[0244] Conditions for forming the hole blocking layer, the electron transport layer, and the electron injection layer which constitute the electron transport region may be understood by referring to the conditions for forming the hole injection layer.

[0245] When the electron transport region includes a hole blocking layer, the hole blocking layer may include, for example, at least one of BCP, Bphen, and BAQ but embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto.



BCP



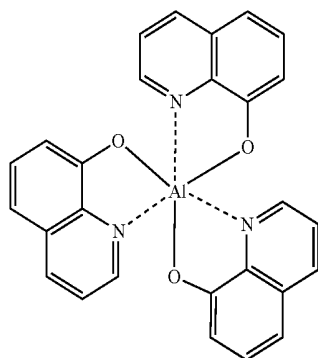
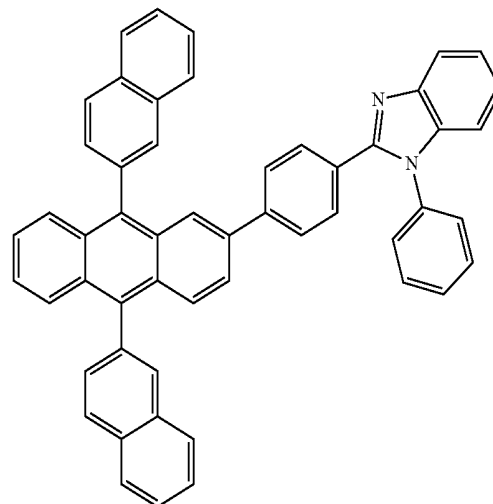
Bphen

[0237] When the organic light-emitting device is a full-color organic light-emitting device, the emission layer may be patterned into a red emission layer, a green emission layer, and a blue emission layer. In one or more embodiments, due to a stacked structure including a red emission

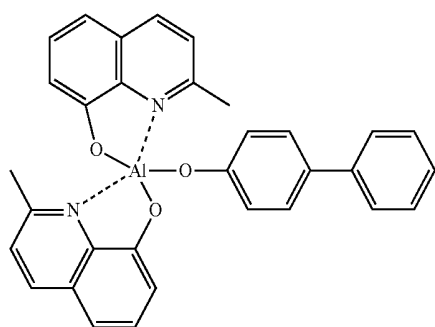
[0246] A thickness of the hole blocking layer may be in a range of about 20 Å to about 1,000 Å, for example, about 30 Å to about 300 Å. While not wishing to be bound by theory,

it is understood that when the thickness of the hole blocking layer is within these ranges, the hole blocking layer may have improved hole blocking ability without a substantial increase in driving voltage.

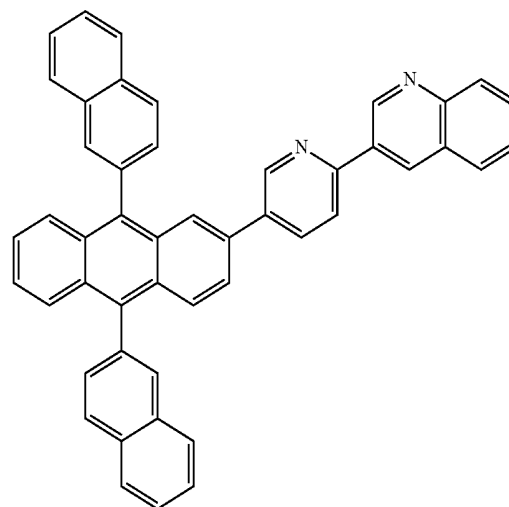
[0247] The electron transport layer may include at least one selected from BCP, Bphen, Alq₃, BAlq, TAZ, and NTAZ.

Alq₃

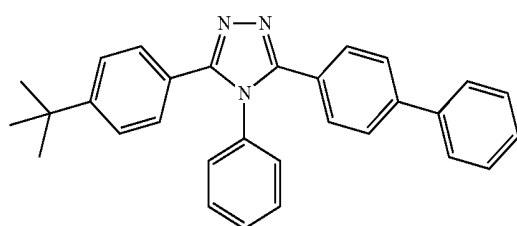
ET1



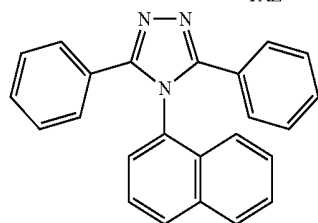
BAlq



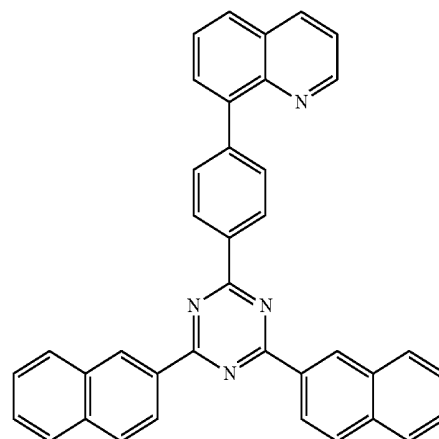
ET2



TAZ



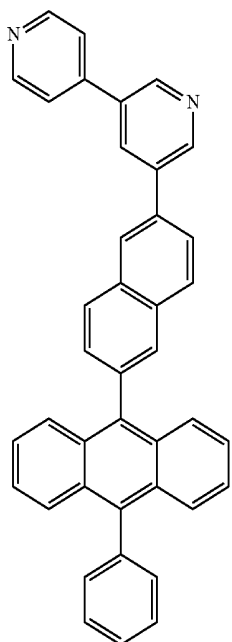
NTAZ



ET3

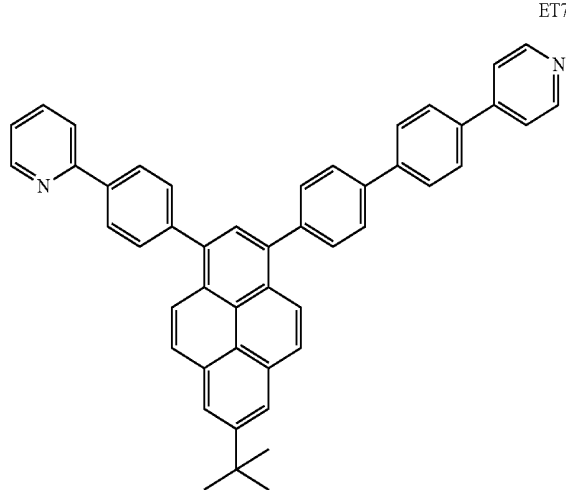
[0248] In one or more embodiments, the electron transport layer may include at least one of ET1 to ET25, but are not limited thereto:

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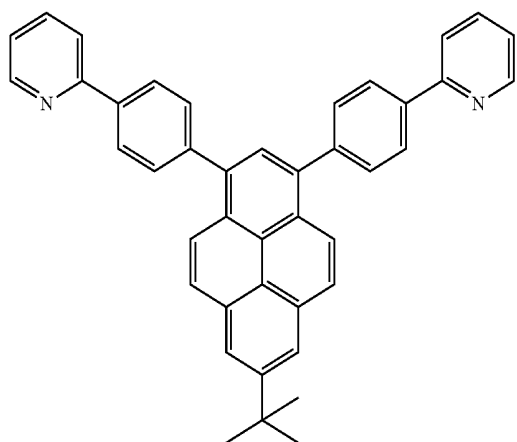
ET4

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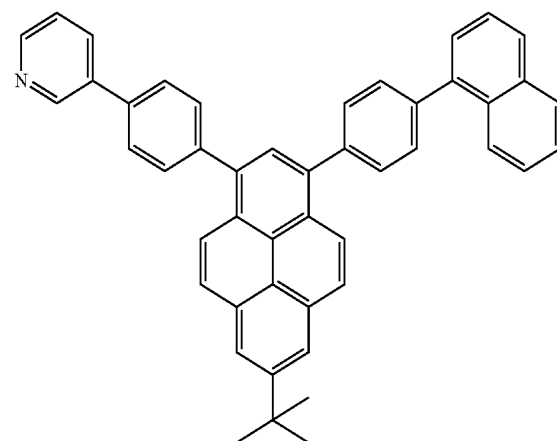


ET7

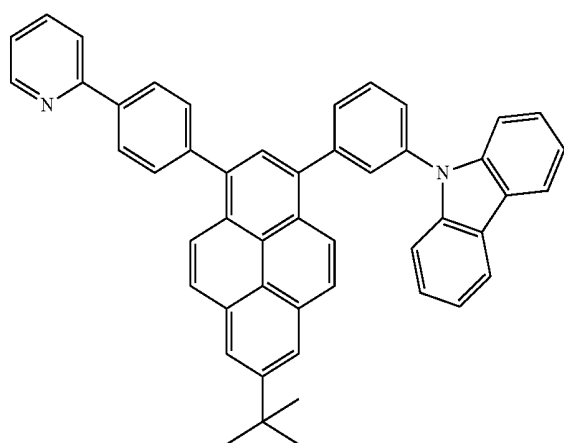
ET5



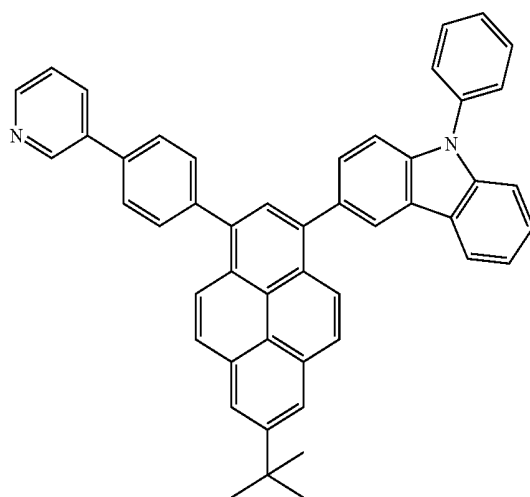
ET8



ET6

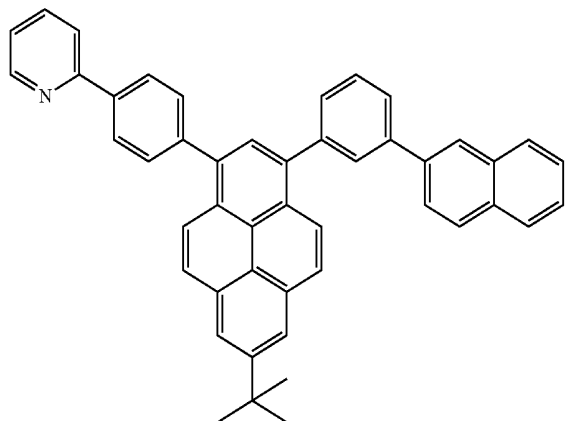


ET9



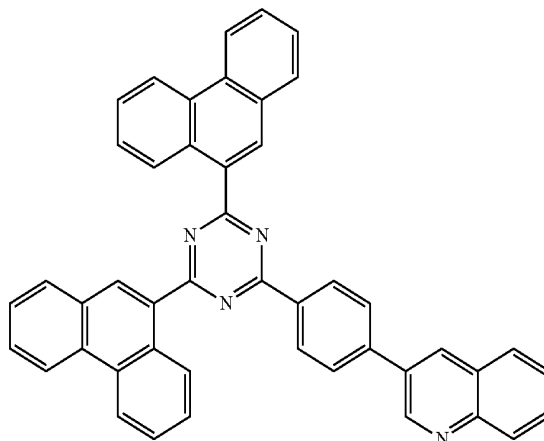
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ET10

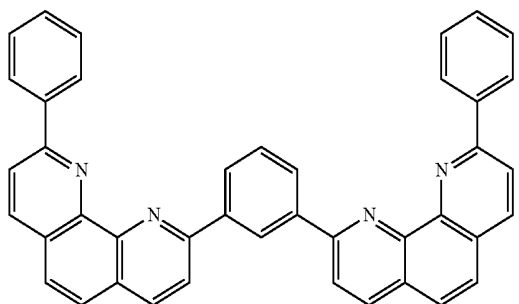


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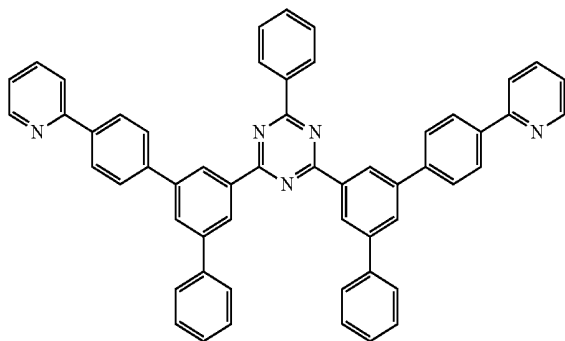
ET14



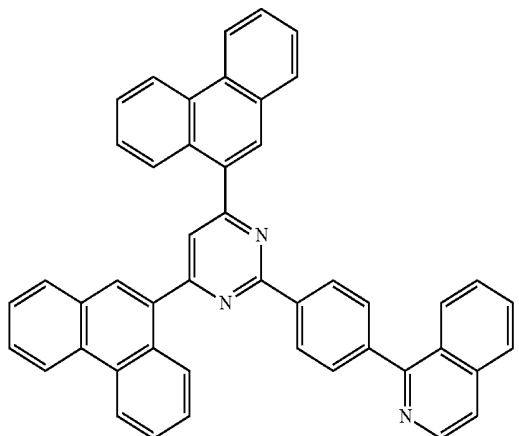
ET11



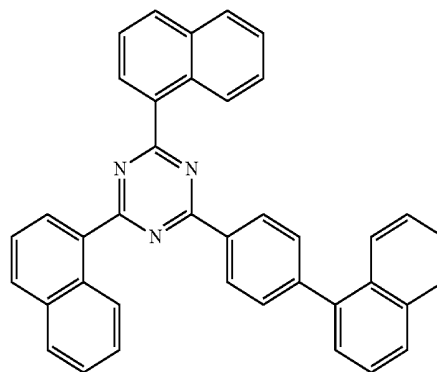
ET12



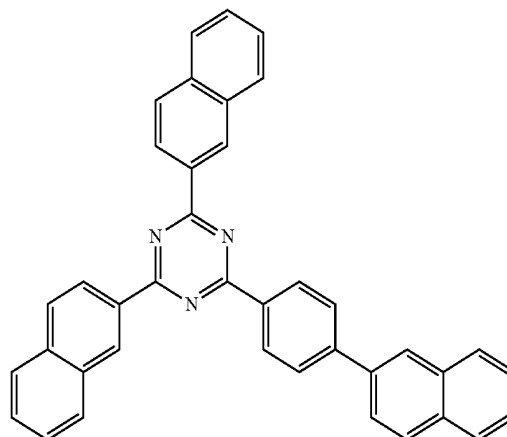
ET13



ET15

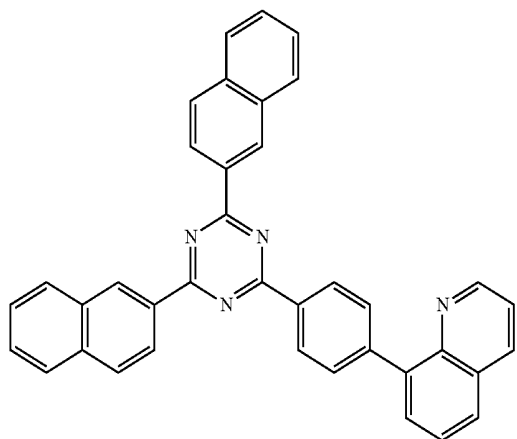


ET16

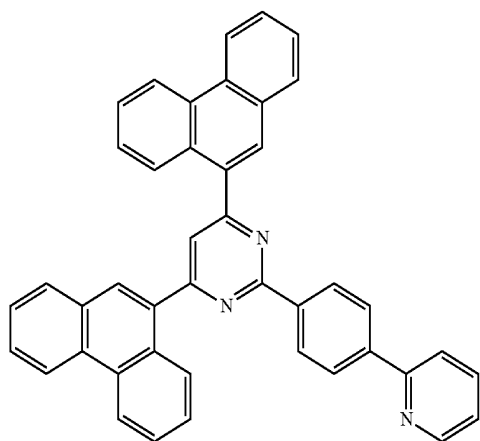


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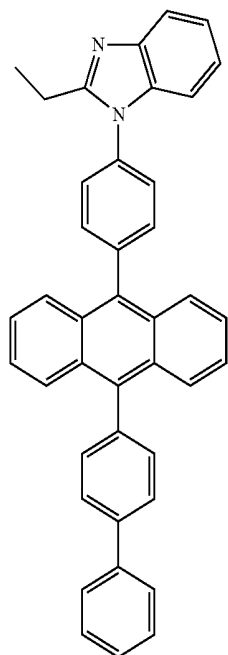
ET17



ET18

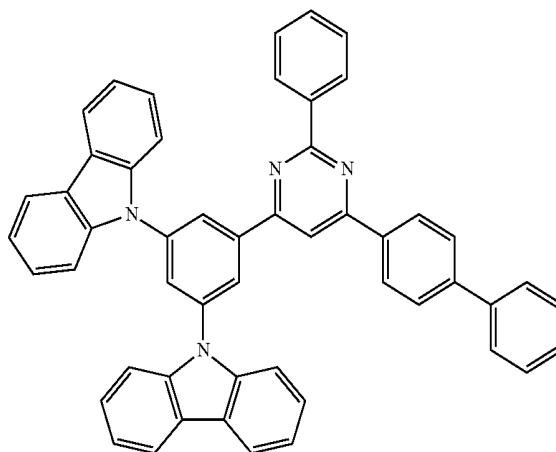


ET19

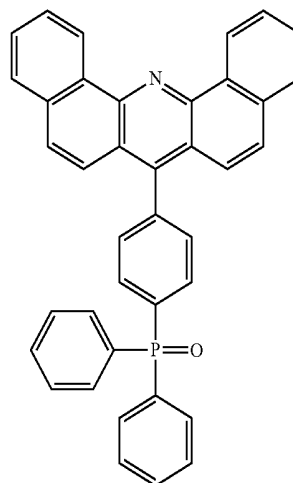


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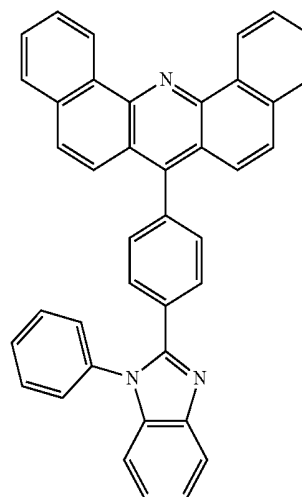
ET20



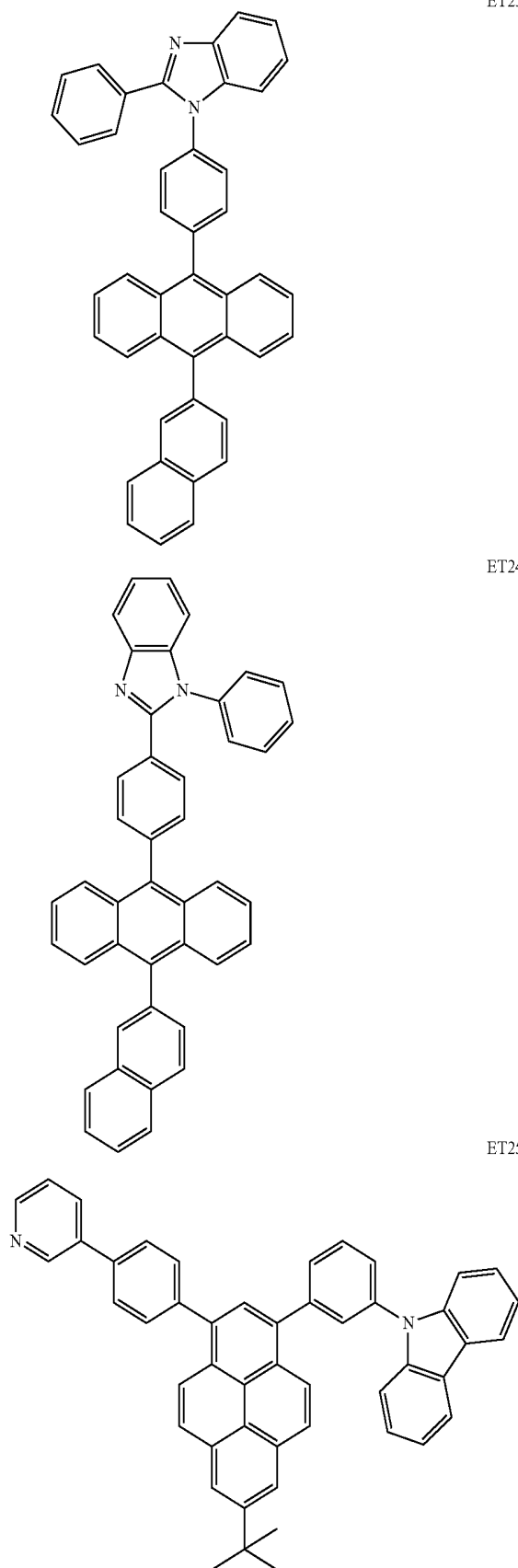
ET21



ET22



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ET23

ET24

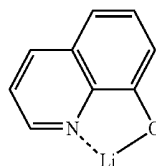
ET25

[0249] A thickness of the electron transport layer may be in a range of about 100 Å to about 1,000 Å, for example, about 150 Å to about 500 Å. While not wishing to be bound by theory, it is understood that when the thickness of the electron transport layer is within the range described above, the electron transport layer may have satisfactory electron transport characteristics without a substantial increase in driving voltage.

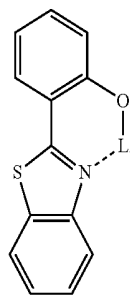
[0250] Also, the electron transport layer may further include, in addition to the materials described above, a metal-containing material.

[0251] The metal-containing material may include a Li complex. The Li complex may include, for example, Compound ET-D1 (lithium 8-hydroxyquinolate, LiQ) or ET-D2.

ET-D1



ET-D2



[0252] The electron transport region may include an electron injection layer that promotes injection of electrons from the second electrode 19 thereinto.

[0253] The electron injection layer may include at least one selected from LiF, NaCl, CsF, Li₂O, and BaO.

[0254] A thickness of the electron injection layer may be in a range of about 1 Å to about 100 Å, for example, about 3 Å to about 90 Å. While not wishing to be bound by theory, it is understood that when the thickness of the electron injection layer is within the range described above, the electron injection layer may have satisfactory electron injection characteristics without a substantial increase in driving voltage.

[0255] The second electrode 19 is disposed on the organic layer 15. The second electrode 19 may be a cathode. A material for forming the second electrode 19 may be selected from metal, an alloy, an electrically conductive compound, and a combination thereof, which have a relatively low work function. For example, lithium (Li), magnesium (Mg), aluminum (Al), aluminum-lithium (Al—Li), calcium (Ca), magnesium-indium (Mg—In), or magnesium-silver (Mg—Ag) may be used as a material for forming the second electrode 19. In one or more embodiments, to manufacture a top-emission type light-emitting device, a transmissive electrode formed using ITO or IZO may be used as the second electrode 19.

[0256] Hereinbefore, the organic light-emitting device has been described with reference to the FIGURE, but embodiments of the present disclosure are not limited thereto.

[0257] The term “C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group” as used herein refers to a linear or branched saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon monovalent group having 1 to 60 carbon atoms, and non-limiting examples thereof include a methyl group, an ethyl group, a propyl group, an iso-butyl group, a sec-butyl group, a tert-butyl group, a pentyl group, an iso-amyl group, and a hexyl group. The term “C₁-C₆₀ alkylene group” as used herein refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group.

[0258] The term “C₁-C₆₀ alkoxy group” as used herein refers to a monovalent group represented by —OA₁₀₁ (wherein A₁₀₁ is the C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group), and non-limiting examples thereof include a methoxy group, an ethoxy group, and an iso-propyloxy group.

[0259] The term “C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group” as used herein refers to a hydrocarbon group formed by including at least one carbon-carbon double bond in the middle or at the terminus of the C₂-C₆₀ alkyl group, and examples thereof include an ethenyl group, a propenyl group, and a butenyl group. The term “C₂-C₆₀ alkenylene group” as used herein refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group.

[0260] The term “C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group” as used herein refers to a hydrocarbon group formed by including at least one carbon-carbon triple bond in the middle or at the terminus of the C₂-C₆₀ alkyl group, and examples thereof include an ethynyl group, and a propynyl group. The term “C₂-C₆₀ alkynylene group” as used herein refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group.

[0261] The term “C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group” as used herein refers to a monovalent saturated hydrocarbon monocyclic group having 3 to 10 carbon atoms, and non-limiting examples thereof include a cyclopropyl group, a cyclobutyl group, a cyclopentyl group, a cyclohexyl group, and a cycloheptyl group. The term “C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkylene group” as used herein refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group.

[0262] The term “C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group” as used herein refers to a monovalent saturated monocyclic group having at least one heteroatom selected from N, O, P, Si and S as a ring-forming atom and 1 to 10 carbon atoms, and non-limiting examples thereof include a tetrahydrofuran group, and a tetrahydrothiophenyl group. The term “C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkylene group” as used herein refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group.

[0263] The term “C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group” as used herein refers to a monovalent monocyclic hydrocarbon group that has 3 to 10 carbon atoms and at least one carbon-carbon double bond in the ring thereof and that has no aromaticity, and non-limiting examples thereof include a cyclopentenyl group, a cyclohexenyl group, and a cycloheptenyl group. The term “C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenylene group” as used herein refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group.

[0264] The term “C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group” as used herein refers to a monovalent monocyclic group that has at least one heteroatom selected from N, O, P, Si, and S as a ring-forming atom, 1 to 10 carbon atoms, and at least one double bond in its ring. Examples of the C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group are a 2,3-dihydrofuran group and a 2,3-dihydrothiophenyl group. The term “C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenylene group” as used herein refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group.

cloalkenylene group” as used herein refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group.

[0265] The term “C₆-C₆₀ aryl group” as used herein refers to a monovalent group having a carbocyclic aromatic system having 6 to 60 carbon atoms, and a C₆-C₆₀ arylene group as used herein refers to a divalent group having a carbocyclic aromatic system having 6 to 60 carbon atoms. Non-limiting examples of the C₆-C₆₀ aryl group include a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, an anthracenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, a pyrenyl group, and a chrysenyl group. When the C₆-C₆₀ aryl group and the C₆-C₆₀ arylene group each include two or more rings, the rings may be fused to each other.

[0266] The term “C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group” as used herein refers to a monovalent group having a heterocyclic aromatic system that has at least one heteroatom selected from N, O, P, Si, and S as a ring-forming atom, and 1 to 60 carbon atoms. The term “C₁-C₆₀ heteroarylene group,” as used herein refers to a divalent group having a heterocyclic aromatic system that has at least one heteroatom selected from N, O, P, Si, and S as a ring-forming atom, and 1 to 60 carbon atoms. Non-limiting examples of the C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group include a pyridinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a triazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, and an isoquinolinyl group. When the C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group and the C₁-C₆₀ heteroarylene group each include two or more rings, wherein the rings may be fused to each other.

[0267] The term “C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group” as used herein indicates —OA₁₀₂ (wherein A₁₀₂ is the C₆-C₆₀ aryl group), the term “C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group” as used herein indicates —SA₁₀₃ (wherein A₁₀₃ is the C₆-C₆₀ aryl group), and the term “C₇-C₆₀ arylalkyl group” as used herein indicates —A₁₀₄A₁₀₅ (wherein A₁₀₄ is the C₆-C₅₉ aryl group and A₁₀₅ is the C₁-C₅₃ alkyl group).

[0268] The term “C₂-C₆₀ heteroaryloxy group” as used herein refers to —OA₁₀₆ (wherein A₁₀₆ is the C₂-C₆₀ heteroaryl group), and the term “C₂-C₆₀ heteroarylthio group” as used herein indicates —SA₁₀₇ (wherein A₁₀₇ is the C₂-C₆₀ heteroaryl group).

[0269] The term “C₃-C₆₀ heteroarylalkyl group” as used herein refers to —A₁₀₈A₁₀₉ (A₁₀₉ is a C₂-C₅₉ heteroaryl group, and A₁₀₈ is a C₁-C₅₈ alkylene group).

[0270] The term “monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group” as used herein refers to a monovalent group (for example, having 8 to 60 carbon atoms) having two or more rings condensed to each other, only carbon atoms as ring-forming atoms, and having no aromaticity in its entire molecular structure. Examples of the monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group include a fluorenyl group. The term “divalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group,” as used herein, refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group.

[0271] The term “monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group” as used herein refers to a monovalent group (for example, having 2 to 60 carbon atoms) having two or more rings condensed to each other, a heteroatom selected from N, O, P, Si, and S, other than carbon atoms, as a ring-forming atom, and having no aromaticity in its entire molecular structure. Non-limiting examples of the monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group include a carbazolyl group. The term “divalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group” as used herein refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group.

as used herein refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group.

[0272] The term “C₅-C₃₀ carbocyclic group” as used herein refers to a saturated or unsaturated cyclic group having, as a ring-forming atom, 5 to 30 carbon atoms only. The term “C₅-C₃₀ carbocyclic group” as used herein refers to a monocyclic group or a polycyclic group, and, according to its chemical structure, a monovalent, divalent, trivalent, tetravalent, pentavalent, or hexavalent group.

[0273] The term “C₂-C₃₀ heterocyclic group” as used herein refers to a saturated or unsaturated cyclic group having, as a ring-forming atom, at least one heteroatom selected from N, O, Si, P, and S other than 2 to 30 carbon atoms. The term “C₂-C₃₀ heterocyclic group” as used herein refers to a monocyclic group or a polycyclic group, and, according to its chemical structure, a monovalent, divalent, trivalent, tetravalent, pentavalent, or hexavalent group.

[0274] At least one substituent of the substituted C₅-C₃₀ carbocyclic group, the substituted C₂-C₃₀ heterocyclic group, the substituted C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group, the substituted C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group, the substituted C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group, the substituted C₁-C₆₀ alkoxy group, the substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group, the substituted C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group, the substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group, the substituted C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group, the substituted C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, the substituted C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group, the substituted C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group, the substituted C₇-C₆₀ arylalkyl group, the substituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group, the substituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryloxy group, the substituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroarylthio group, the substituted C₂-C₆₀ heteroarylalkyl group, the substituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and the substituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group may be selected from:

[0275] deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, —CD₃, —CD₂H, —CDH₂, —CF₃, —CF₂H, —CFH₂, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group, a C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group, a C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group, and a C₁-C₆₀ alkoxy group;

[0276] a C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group, a C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group, a C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group, and a C₁-C₆₀ alkoxy group, each substituted with at least one selected from deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, —CD₃, —CD₂H, —CDH₂, —CF₃, —CF₂H, —CFH₂, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group, a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group, a C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group, a C₇-C₆₀ arylalkyl group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryloxy group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroarylthio group, a C₂-C₆₀ heteroarylalkyl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, —N(Q₁₁)(Q₁₂), —Si(Q₁₃)(Q₁₄)(Q₁₅), —B(Q₁₆)(Q₁₇), and —P(=O)(Q₁₈)(Q₁₉);

[0277] a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group, a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group, a C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group, a C₇-C₆₀ arylalkyl group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryloxy group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroarylthio group, a C₂-C₆₀ heteroarylalkyl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group;

[0278] a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group, a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group, a C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group, a C₇-C₆₀ arylalkyl group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryloxy group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroarylthio group, a C₂-C₆₀ heteroarylalkyl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, each substituted with at least one selected from deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, —CD₃, —CD₂H, —CDH₂, —CF₃, —CF₂H, —CFH₂, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group, a C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group, a C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group, a C₁-C₆₀ alkoxy group, a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group, a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group, a C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group, a C₇-C₆₀ arylalkyl group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryloxy group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroarylthio group, a C₂-C₆₀ heteroarylalkyl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, —N(Q₂₁)(Q₂₂), —Si(Q₂₃)(Q₂₄)(Q₂₅), —B(Q₂₆)(Q₂₇), and —P(=O)(Q₂₈)(Q₂₉); and

[0279] —N(Q₃₁)(Q₃₂), —Si(Q₃₃)(Q₃₄)(Q₃₅), —B(Q₃₆)(Q₃₇), and —P(=O)(Q₃₈)(Q₃₉), and

[0280] Q₁ to Q₉, Q₁₁ to Q₁₉, Q₂₁ to Q₂₉, and Q₃₁ to Q₃₉ may each independently be selected from hydrogen, deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group, a C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group, a C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group, a C₁-C₆₀ alkoxy group, a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group, a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryl group substituted with at least one selected from a C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group and a C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group, a C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group, a C₇-C₆₀ arylalkyl group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryloxy group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroarylthio group, a C₂-C₆₀ heteroarylalkyl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group.

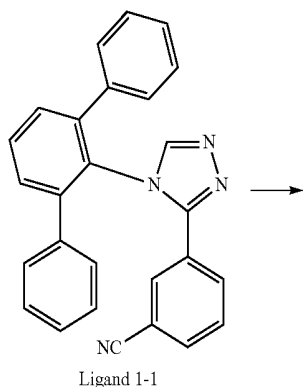
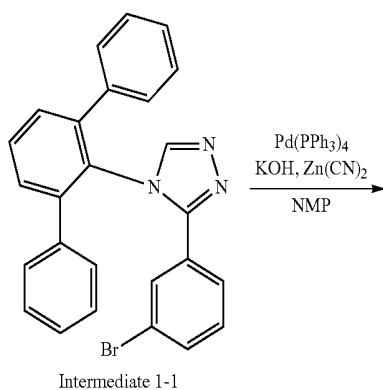
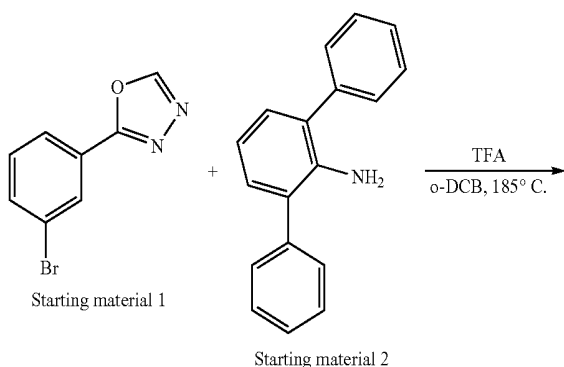
[0281] Hereinafter, a compound and an organic light-emitting device according to embodiments are described in detail with reference to Synthesis Example and Examples.

However, the organic light-emitting device is not limited thereto. The wording “B was used instead of A” used in describing Synthesis Examples means that an amount of A used was identical to an amount of B used, in terms of molar equivalents.

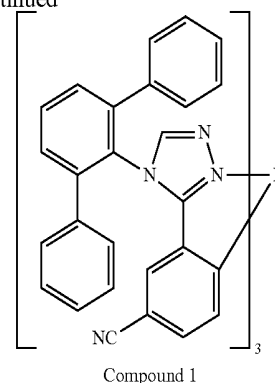
EXAMPLES

Synthesis Example 1: Synthesis of Compound 1

[0282]



-continued



Synthesis of Intermediate 1-1

[0283] 0.5 grams (g) (1.56 millimoles, mmol) of a starting material 1, 0.49 g (2.18 mmol) of a starting material 2, and 1.3 milliliters (mL) of o-dichlorobenzene (o-DCB) were mixed, and 0.25 g (2.18 mmol) of trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) were added thereto. The resultant mixture was heated and stirred at a temperature of 185° C. overnight. The resultant mixture was then cooled to room temperature, and an excess amount of water was added thereto. The pH of the resultant mixture was adjusted to about 9 by using 10% Na₂CO₃ aqueous solution, and an organic layer was extracted by using ethyl acetate. The extracted organic layer was washed by using brine and dried by using anhydrous MgSO₄, and a solvent was removed therefrom under reduced pressure. The product obtained therefrom was purified by silica gel column chromatography to obtain 0.35 g (yield: 50%) of Intermediate 1-1.

Synthesis of Ligand 1-1

[0284] 0.9 g (2 mmol) of Intermediate 1-1 and 10 mL of N-methyl pyrrolidone (NMP) were mixed, and 0.29 g (2.5 mmol) of Zn(CN)₂, 0.19 g (3.4 mmol) of KOH, and 0.7 g (0.63 mmol) of Pd(PPh₃)₄ were added thereto. The resultant mixture was heated at a temperature of 100° C. for 10 hours. The resultant obtained therefrom was cooled to room temperature, and water is added thereto. An organic layer was extracted by using CHCl₃ and washed by using 1 molar (M) NaOH aqueous solution and brine, dried by using anhydrous MgSO₄, and a solvent was removed therefrom. The product obtained therefrom was purified by silica gel column chromatography to obtain 0.56 g (yield: 70%) of Ligand 1-1.

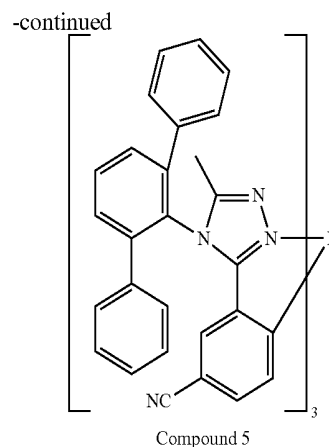
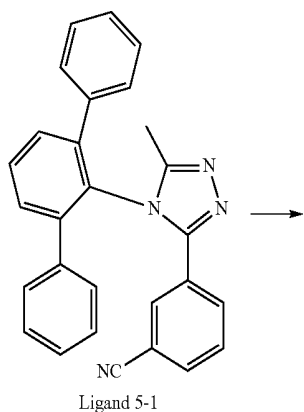
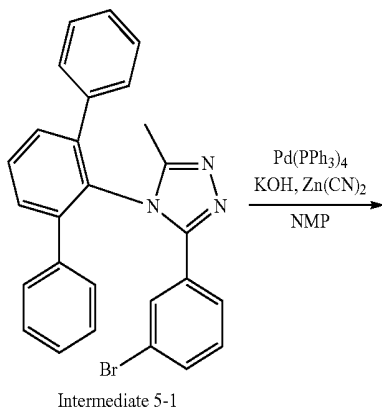
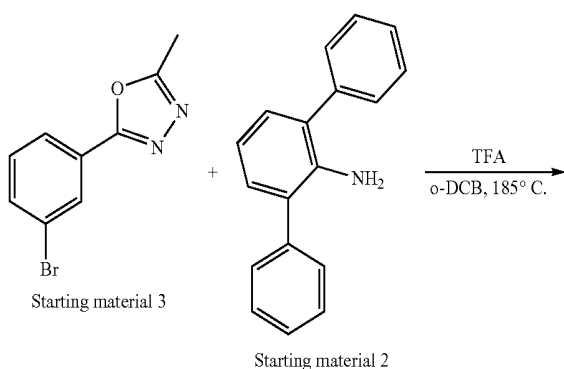
Synthesis of Compound 1

[0285] 3.98 g (10 mmol) of Ligand 1-1 and 1.24 g (2.5 mmol) of Ir(COD)₂BF₄ were mixed with 40 mL of NMP, and the resultant mixture underwent a reaction at a temperature of 200° C. for 48 hours. 200 mL of dichloromethane (DCM) was added thereto, and the resultant mixture was washed by using 200 mL of 10% NH₄OH aqueous solution, 200 mL of saturated NaHCO₃ aqueous solution, and 200 mL of brine (saturated NaCl aqueous solution). An organic layer obtained therefrom was dried by using anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered, and a solvent was removed therefrom under reduced pressure. The product was purified by silica gel column chromatography (DCM 100%—EtOAc (1% in DCM)) to obtain 0.17 g (0.125 mol, yield: 5%) of Compound 1.

[0286] M/Z 1384.264 ^1H NMR (CD_2Cl_2 , 500 MHz) δ =7.82 (t, 3H), 7.67 (dd, 3H), 7.64 (dd, 3H), 7.58 (s, 3H), 7.10 (t, 6H), 7.05 (tt, 3H), 6.95-7.02 (m, 9H), 6.77-6.85 (m, 9H), 6.73-6.79 (m, 9H), 6.33 (d, 3H).

Synthesis Example 2: Synthesis of Compound 5

[0287]



Synthesis of Intermediate 5-1

[0288] Intermediate 5-1 was synthesized in the same manner as Intermediate 1-1 in Synthesis Example 1, except that a starting material 3 was used instead of the starting material 1.

Synthesis of Ligand 5-1

[0289] Ligand 5-1 was synthesized in the same manner as Ligand 1-1 in Synthesis Example 1, except that Intermediate 5-1 was used instead of Intermediate 1-1.

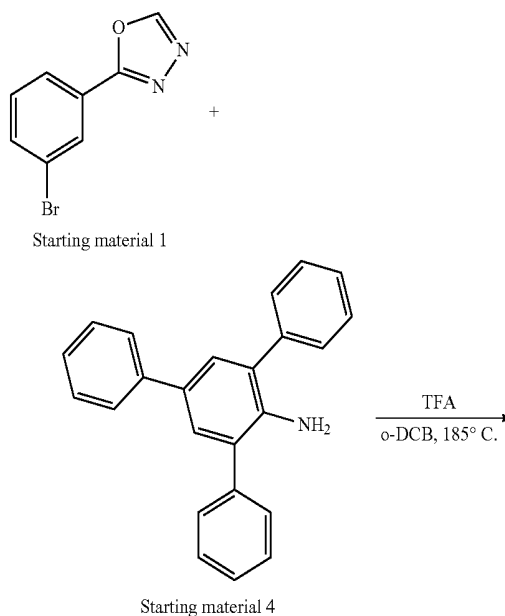
Synthesis of Compound 5

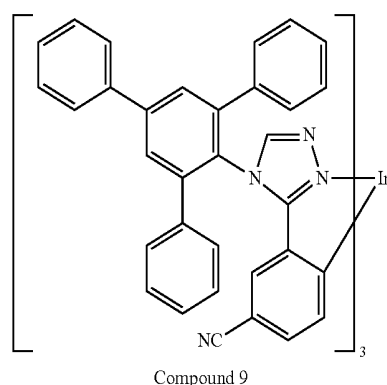
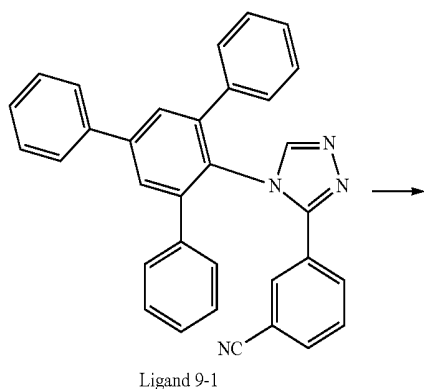
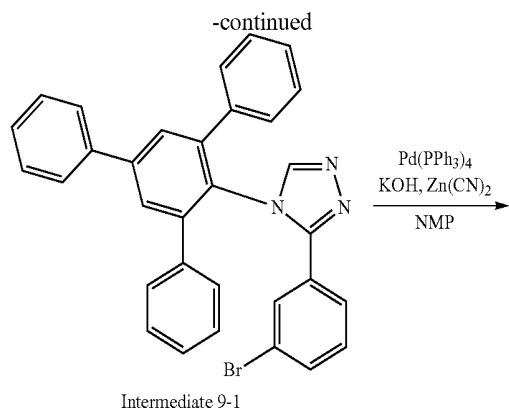
[0290] Compound 5 (yield: 7%) was synthesized in the same manner as in Synthesis Example 1, except that Ligand 5-1 was used instead of Ligand 1-1.

[0291] ^1H NMR (CD_2Cl_2 , 500 MHz) δ =7.85 (t, 3H), 7.69 (td, 6H), 6.95-7.05 (m, 9H), 6.95 (d, 6H), 6.91 (t, 3H), 6.85 (dd, 3H), 6.81 (d, 6H), 6.72 (t, 9H), 6.39 (d, 3H), 1.92 (s, 9H).

Synthesis Example 3: Synthesis of Compound 9

[0292]





Synthesis of Intermediate 9-1

[0293] Intermediate 9-1 was synthesized in the same manner as Intermediate 1-1 in Synthesis Example 1, except that a starting material 4 was used instead of the starting material 2.

Synthesis of Ligand 9-1

[0294] Ligand 9-1 was synthesized in the same manner as Ligand 1-1 in Synthesis Example 1, except that Intermediate 9-1 was used instead of Intermediate 1-1.

Synthesis of Compound 9

[0295] Compound 9 (yield: 6%) was synthesized in the same manner as in Synthesis Example 1, except that Ligand 9-1 was used instead of Ligand 1-1.

[0296] M/Z 1613.872 NMR data (CD_2Cl_2 , 300 MHz) δ =7.9 (d, 6H), 7.82 (d, 6H), 7.62 (s, 3H), 7.4-7.6 (m, 9H), 7.0-7.2 (m, 18H), 6.98 (s, 3H), 6.76-6.94 (m, 15H), 6.38 (d, 3H).

Evaluation Example 1: Evaluation of HOMO, LUMO, and Triplet (T_1) Energy Levels

[0297] HOMO, LUMO, and T_1 energy levels of Compounds 1, 5, and 9 were evaluated by using the methods provided in Table 3. Results thereof are shown in Table 4.

TABLE 3

HOMO energy level evaluation method	A voltage-current (V-A) graph of each Compound was obtained by using a cyclic voltammetry (CV) (electrolyte: 0.1M Bu_4NClO_4 /solvent: CH_2Cl_2 /electrode: 3-electrode system (working electrode: GC, reference electrode: Ag/AgCl, auxiliary electrode: Pt)), and then, a HOMO energy level of each Compound was calculated from an onset oxidation potential of the V-A graph.
LUMO energy level evaluation method	Each Compound was diluted at a concentration of $1 \times 10^{-5}\text{M}$ in CHCl_3 , an UV absorption spectrum thereof was measured at room temperature by using a Shimadzu UV-350 Spectrometer, and then, a LUMO energy level thereof was calculated by using an optical band gap (E_g) from an edge of the absorption spectrum.
T_1 energy level evaluation method	After a mixture of toluene and each Compound (1 milligram (mg) of each Compound was dissolved in 3 cubic centimeters (cc) of toluene) was added to a quartz cell and then added to liquid nitrogen (77 Kelvins, K), a photoluminescence spectrum was measured by using a photoluminescence measurement apparatus. The T_1 energy level was calculated by analyzing peaks observed only at a low temperature through comparison between the photoluminescence spectrum and a general room-temperature photoluminescence spectrum.

TABLE 4

Compound No.	HOMO (eV)	LUMO (eV)	T_1 (eV)
1	-5.49	-2.76	2.73
5	-5.43	-2.72	2.71
9	-5.49	-2.76	2.73

[0298] Referring to Table 4, it is confirmed that Compounds 1, 5, and 9 have electrical characteristics suitable for use as materials for an organic light-emitting device.

Evaluation Example 2: Evaluation of Thermal Characteristics

[0299] A thermal analysis (N_2 atmosphere, temperature range: room temperature to 600° C. (10° C./min), pan type: Pt pan in disposable Al pan) was performed on Compounds 1, 5, and 9 by using thermo gravimetric analysis (TGA). Results thereof are shown in Table 5.

TABLE 5

Compound No.	Td (1%, ° C.)
1	310
5	230
9	245

[0300] Referring to Table 5, it has been determined that Compounds 1, 5, and 9 have excellent thermal stability.

Evaluation Example 3: Evaluation of
Photoluminescence (PL) Spectrum

[0301] Light emission characteristics of each Compound were evaluated by evaluating PL spectra of Compounds 1, 5, and 9. Compound 1 was diluted at a concentration of 10 millimolar (mM) in CHCl_3 , and a PL spectrum was measured at room temperature by using an ICS PC1 Spectrofluorometer equipped with a xenon lamp. This process was repeated on Compounds 5 and 9.

[0302] Emission wavelengths and maximum emission wavelengths (λ_{max}) of the PL spectra of Compounds 1, 5, and 9 are shown in Table 6.

TABLE 6

Compound No.	Emission wavelengths (nm)
1	454 (λ_{max}), 482
5	457 (λ_{max}), 487
9	454 (λ_{max}), 483

[0303] Referring to Table 6, it is confirmed that Compounds 1, 5, and 9 have PL emission characteristics suitable for deep blue light emission.

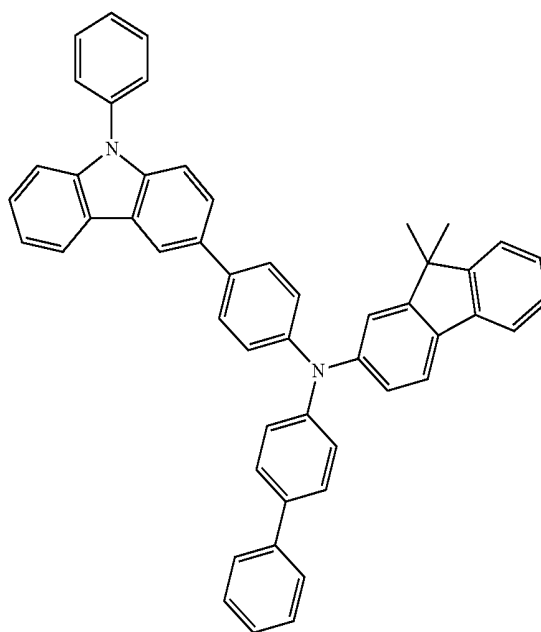
Example 1

[0304] A glass substrate, on which an ITO electrode (first electrode, anode) having a thickness of 1,500 Å was formed, was sonicated with distilled water. After the sonicating with distilled water was completed, the glass substrate was ultrasonically cleaned by sequentially using iso-propyl alcohol, acetone, and methanol, was dried, and then transferred to a plasma cleaner. The glass substrate was cleaned for 5 minutes by using oxygen plasma and was provided to a vacuum deposition apparatus.

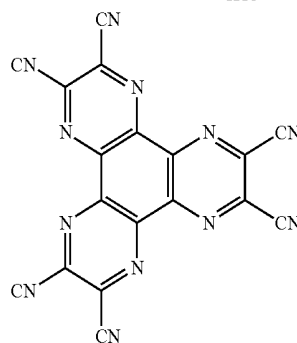
[0305] Compound HT3 was vacuum-deposited on the ITO electrode of the glass substrate to form a first hole injection layer having a thickness of 3,500 Å, Compound HT-D1 was vacuum-deposited on the first hole injection layer to form a second hole injection layer having a thickness of 300 Å, and TAPC was vacuum-deposited on the second hole injection layer to form an electron blocking layer having a thickness of 100 Å, thereby forming a hole transport region.

[0306] Compound H52 and Compound 1 (dopant, 10 wt %) were co-deposited on the hole transport region to form an emission layer having a thickness of 300 Å.

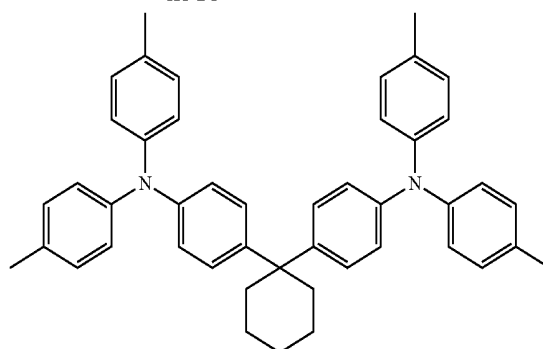
[0307] Compound ET3 was vacuum-deposited on the emission layer to form an electron transport layer having a thickness of 250 Å, ET-D1 (LiQ) was deposited on the electron transport layer to form an electron injection layer having a thickness of 5 Å, and Al was deposited on the electron injection layer to form a second electrode (cathode) having a thickness of 1,000 Å, thereby completing the manufacture of an organic light-emitting device.



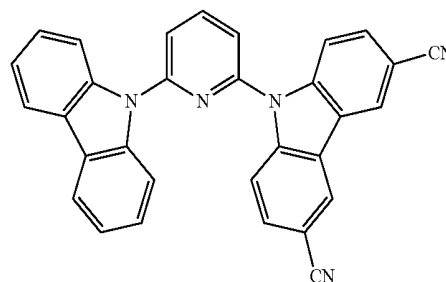
HT3



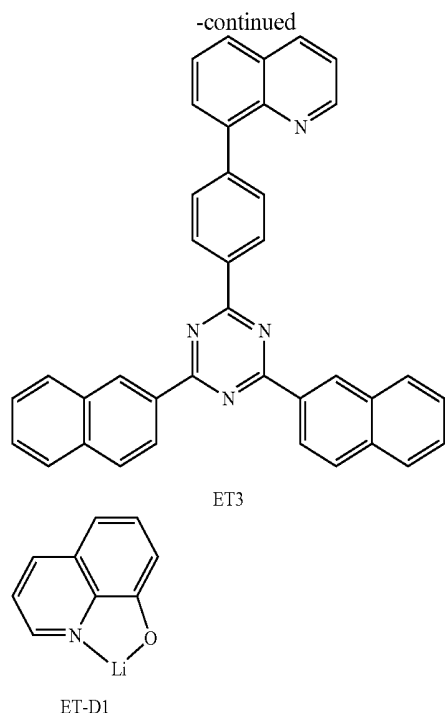
HT-D1



TAPC



H52



Examples 2 and 3

[0308] Organic light-emitting devices were manufactured in the same manner as in Example 1, except that Compounds shown in Table 7 were each used instead of Compound 1 as a dopant in forming an emission layer.

Evaluation Example 4: Evaluation of Characteristics of Organic Light-Emitting Device

[0309] An EL spectrum, a change in current density according to voltage, a change in luminance according to voltage, efficiency, conversion efficiency, external quantum emission efficiency, lifespan, and CIE color coordinates

were measured with respect to the organic light-emitting devices manufactured according to Examples 1 to 3. Specific measurement methods are as follows, and results thereof are shown in Table 7.

[0310] (1) Measurement of EL Spectrum

[0311] EL spectra of the manufactured organic light-emitting devices were measured by using a luminance meter (Minolta Cs-1000A) at a luminance of 500 candelas per square meter (cd/m^2).

[0312] (2) Measurement of Change in Current Density According to Voltage

[0313] A current value flowing through the manufactured organic light-emitting devices was measured by using a current-voltage meter (Keithley 2400) with respect to the manufactured organic light-emitting devices while increasing a voltage from 0 volts (V) to 10 V, and a current density was obtained by dividing the measured current value by an area.

[0314] (3) Measurement of Change in Luminance According to Voltage

[0315] Luminance was measured by using a luminance meter (Minolta Cs-1000A) with respect to the manufactured organic light-emitting devices while increasing a voltage from 0 V to 10 V, and results thereof were obtained.

[0316] (4) Measurement of Conversion Efficiency

[0317] Current efficiency (cd/A) of the same current density (10 milliamperes per square centimeter, mA/cm^2) was calculated by using the luminance and the current density measured from (2) and (3) and the voltage. Then, conversion efficiency was calculated by dividing the current efficiency by a y value of CIE color coordinates measured in (6).

[0318] (5) Measurement of Lifespan

[0319] An amount of time (T_{95}) that lapsed when luminance measured from (3) was 95% of initial luminance (100%) was calculated.

[0320] (6) Measurement of CIE Color Coordinates

[0321] CIE color coordinates were obtained by measuring EL spectra of the manufactured organic light-emitting devices at a luminance of $500 \text{ cd}/\text{m}^2$ by using a luminance meter (Minolta Cs-1000A).

TABLE 7

Example	Dopant	Current density (mA/cm^2)	Luminance (cd/m^2)	Efficiency (cd/A)	Conversion Efficiency (%)	EQE (%)	λ_{max} in EL spectrum (nm)	T_{95} (hr)	Color coordinates (x, y)
1	1	3.97	1000	25.24	110.1	14.6	455	3.03	0.166, 0.229
2	5	3.58	1000	28.09	108.2	15.0	458	0.96	0.171, 0.259
3	9	3.55	1000	28.23	120.4	16.2	457	2.85	0.169, 0.235

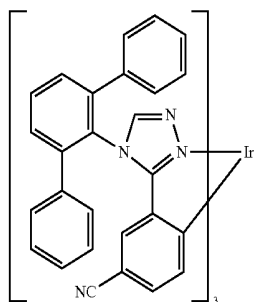
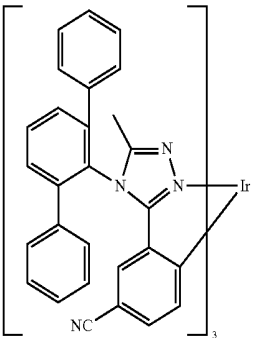
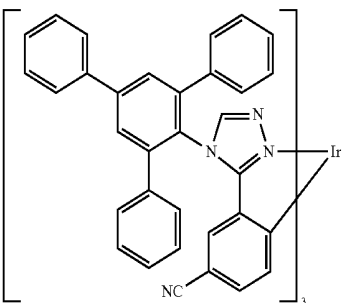


TABLE 7-continued

Example	Dopant	Current density (mA/cm ²)	Luminance (cd/m ²)	Efficiency (cd/A)	Conversion Efficiency	EQE (%)	λ_{max} in EL spectrum (nm)	T ₉₅ (hr)	Color coordinates (x, y)
									
	5								
									
	9								

[0322] Referring to Table 7, it is confirmed that the organic light-emitting devices of Examples 1 to 3 have excellent efficiency, external quantum emission efficiency, and lifespan characteristics and can also emit deep blue light.

[0323] As described above, the organometallic compounds according to embodiments of the present disclosure have excellent electrical characteristics and thermal stability, and accordingly, organic light-emitting devices including such organometallic compounds may have excellent driving voltage, current density, efficiency, power, color purity, and lifespan characteristics.

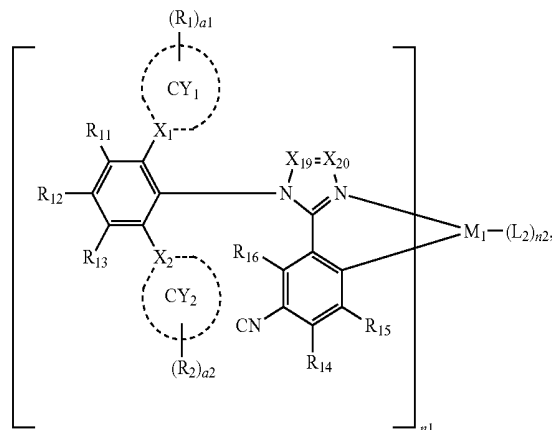
[0324] It should be understood that embodiments described herein should be considered in a descriptive sense only and not for purposes of limitation. Descriptions of features or aspects within each embodiment should typically be considered as available for other similar features or aspects in other embodiments.

[0325] While one or more embodiments have been described with reference to the figures, it will be understood by those of ordinary skill in the art that various changes in form and details may be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the present disclosure as defined by the following claims.

What is claimed is:

1. An organometallic compound represented by Formula 1:

Formula 1



wherein, in Formula 1,

M₁ is selected from a first-row transition metal of the Periodic Table of Elements, a second-row transition

metal of the Periodic Table of Elements, and a third-row transition metal of the Periodic Table of Elements, n1 is 1, 2, or 3,

L₂ is a monodentate ligand or a bidentate ligand,

n2 is 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4, wherein, when n2 is two or more, two or more groups L₂ are identical to or different from each other,

X₁ and X₂ are each independently carbon or nitrogen,

CY₁ and CY₂ are each independently a C₅-C₃₀ carbocyclic group or a C₂-C₃₀ heterocyclic group,

X₁₉ is N or C(R₁₉), and X₂₀ is N or C(R₂₀), provided that at least one of X₁₉ and X₂₀ is N,

R₁, R₂, R₁₁ to R₁₆, R₁₉, and R₂₀ are each independently selected from hydrogen, deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, —SF₅, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ alkoxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₇-C₆₀ arylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroarylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₆₀ heteroarylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, —N(Q₁)(Q₂), —Si(Q₃)(Q₄)(Q₅), —B(Q₆)(Q₇), and —P(=O)(Q₈)(Q₉),

two or more neighboring groups selected from R₁, R₂, R₁₁ to R₁₃, CY₁, and CY₂ are optionally linked to form a substituted or unsubstituted C₅-C₃₀ carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₃₀ heterocyclic group,

a1 and a2 are each independently an integer from 0 to 5, at least one substituent of the substituted C₅-C₃₀ carbocyclic group, the substituted C₂-C₃₀ heterocyclic group, the substituted C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group, the substituted C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group, the substituted C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group, the substituted C₁-C₆₀ alkoxy group, the substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group, the substituted C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group, the substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group, the substituted C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group, the substituted C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, the substituted C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group, the substituted C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group, the substituted C₇-C₆₀ arylalkyl group, the substituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group, the substituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryloxy group, the substituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroarylthio group, the substituted C₂-C₆₀ heteroarylalkyl group, the substituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and the substituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group is selected from:

deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, —CD₃, —CD₂H, —CDH₂, —CF₃, —CF₂H, —CFH₂, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group, a C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group, a C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group, and a C₁-C₆₀ alkoxy group;

a C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group, a C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group, a C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group, and a C₁-C₆₀ alkoxy group, each substituted with at least one selected from deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, —CD₃, —CD₂H, —CDH₂, —CF₃, —CF₂H, —CFH₂, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group, a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group, a C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group, a C₇-C₆₀ arylalkyl group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryloxy group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroarylthio group, a C₂-C₆₀ heteroarylalkyl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, —N(Q₁₁)(Q₁₂), —Si(Q₁₃)(Q₁₄)(Q₁₅), —B(Q₁₆)(Q₁₇), and —P(=O)(Q₁₈)(Q₁₉);

a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group, a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group, a C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group, a C₇-C₆₀ arylalkyl group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryloxy group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroarylthio group, a C₂-C₆₀ heteroarylalkyl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group;

a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group, a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group, a C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group, a C₇-C₆₀ arylalkyl group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryloxy group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroarylthio group, a C₂-C₆₀ heteroarylalkyl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, each substituted with at least one selected from deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, —CD₃, —CD₂H, —CDH₂, —CF₃, —CF₂H, —CFH₂, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group, a C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group, a C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group, a C₁-C₆₀ alkoxy group, a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group, a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group, a C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group, a C₇-C₆₀ arylalkyl group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryloxy group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroarylthio group, a C₂-C₆₀ heteroarylalkyl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a monovalent non-

aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, $-\text{N}(\text{Q}_{21})$ (Q_{22}), $-\text{Si}(\text{Q}_{23})(\text{Q}_{24})(\text{Q}_{25})$, $-\text{B}(\text{Q}_{26})(\text{Q}_{27})$, and $-\text{P}(=\text{O})(\text{Q}_{28})(\text{Q}_{29})$; and $\text{N}(\text{Q}_{31})(\text{Q}_{32})$, $-\text{Si}(\text{Q}_{33})(\text{Q}_{34})(\text{Q}_{35})$, $-\text{B}(\text{Q}_{36})(\text{Q}_{37})$, and $-\text{P}(=\text{O})(\text{Q}_{38})(\text{Q}_{39})$; and Q_1 to Q_9 , Q_{11} to Q_{19} , Q_{21} to Q_{29} , and Q_{31} to Q_{39} are each independently selected from hydrogen, deuterium, $-\text{F}$, $-\text{Cl}$, $-\text{Br}$, $-\text{I}$, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C_1 - C_{60} alkyl group, a C_2 - C_{60} alkenyl group, a C_2 - C_{60} alkynyl group, a C_1 - C_{60} alkoxy group, a C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkyl group, a C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkenyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkenyl group, a C_6 - C_{60} aryl group, a C_6 - C_{60} aryl group substituted with at least one selected from a C_1 - C_{60} alkyl group and a C_6 - C_{60} aryl group, a C_6 - C_{60} aryloxy group, a C_6 - C_{60} arylthio group, a C_7 - C_{60} arylalkyl group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryl group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryloxy group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroarylthio group, a C_2 - C_{60} heteroarylalkyl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group.

2. The organometallic compound of claim 1, wherein M_1 is Ir or Os, and the sum of n_1 and n_2 is 3 or 4; or M_1 is Pt, and the sum of n_1 and n_2 is 2.

3. The organometallic compound of claim 1, wherein CY_1 and CY_2 are each independently selected from a cyclopentene group, a cyclohexene group, a benzene group, a pyridine group, a pyrimidine group, a pyridazine group, a pyrazine group, a triazine group, a pyrrole group, a pyrazole group, an imidazole group, a triazole group, an oxazole group, an isoxazole group, an oxadiazole group, a thiazole group, an isothiazole group, and a thiadiazole group.

4. The organometallic compound of claim 1, wherein X_{19} is $\text{C}(\text{R}_{19})$, and X_{20} is N; or X_{19} is N, and X_{20} is $\text{C}(\text{R}_{20})$.

5. The organometallic compound of claim 1, wherein R_1 , R_2 , R_{11} to R_{16} , R_{19} , and R_{20} are each independently selected from:

hydrogen, deuterium, $-\text{F}$, a cyano group, a nitro group, $-\text{SF}_5$, a methyl group, an ethyl group, an n-propyl group, an iso-propyl group, an n-butyl group, an iso-butyl group, a sec-butyl group, a tert-butyl group, an n-pentyl group, an iso-pentyl group, a sec-pentyl group, a tert-pentyl group, an n-hexyl group, an iso-hexyl group, a sec-hexyl group, a tert-hexyl group, an n-heptyl group, an iso-heptyl group, a sec-heptyl group, a tert-heptyl group, an n-octyl group, an iso-octyl group, a sec-octyl group, a tert-octyl group, an n-nonyl group, an iso-nonyl group, a sec-nonyl group, a tert-nonyl group, an n-decyl group, an iso-decyl group, a sec-decyl group, a tert-decyl group, a methoxy group, an ethoxy group, a propoxy group, a butoxy group, a pentoxy group, a cyclopentyl group, a cyclohexyl group, a cycloheptyl group, a cyclooctyl group, an adamantanyl group, a norbornanyl group, a norbornenyl group, a cyclopentenyl group, a cyclohexenyl group, a cycloheptenyl group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, and a dibenzothiophenyl group;

a methyl group, an ethyl group, an n-propyl group, an iso-propyl group, an n-butyl group, an iso-butyl group, a sec-butyl group, a tert-butyl group, an n-pentyl group,

an iso-pentyl group, a sec-pentyl group, a tert-pentyl group, an n-hexyl group, an iso-hexyl group, a sec-hexyl group, a tert-hexyl group, an n-heptyl group, an iso-heptyl group, a sec-heptyl group, a tert-heptyl group, an n-octyl group, an iso-octyl group, a sec-octyl group, a tert-octyl group, an n-nonyl group, an iso-nonyl group, a sec-nonyl group, a tert-nonyl group, an n-decyl group, an iso-decyl group, a sec-decyl group, a tert-decyl group, a methoxy group, an ethoxy group, a propoxy group, a butoxy group, a pentoxy group, a cyclopentyl group, a cyclohexyl group, a cycloheptyl group, a cyclooctyl group, an adamantanyl group, a norbornanyl group, a norbornenyl group, a cyclopentenyl group, a cyclohexenyl group, a cycloheptenyl group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, and a dibenzothiophenyl group, each substituted with at least one selected from deuterium, $-\text{F}$, $-\text{CD}_3$, $-\text{CD}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CDH}_2$, $-\text{CF}_3$, $-\text{CF}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CFH}_2$, a cyano group, a nitro group, a C_1 - C_{10} alkyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} alkoxy group, a cyclopentyl group, a cyclohexyl group, a cycloheptyl group, a cyclooctyl group, an adamantanyl group, a norbornanyl group, a norbornenyl group, a cyclopentenyl group, a cyclohexenyl group, a cycloheptenyl group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a pyridinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, and a dibenzothiophenyl group; and

$\text{N}(\text{Q}_1)(\text{Q}_2)$, $-\text{Si}(\text{Q}_3)(\text{Q}_4)(\text{Q}_5)$, $-\text{B}(\text{Q}_6)(\text{Q}_7)$, and $-\text{P}(=\text{O})(\text{Q}_8)(\text{Q}_9)$, and

Q_1 to Q_9 are each independently selected from:

CH_3 , $-\text{CD}_3$, $-\text{CD}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CDH}_2$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CD}_3$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CD}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CDH}_2$, $-\text{CHDCH}_3$, $-\text{CHDCD}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CHDCH}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CHDCD}_3$, $-\text{CD}_2\text{CD}_3$, $-\text{CD}_2\text{CD}_2\text{H}$, and $-\text{CD}_2\text{CDH}_2$;

an n-propyl group, an iso-propyl group, an n-butyl group, an iso-butyl group, a sec-butyl group, a tert-butyl group, an n-pentyl group, an iso-pentyl group, a sec-pentyl group, a tert-pentyl group, a phenyl group, and a naphthyl group; and

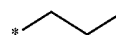
an n-propyl group, an iso-propyl group, an n-butyl group, an iso-butyl group, a sec-butyl group, a tert-butyl group, an n-pentyl group, an iso-pentyl group, a sec-pentyl group, a tert-pentyl group, a phenyl group, and a naphthyl group, each substituted with at least one selected from deuterium, a C_1 - C_{10} alkyl group, and a phenyl group.

6. The organometallic compound of claim 1, wherein

R_1 , R_2 , R_{11} to R_{16} , R_{19} , and R_{20} are each independently selected from hydrogen, deuterium, $-\text{CH}_3$, $-\text{CD}_3$, $-\text{CD}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CDH}_2$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CD}_3$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CD}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CH}_2\text{CDH}_2$, $-\text{CHDCH}_3$, $-\text{CHDCD}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CHDCH}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CHDCD}_3$, $-\text{CD}_2\text{CD}_3$, $-\text{CD}_2\text{CD}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CD}_2\text{CDH}_2$, $-\text{CF}_3$, $-\text{CF}_2\text{H}$, $-\text{CFH}_2$, groups represented by Formulae 9-1 to 9-24, groups represented by Formulae 10-1 to 10-62, and $-\text{Si}(\text{Q}_3)(\text{Q}_4)(\text{Q}_5)$:

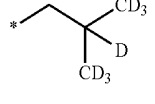
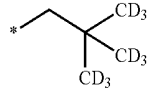
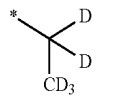
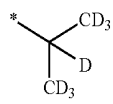
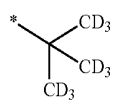
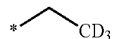
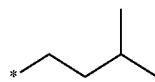
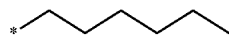
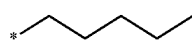
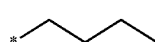
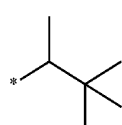
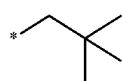
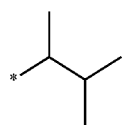
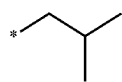
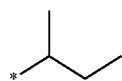


Formula 9-1

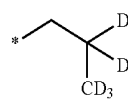


Formula 9-2

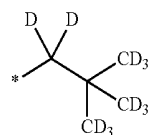
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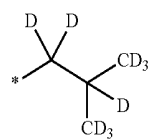
Formula 9-3



Formula 9-4

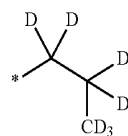


Formula 9-5



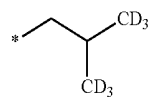
Formula 9-6

Formula 9-7

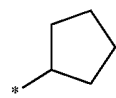


Formula 9-8

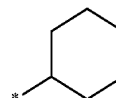
Formula 9-9



Formula 9-10

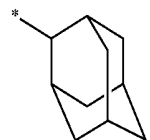


Formula 9-11



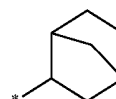
Formula 9-12

Formula 9-13

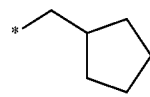


Formula 9-14

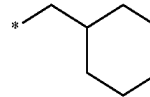
Formula 9-15



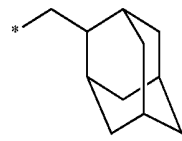
Formula 9-16



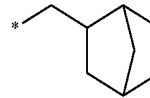
Formula 9-17



Formula 9-18



Formula 9-19



-continued

Formula 9-20

Formula 9-21

Formula 9-22

Formula 9-23

Formula 9-24

Formula 10-1

Formula 10-2

Formula 10-3

Formula 10-4

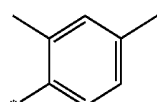
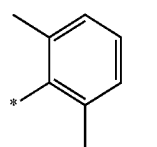
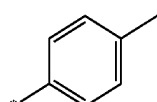
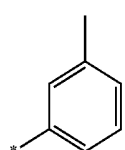
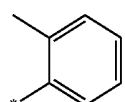
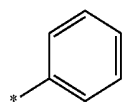
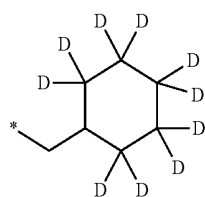
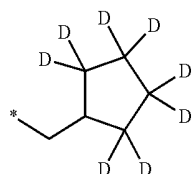
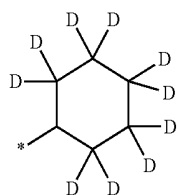
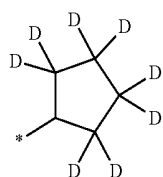
Formula 10-5

Formula 10-6

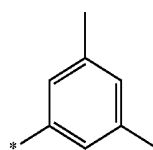
Formula 10-7

Formula 10-8

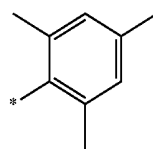
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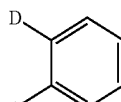
Formula 10-9



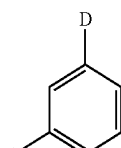
Formula 10-10



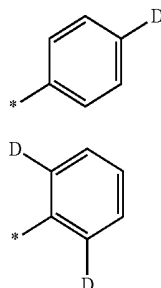
Formula 10-11



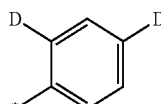
Formula 10-12



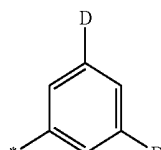
Formula 10-13



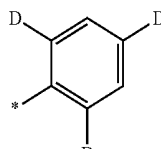
Formula 10-14



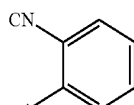
Formula 10-15



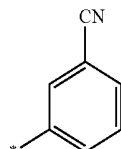
Formula 10-16



Formula 10-17



Formula 10-18



-continued

Formula 10-19

Formula 10-20

Formula 10-21

Formula 10-22

Formula 10-23

Formula 10-24

Formula 10-25

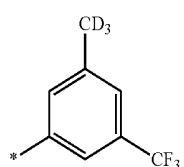
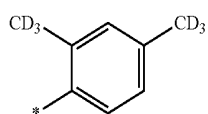
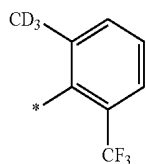
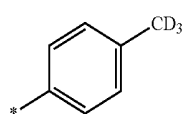
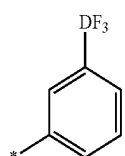
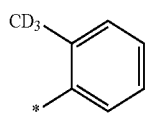
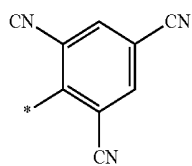
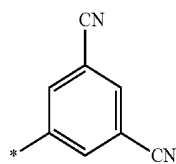
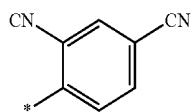
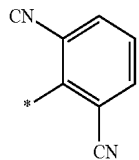
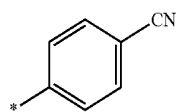
Formula 10-26

Formula 10-27

Formula 10-28

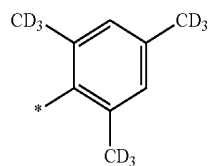
Formula 10-29

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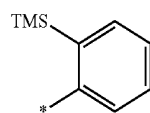


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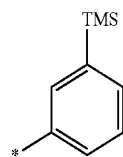
Formula 10-30



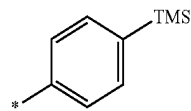
Formula 10-31



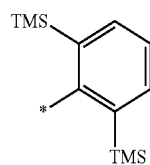
Formula 10-32



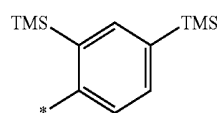
Formula 10-33



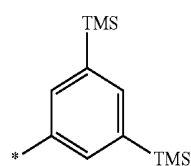
Formula 10-34



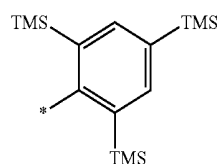
Formula 10-35



Formula 10-36

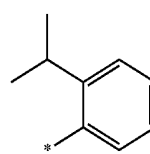


Formula 10-37

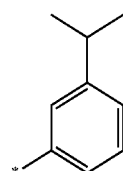


Formula 10-38

Formula 10-39



Formula 10-40



Formula 10-41

Formula 10-42

Formula 10-43

Formula 10-44

Formula 10-45

Formula 10-46

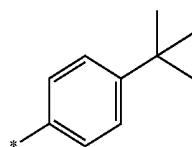
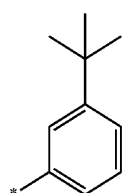
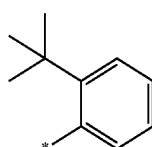
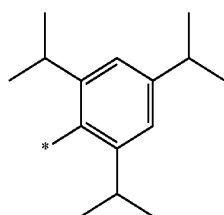
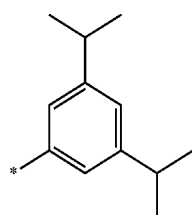
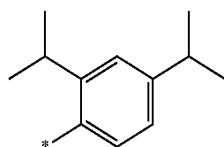
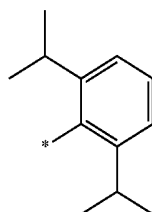
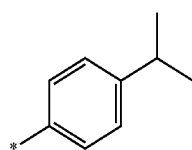
Formula 10-47

Formula 10-48

Formula 10-49

Formula 10-50

-continued



Formula 10-51

Formula 10-52

Formula 10-53

Formula 10-54

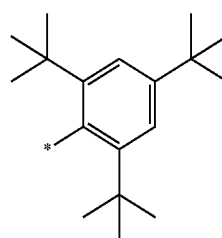
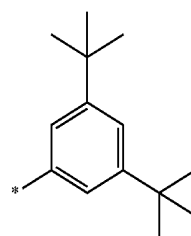
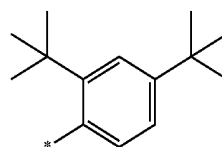
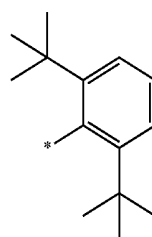
Formula 10-55

Formula 10-56

Formula 10-57

Formula 10-58

-continued



Formula 10-59

Formula 10-60

Formula 10-61

Formula 10-62

wherein * in Formulae 9-1 to 9-24 and 10-1 to 10-62 indicates a binding site to a neighboring atom.

7. The organometallic compound of claim 1, wherein

i) X_{19} is $C(R_{19})$, X_{20} is N, and at least one of R_1 , R_2 , R_{11} to R_{16} , and R_{19} is a deuterium-containing substituent;

ii) X_{19} is N, X_{20} is $C(R_{20})$, and at least one of R_1 , R_2 , R_{11} to R_{16} , and R_{20} is a deuterium-containing substituent; or

iii) X_{19} and X_{20} are each N, and at least one of R_1 , R_2 , and R_{11} to R_{16} is a deuterium-containing substituent, and

the deuterium-containing substituent is selected from:

deuterium; and

a C_1 - C_{20} alkyl group, a C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy group, and a phenyl group, each substituted with at least one deuterium.

8. The organometallic compound of claim 7, wherein

the deuterium-containing substituent is selected from:

deuterium; and

a methyl group, an ethyl group, an n-propyl group, an iso-propyl group, an n-butyl group, a sec-butyl group, an iso-butyl group, a tert-butyl group, an n-pentyl group, an iso-pentyl group, a 1-methylbutyl group, a 2-methylbutyl group, a neo-pentyl group, a 1,2-dimethylpropyl group, and a tert-pentyl group, each substituted with at least one deuterium.

9. The organometallic compound of claim 1, wherein

i) X_{19} is C(R_{19}), X_{20} is N, and at least one of R_{12} , R_{14} , and R_{19} is a deuterium-containing substituent;

ii) X_{19} is N, X_{20} is C(R_{20}), and at least one of R_{12} , R_{14} , and R_{20} is a deuterium-containing substituent; or

iii) X_{19} and X_{20} are each N, and at least one of R_{12} and R_{14} is a deuterium-containing substituent, and

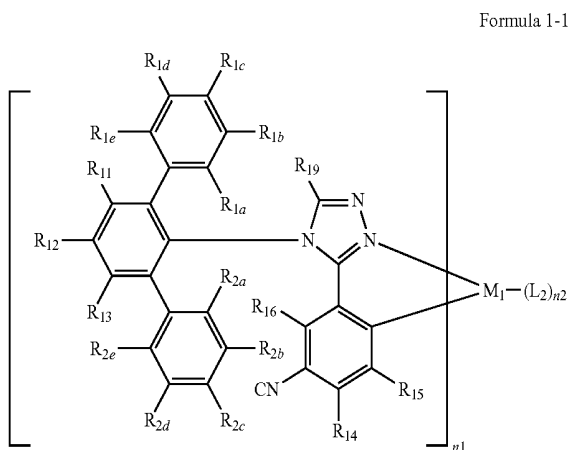
the deuterium-containing substituent is selected from:

deuterium; and

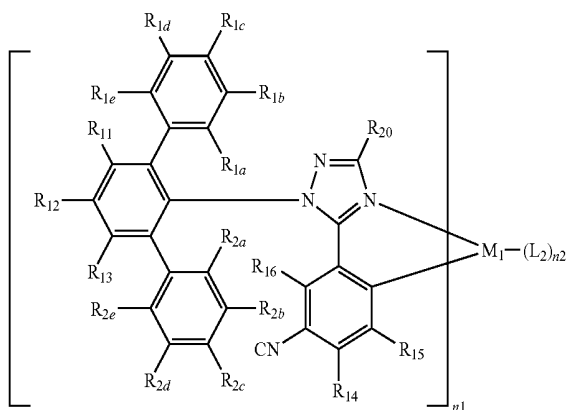
a methyl group, an ethyl group, an n-propyl group, an iso-propyl group, an n-butyl group, a sec-butyl group, an iso-butyl group, a tert-butyl group, an n-pentyl group, an iso-pentyl group, a 1-methylbutyl group, a 2-methylbutyl group, a neo-pentyl group, a 1,2-dimethylpropyl group, and a tert-pentyl group, each substituted with at least one deuterium.

10. The organometallic compound of claim 1, wherein

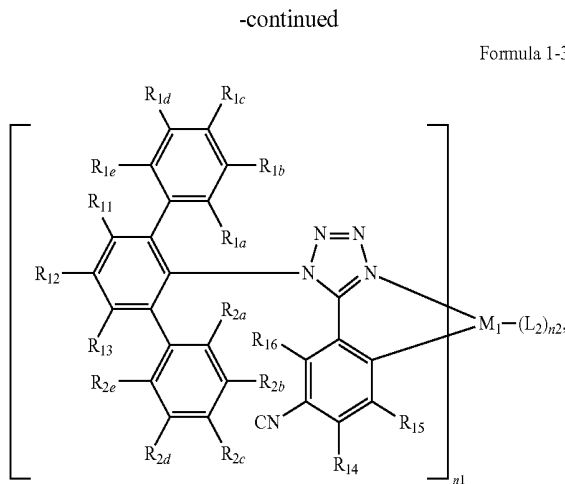
the organometallic compound is represented by one of Formulae 1-1 to 1-3:



Formula 1-1



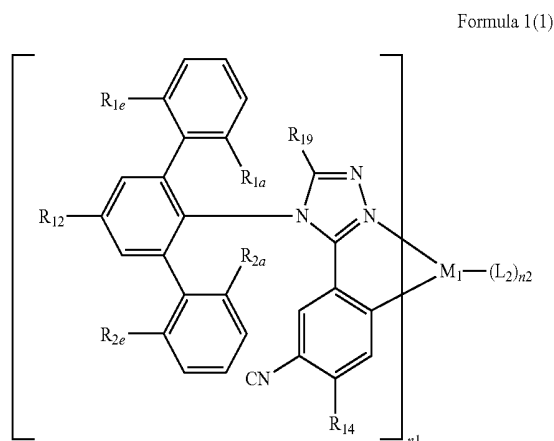
Formula 1-2



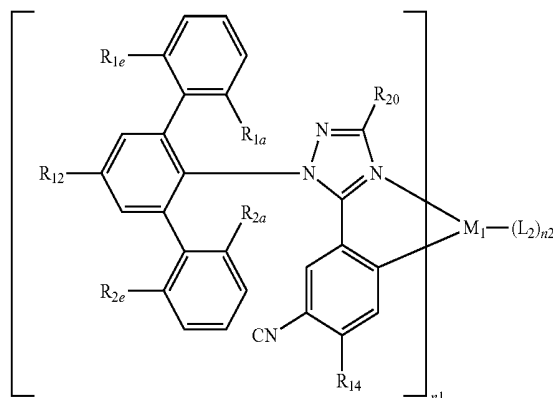
wherein, in Formulae 1-1 to 1-3, M_1 , n_1 , L_2 , n_2 , R_{11} to R_{16} , R_{19} , and R_{20} are each independently the same as described in claim 1, R_{1a} to R_{1e} are each independently the same as described in connection with R_1 in claim 1, and R_{2a} to R_{2e} are each independently the same as described in connection with R_2 in claim 1.

11. The organometallic compound of claim 1, wherein

the organometallic compound is represented by one of Formulae 1(1) to 1(3):



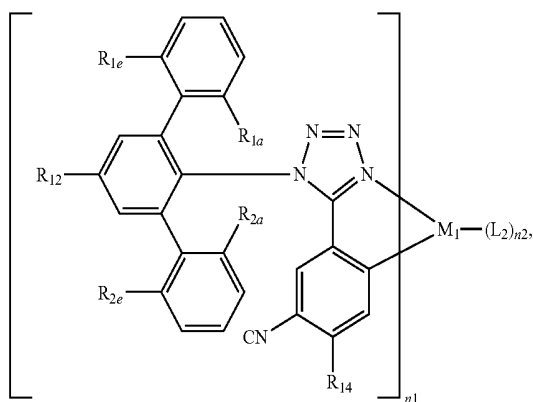
Formula 1(2)



Formula 1(3)

-continued

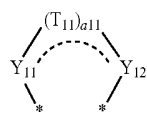
Formula 1(3)



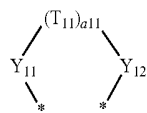
wherein, in Formulae 1(1) to 1(3), M_1 , n_1 , L_2 , n_2 , R_{12} to R_{14} , R_{19} , and R_{20} are each independently the same as described in claim 1, R_{1a} and R_{1e} are each independently the same as described in connection with R_1 in claim 1, and R_{2a} and R_{2e} are each independently the same as described in connection with R_2 in claim 1.

12. The organometallic compound of claim 1, wherein

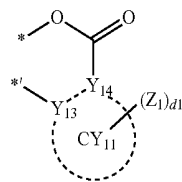
L_2 in Formula 1 is selected from ligands represented by Formulae 3A to 3F:



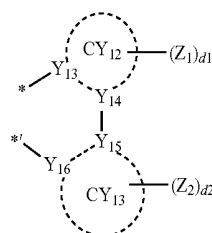
Formula 3A



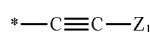
Formula 3B



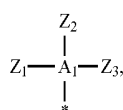
Formula 3C



Formula 3D



Formula 3E



Formula 3F

wherein, in Formulae 3A to 3F,

Y_{11} is selected from O, N, $N(Z_1)$, $P(Z_1)(Z_2)$, and $As(Z_1)(Z_2)$,

Y_{12} is selected from O, N, $N(Z_3)$, $P(Z_3)(Z_4)$, and $As(Z_3)(Z_4)$,

CY_{11} is a C_2 - C_{30} heterocyclic group,

T_{11} is selected from a single bond, a double bond, $*-C(Z_{11})(Z_{12})-*$, $*-C(Z_{11})=C(Z_{12})-*$, $*=C(Z_{11})(Z_{12})-*$, $*-C(Z_{11})-*$, $*=C(Z_{11})-C(Z_{12})=C(Z_{13})-*$, $*-C(Z_{11})=C(Z_{12})-C(Z_{13})=*$, $*-N(Z_{11})-*$, and a substituted or unsubstituted C_5 - C_{30} carbocyclic group,

a_{11} is an integer from 1 to 10,

Y_{13} to Y_{16} are each independently carbon (C) or nitrogen (N), Y_{13} and Y_{14} are linked via a single bond or a double bond, and Y_{15} and Y_{16} are linked via a single bond or a double bond,

CY_{12} and CY_{13} are each independently a C_5 - C_{30} carbocyclic group or a C_2 - C_{30} heterocyclic group,

A_1 is P or As,

Z_1 to Z_4 and Z_{11} to Z_{13} are each independently selected from hydrogen, deuterium, $-F$, $-Cl$, $-Br$, $-I$, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{60} alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{60} alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} alkoxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{60} aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{60} aryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_6 - C_{60} arylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_7 - C_{60} arylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_1 - C_{60} heteroarylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C_2 - C_{60} heteroarylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, $-N(Q_1)(Q_2)$, $-Si(Q_3)(Q_4)(Q_5)$, $-B(Q_6)(Q_7)$, and $-P(=O)(Q_8)(Q_9)$,

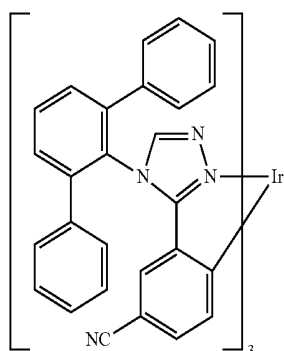
Q_1 to Q_9 are each independently selected from hydrogen, deuterium, $-F$, $-Cl$, $-Br$, $-I$, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C_1 - C_{60} alkyl group, a C_2 - C_{60} alkenyl group, a C_2 - C_{60} alkynyl group, a C_1 - C_{60} alkoxy group, a C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkyl group, a C_3 - C_{10} cycloalkenyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} heterocycloalkenyl group, a C_6 - C_{60} aryl group, a C_6 - C_{60} aryl group substituted with at least one selected from a C_1 - C_{60} alkyl group and a C_6 - C_{60} aryl group, a C_6 - C_{60} aryloxy group, a C_6 - C_{60} arylthio group, a C_7 - C_{60} arylalkyl group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryl group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroaryloxy group, a C_1 - C_{60} heteroarylthio group, a C_2 - C_{60} heteroarylalkyl group, a monovalent non-aro-

matic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group,

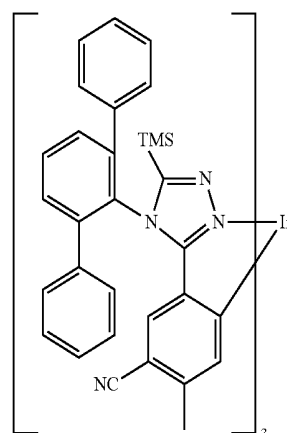
d1 and d2 are each independently an integer from 0 to 10, and

* and *' each indicate a binding site to M_1 in Formula 1.

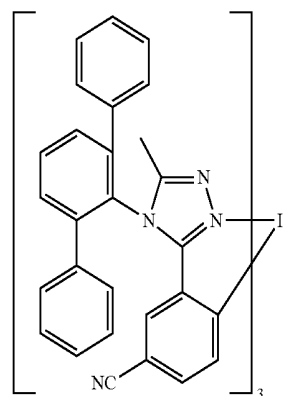
13. The organometallic compound of claim 1, wherein the organometallic compound is one of Compounds 1 to 10:



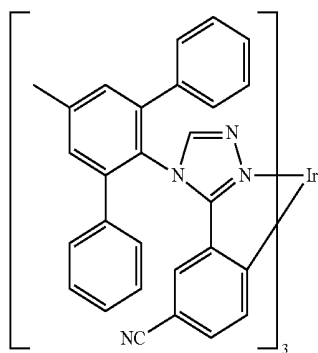
1



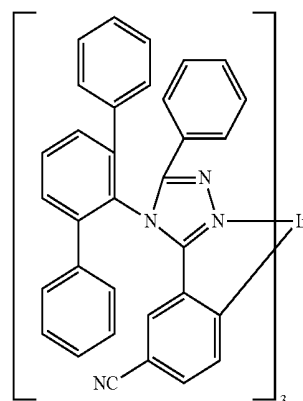
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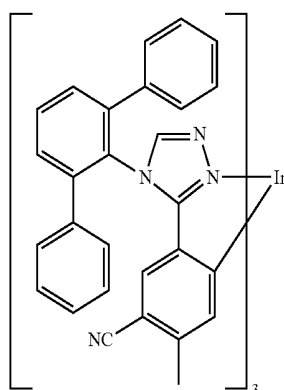
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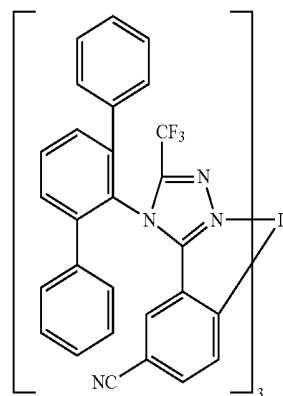
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6

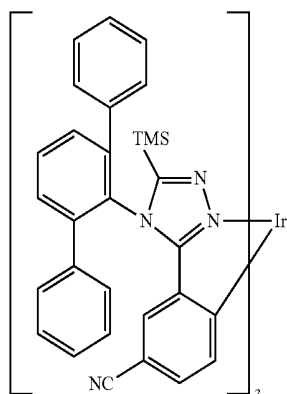


3

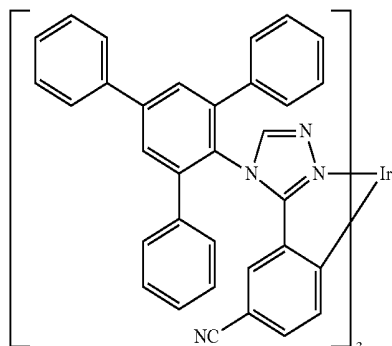


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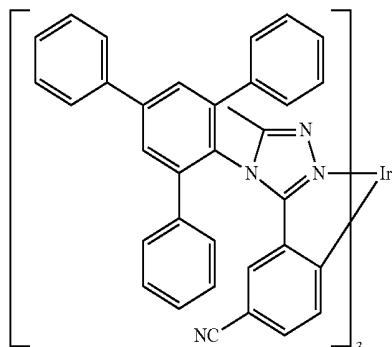
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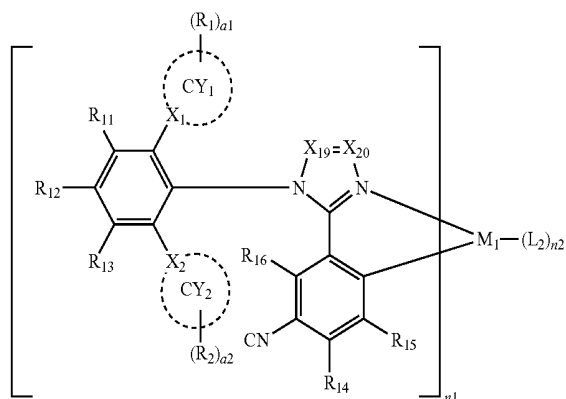
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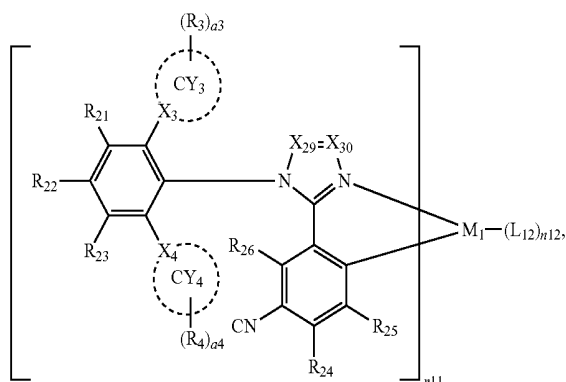
10

a second organometallic compound represented by Formula 2:

Formula 1



Formula 2



14. The organometallic compound of claim 1, wherein the organometallic compound has a natural population analysis (NPA) charge value of about 0.6 or less, and the NPA charge value is evaluated by a density functional theory (DFT) method using a Gaussian program that is structurally optimized at a level of B3LYP/6-31G(d,p).

15. The organometallic compound of claim 1, wherein the organometallic compound has an NPA charge value of about 0.4 to about 0.55, and

the NPA charge value is evaluated by a DFT method using a Gaussian program that is structurally optimized at a level of B3LYP/6-31G(d,p).

16. A composition containing an organometallic compound, the composition comprising:

a first organometallic compound represented by Formula 1 and comprising at least one deuterium; and

wherein, in Formulae 1 and 2,

M_1 and M_{11} are each independently selected from a first-row transition metal of the Periodic Table of Elements, a second-row transition metal of the Periodic Table of Elements, and a third-row transition metal of the Periodic Table of Elements,

n_1 and n_{11} are each independently 1, 2, or 3,

L_2 and L_{12} are each independently a monodentate ligand or a bidentate ligand,

n_2 and n_{12} are each independently 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4, wherein, when n_2 is two or more, two or more L_2 are identical to or different from each other, and when n_{12} is two or more, two or more groups L_{12} are identical to or different from each other,

X_1 to X_4 are each independently carbon or nitrogen,

CY_1 to CY_4 are each independently a C_5 - C_{30} carbocyclic group or a C_2 - C_{30} heterocyclic group,

X_{19} is N or C(R_{19}), and X_{20} is N or C(R_{20}), provided that at least one of X_{19} and X_{20} is N,

X_{29} is N or C(R_{29}), and X_{30} is N or C(R_{30}), provided that at least one of X_{29} and X_{30} is N,

R_1 , R_2 , R_{11} to R_{16} , R_{19} , and R_{20} are each independently selected from hydrogen, deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, —SF₅, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a substituted or

unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ alkoxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₇-C₆₀ arylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroarylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₆₀ heteroarylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, —N(Q₁)(Q₂), —Si(Q₃)(Q₄)(Q₅), —B(Q₆)(Q₇), and —P(=O)(Q₈)(Q₉), two or more neighboring groups selected from R₁, R₂, R₁₁ to R₁₃, CY₁, and CY₂ are optionally linked to form a substituted or unsubstituted C₅-C₃₀ carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₃₀ heterocyclic group,

a1 and a2 are each independently an integer from 0 to 5, i) X₁₉ is C(R₁₉), X₂₀ is N, and at least one of R₁, R₂, R₁₁ to R₁₆, and R₁₉ is a deuterium-containing substituent; ii) X₁₉ is N, X₂₀ is C(R₂₀), and at least one of R₁, R₂, R₁₁ to R₁₆, and R₂₀ is a deuterium-containing substituent; or iii) X₁₉ and X₂₀ are each N, and at least one of R₁, R₂, and R₁₁ to R₁₆ is a deuterium-containing substituent,

R₃, R₄, R₂₁ to R₂₆, R₂₉, and R₃₀ are each independently selected from hydrogen, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, —SF₅, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ alkoxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₇-C₆₀ arylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroarylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₆₀ heteroarylalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, —N(Q₁)(Q₂), —Si(Q₃)(Q₄)(Q₅), —B(Q₆)(Q₇), and —P(=O)(Q₈)(Q₉),

two or more neighboring groups selected from R₃, R₄, R₂₁ to R₂₃, CY₃, and CY₄ are optionally linked to form a

substituted or unsubstituted C₅-C₃₀ carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₃₀ heterocyclic group,

a3 and a4 are each independently an integer from 0 to 5, and

R₃, R₄, R₂₁ to R₂₆, R₂₉, and R₃₀ are each a deuterium-free substituent.

17. The composition of claim 16, wherein

a deuteration rate represented by Equation 2 is about 50% or more:

$$\text{deuteration rate (\%)} = n_{D2} / (n_{H2} + n_{D2}) \times 100, \quad \text{Equation 2}$$

wherein, in Equation 2,

n_{H2} represents the sum of a total number of hydrogens included in deuterium-containing substituents in the first organometallic compound and a total number of hydrogens included in a deuterium-free substituent of the second organometallic compound corresponding to the deuterium-containing substituent in the first organometallic compound, and

n_{D2} represents a total number of deuterium atoms included in the deuterium-containing substituents in the first organometallic compound.

18. An organic light-emitting device comprising:

a first electrode;

a second electrode; and

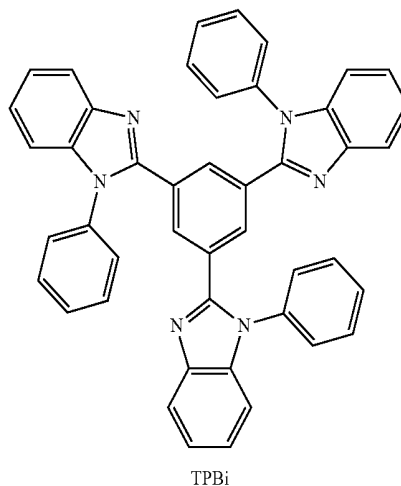
an organic layer disposed between the first electrode and the second electrode, wherein the organic layer comprises an emission layer,

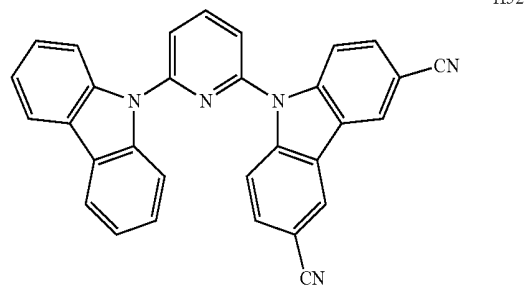
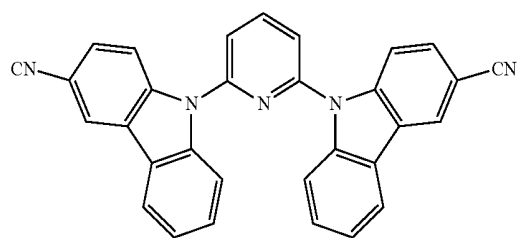
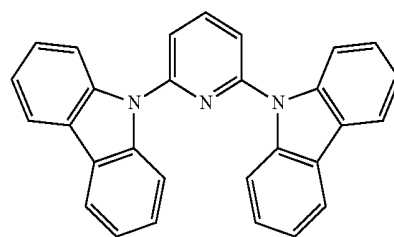
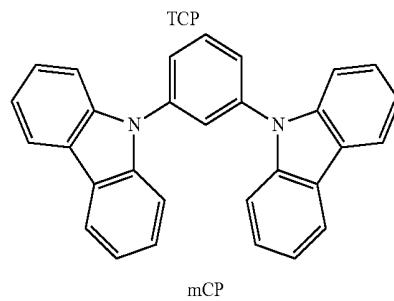
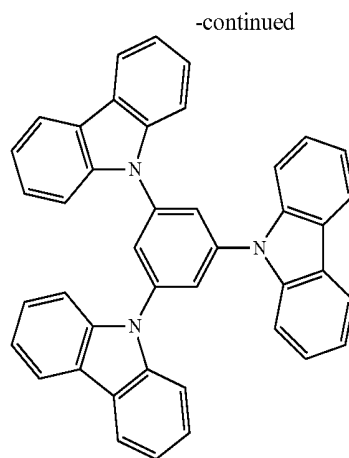
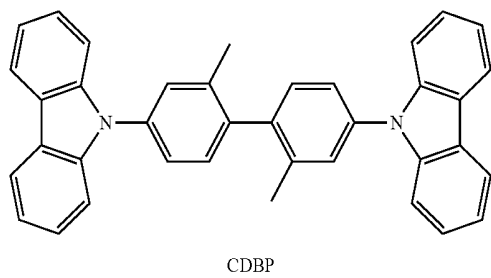
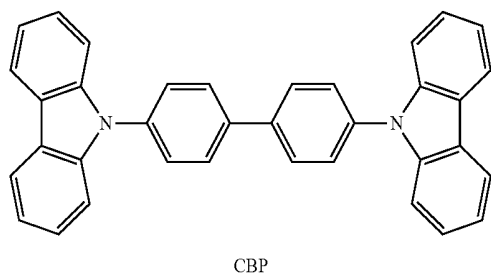
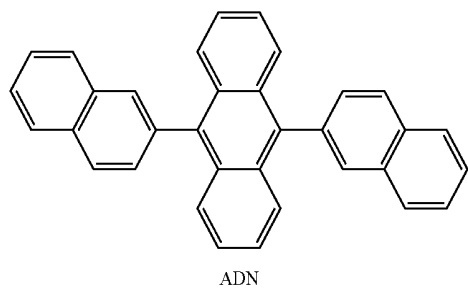
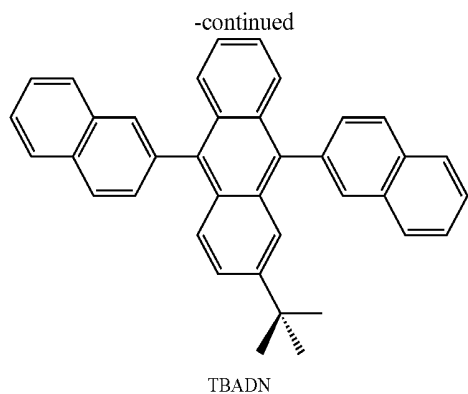
wherein the organic layer comprises at least one of the organometallic compound of claim 1.

19. The organic light-emitting device of claim 18, wherein the emission layer comprises the organometallic compound or the composition.

20. The organic light-emitting device of claim 19, wherein the emission layer further comprises a host.

21. The organic light-emitting device of claim 20, wherein the host is selected from the following compounds:





* * * * *

专利名称(译)	有机金属化合物，含有有机金属化合物的组合物和含有有机金属化合物的有机发光器件		
公开(公告)号	US20180261780A1	公开(公告)日	2018-09-13
申请号	US15/915131	申请日	2018-03-08
[标]申请(专利权)人(译)	三星电子株式会社		
申请(专利权)人(译)	SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO. , LTD. 三星SDI CO. , LTD.		
当前申请(专利权)人(译)	SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO. , LTD. 三星SDI CO. , LTD.		
[标]发明人	PARK SANGHO SOTOYAMA WATARU KIM WOOK KWON EUNSUK KIM SANGMO CHANG JAEJUN KRAVCHUK DMITRY BAE HYEJIN CHUNG YEONSOOK SON YOUNGMOK LEE NAMHEON CHWAE JUN KIM SUNGHAN		
发明人	PARK, SANGHO SOTOYAMA, WATARU KIM, WOOK KWON, EUNSUK KIM, SANGMO CHANG, JAEJUN KRAVCHUK, DMITRY BAE, HYEJIN CHUNG, YEONSOOK SON, YOUNGMOK LEE, NAMHEON CHWAE, JUN KIM, SUNGHAN		
IPC分类号	H01L51/00 C07F15/00 C09K11/06		
CPC分类号	H01L51/0085 C07F15/0033 C09K11/06 H01L51/0067 H01L51/0072 H01L51/5012 H01L51/001 H01L2251/308 H01L2251/558 H01L51/5088 H01L51/5206 H01L51/5096 H01L51/5072 H01L51/5092 H01L51/56 C09K2211/185 C09K2211/1059 H01L51/50		
优先权	1020170029608 2017-03-08 KR 1020180026443 2018-03-06 KR		
外部链接	Espacenet USPTO		

摘要(译)

由式1表示的有机金属化合物：其中，在式1中，基团和变量与说明书中描述的相同。

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